





## **TITLE V/STATE OPERATING PERMIT**

Issue Date:	August 14, 2019	Effective Date:	March 1, 2023	
Revision Date:	March 1, 2023	Expiration Date:	August 14, 2024	
Revision Type:	Amendment			

48-00005

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable applicable requirements unless otherwise designated as "State-Only" or "non-applicable" requirements.

#### TITLE V Permit No: 48-00005

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 94-2626215-1

	Owner Information
Name: HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC D	BA BUZZI UNICEM USA
Mailing Address: 501 HERCULES DR	
STOCKERTOWN, PA 18083-7009	9
	Plant Information
Plant: HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKER	TOWN
Location: 48 Northampton County	48930 Stockertown Borough
SIC Code: 3241 Manufacturing - Cement, Hydraulic	
	Responsible Official
Name: RADOSLAV SLAVOV	
Title: PLANT MANAGER	
Phone: (610) 746 - 6220	Email: radoslav.slavov@buzziunicemusa.com
P	ermit Contact Person
Name: KEITH E WILLIAMS	
Title: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER	
Phone: (610) 746 - 6289	Email: keith.williams@buzziunicemusa.com
[Signature]	
MARK J. WEJKSZNER, NORTHEAST REGION AIR P	ROGRAM MANAGER





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Source	e ID Source Name	Capacity	Throughput	Fuel/Material
039	WEIL-MCCLAIN BOILER	2.900	MMBTU/HR	
		32.000	Gal/HR	Propane
040	HB SMITH BOILER	2.900	MMBTU/HR	
		32.000	Gal/HR	Propane
102	NO. 1 CEMENT KILN SYSTEM/SNCR	10.000	Tons/HR	Bituminous
	-	20.000	Tons/HR	Coke
	-	62.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT CLINKER
	-	720.000	Gal/HR	#2 Oil
103	NO. 1 FINISH MILL SYSTEM	25.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
	-	56.000	Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
104	NO. 5 FINISH MILL SYSTEM	30.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
105	PACKING MACHINE NO. 1	75.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
106	PRIMARY CRUSHER SYSTEM	750.000	Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
107	SECONDARY CRUSHER SYSTEM	750.000	Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
108	SILO 2 STOCKHOUSE FILLING	112.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
110	SOUTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR	101.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
111	NORTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR	75.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
113	NO. 1 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM	62.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
114	BLENDING BINS AND SILOS SYSTEM	275.000	Tons/HR	RAW MATERIAL
116	RAIL LOADOUT	300.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
117	#1 PREHEATER RAW FEED AIRSLIDES	250.000	Tons/HR	BLENDED RAW MATL
118	EAST RAW FEED SILO	275.000	Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
119	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING	112.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
120	SILO 4 STOCKHOUSE FILLING	120.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
121	SILO 3 STOCKHOUSE FILLING	150.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
122	NO. 3 PREHEATER PRECALCINER & CEMENT KILN	10.000	Tons/HR	Bituminous
	SYSTEMSNCR	20.000	Tons/HR	Coke
	-	720.000	Gal/HR	#2 Oil
	-	98.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT CLINKER
123	NO. 2 FINISH MILL SYSTEM	56.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
	-	56.000	Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
124	NO. 3 FINISH MILL SYSTEM	56.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
	-	56.000	Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
125	NO. 3 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM	98.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
126	WEST RAW FEED SILO	275.000	Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
127	NO. 6 FINISH MILL SYSTEM	30.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
128	NO. 7 FINISH MILL SYSTEM	30.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
129	NO. 4 FINISH MILL SYSTEM	35.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
130	PACKING MACHINE 2	75.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
131	PACKING MACHINE 3	75.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
132	PACKING MACHINE 4	75.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT





Source	D Source Name	Capacity/	Throughput	Fuel/Material
133	PACKING MACHINE 5	75.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
136	QUAD BIN TOP; FED BY #3 & #4 SILOS & RAIL	150.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
137	SILO 2 QUAD BIN TRUCK LD	150.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
139	SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT A	300.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
140	SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT B	300.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
141	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING	200.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
142	HORIZONTAL CLINKER BELT	160.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
143	SOUTH FINISH DRAG CONVEYOR	160.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
144	"B" CLINK. STACKING TOWER	160.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
145	"C" CLINK. STACKING TOWER	160.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
146	MAGALDI CLINKER CONVEYOR BOTTOM	160.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
147	MAGALDI TOP	160.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER
148	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE STORAGE TANK	30.000	Tons/HR	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE
149	RAW PROPORTIONING BIN SYSTEM	250.000	Tons/HR	RAW MATERIALS
150	SILO 1 LOADOUT SOUTH	300.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT
151	QUARRY OPERATIONS	300.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT ROCK
152	DOME STONE STORAGE SYSTEM	300.000	Tons/HR	CEMENT ROCK
153	HEGA / FRINGE BIN	25.000	Tons/HR	CLINKER DUST
154	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #1 SYSTEM	9.000	Tons/HR	COAL/COKE
155	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #2 SYSTEM	9.000	Tons/HR	COAL/COKE
156	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #3 SYSTEM	9.000	Tons/HR	COAL/COKE
157	MATERIALS STOCK PILES	300.000	Tons/HR	VARIOUS RAW MATERIAL
158	IN-PLANT HAUL ROADS			
159	NORTH FINISH PROPORTIONING TUNNEL			
160	NO. 4 MILL PROPORTIONING TUNNEL			
161	SOUTH CLINKER PROPORTIONING TUNNEL			
162	PACKHOUSE FEED SYSTEM			
163	COAL PUMPS (3)			
173	COAL BIN			
C10	#3 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM BAGHOUSE			
C11	#3 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM BAGHOUSE			
C12	#1 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM BAGHOUSE			
C13	QUARRY DRILLING BAGHOUSE			
C14	PRIMARY CRUSHER SYSTEM BAGHOUSE			
C15	SECONDARY CRUSHING SYSTEM BAGHOUSE			
C16	BLENDING BIN AND SILO SYSTEM BAGHOUSE			
C163	BAGHOUSE - COAL PUMP			
C173	COAL BIN BAGHOUSE			
C18	RAIL LOADOUT BAGHOUSE			
C19	#1 PREHEATER RAW FEED AIRSLIDES BAGHOUSE			





Source	ID Source Name	Capacity/Throughput	Fuel/Material
C20	EAST & WEST RAW FEED SILOS BAGHOUSE		
C21	FINISH MILL 1 SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		
C22	FINISH MILL 2 SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		
C23	FINISH MILL 3 SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		
C24	FINISH MILL 4 SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		
C25	PACK. MACHINE 1 BAGHOUSE		
C26	PACK. MACHINE 2 BAGHOUSE		
C27	PACK. MACHINE 3 BAGHOUSE		
C28	PACK. MACHINE 4 BAGHOUSE		
C29	PACK. MACHINE 5 BAGHOUSE		
C32	BLND. RAW MATL. BAGHOUSE		
C33	BLND. RAW MATL. BAGHOUSE		
C34	SILO 4 STOCKHOUSE TOP BAGHOUSE		
C35	SILO 3 STOCKHOUSE BOTTOM BAGHOUSE		
C36	SILO 3 STOCKHOUSE BAGHOUSE		
C37	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING BAGHOUSE		
C38	SILO 1 TRK LD A BAGHOUSE		
C39	SILO 1 TRK LD B BAGHOUSE		
C40	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING BAGHOUSE		
C41	PACKHOUSE FEED SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		
C42	SILO 2 STOCKHOUSE FILLING BAGHOUSE		
C43	QUAD BIN TOP; FED BY #3 & #4 SILOS & RAIL BAGHOUSE		
C44	QUAD BIN TRK LD BAGHOUSE		
C45	SOUTH FINISH PROP ELEVATOR BAGHOUSE		
C46	CLINKER HORIZONTAL BELT & MAGALDI TOP BAGHOUSE		
C47	S. FINISH DRAG CONV. 'B' CLKR.STACKING TWR. BAGHOUSE		
C48	DCE VOKES BAGHOUSE		
C49	DCE VOKES BAGHOUSE		
C50	MAGALDI CLINKER CONVEYOR (BOTTOM)		
C51	MAGALDI		
C52	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE STORAGE TANK BAGHOUSE		
C53	RAW PROPORTIONING BINS SYSTEMS BAGHOUSE		
C54	SILO 1 LOADOUT SOUTH BAGHOUSE		
C55	HEGA/FRINGE BIN BAGHOUSE		
C56	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #1 BAGHOUSE		
C57	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #2 BAGHOUSE		
C58	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #3 BAGHOUSE		
C59	MAIN BAGHOUSE		
C60	FINISH MILL #5 SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		





Source	ID Source Name	Capacity/Throughput	Fuel/Material
C61	SOUTH CLINKER PROP TUNNEL BAGHOUSE		
C62	SILO #4 STOCKHOUSE SOUTH WITH. BAGHOUSE		
C63	SILO #4 STOCKHOUSE NORTH WITH. BAGHOUSE		
C64	#6 FINISH MILL SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		
C65	#7 FINISH MILL SYSTEM BAGHOUSE		
C66	NORTH FINISH PROP. ELEVATOR BAGHOUSE		
C67	SILO #2 STOCKHOUSE WITH. BAGHOUSE		
C68	NORTH FINISH PROP. TUNNEL BAGHOUSE		
C69	#4 MILL PROPORTIONING TUNNEL BAGHOUSE		
C70	WATER SPRAY DUST SUPPRESSION		
C71	BAGHOUSE - COAL PUMP		
C72	NO. 3 KILN SNCR		
C74	NO. 1 KILN SNCR		
C75	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE CONTROL FOR SO2 & HCL		
FML01	ANTHRACITE COAL AND CULM		
FML02	LOW SULFUR FUEL (PROPANE OR NATURAL GAS)		
FML03	TIRE-DERIVED FUEL		
FML05	SWITCHGRASS		
FML06	GREEN FUEL		
FML07	BITUMINOUS COAL		
FML42	FOSSIL FUEL STORAGE PILES & BINS		
FML43	STORAGE PILE & BINS		
S02	HB SMITH & WEIL-MCCLAIN BOILERS STACK		
S03	MAIN KILN SYSTEMS STACK		
S04	NO. 1 FINISH MILL SYSTEM STACK		
S05	NO. 2 FINISH MILL SYSTEM STACK		
S06	NO.3 FINISH MILL SYSTEM STACK		
S09	NO. 1 & 3 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEMS STACK		
S11	PRIMARY CRUSHER SYSTEM STACK		
S12	SECONDARY CRUSHER SYSTEM STACK		
S13	BLENDING BINS & SILOS SYSTEM STACK		
S14	RAIL LOADOUT STACK		
S16	#1 PREHEATER RAW FEED AIRSLIDES STACK		
S17	NO.1 & NO. 2 RAW FEED SILOS STACK		
S173	COAL BIN STACK		
S18	NO. 5 FINISH MILL SYSTEM STACK		
S19	NO. 6 FINISH MILL SYSTEM STACK		
S20	NO. 7 FINISH MILL SYSTEM STACK		
S21	NO. 4 FINISH MILL SYSTEM STACK		
S23	PACKING MACHINE #2 STACK		



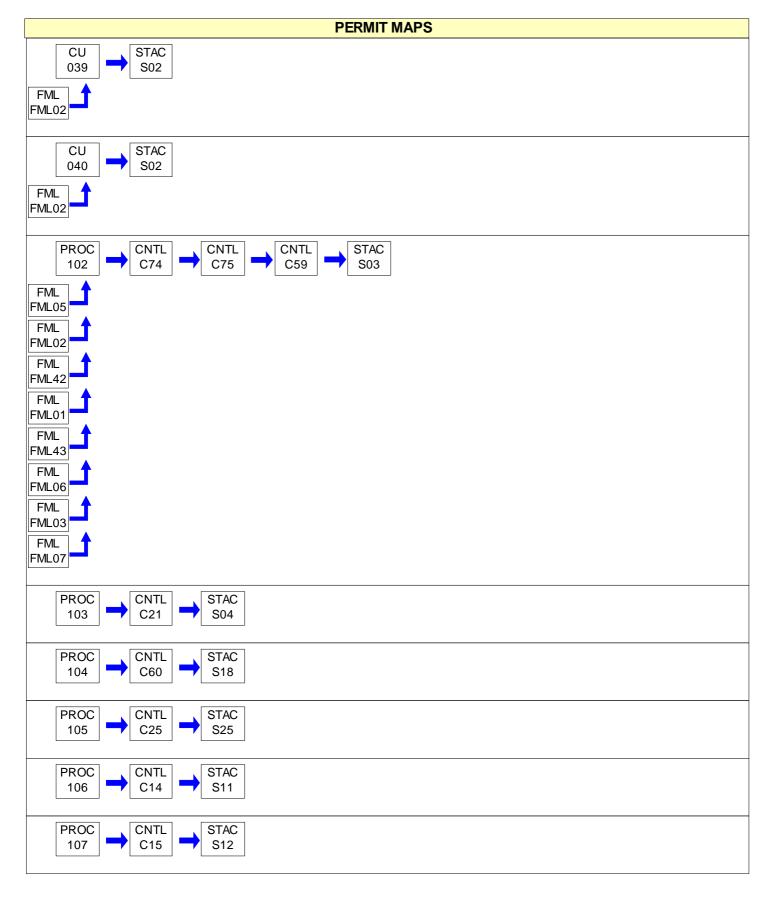


Source II	O Source Name	Capacity/Throughput	Fuel/Material
S24	PACKING MACHINE #3 STACK		
S25	PACKING MACHINE #4 STACK		
S26	PACKING MACHINE NO. 5 STACK		
S29	NORTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR STACK		
S31	SILO 4 STOCKHOUSE FILLING STACK		
S32	SILO 3 STOCKHOUSE FILLING STACK		
S34	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING STACK		
S35	SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT A STACK		
S36	SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT B STACK		
S37	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING STACK		
S39	SILO 2 STOCKHOUSE FILLING STACK		
S40	QUAD BIN TOP; FED BY #3 & #4 SILOS & RAIL STACK		
S41	PACKHOUSE FEED SYSTEM STACK		
S42	SOUTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR &		
S43	DRAG CONVEYOR STACK HORIZONTAL CLINKER BELT & MAGALDI TOP STACK		
S44	S. FINISH DRAG CONV. & "B" CLKR. STACKING TWR. STACK		
S47	MAGALDI CLINKER CONVEYOR BOTTOM STACK		
S49	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE STORAGE TANK STACK		
S50	RAW PROPORTIONING BIN SYSTEM STACK		
S51	SILO 1 LOADOUT SOUTH DC		
S52	HEGA/FRINGE BIN STACK		
S53	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL #1 SYSTEM STACK		
S55	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL #2 SYSTEM STACK		
S56	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL #3 SYSTEM STACK		
S57	STACK - COAL PUMPS (3)		
S61	SOUTH TUNNEL DUST COLLECTOR STACK		
S68	NORTH TUNNEL DUST COLLECTOR STACK		
S69	#4 FM TUNNEL DUST COLLECTOR STACK		
Z01	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS - QUARRY OPERATIONS		
Z02	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS - DOME STONE STORAGE SYSTEM		
Z03	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS - MATERIAL STOCK PILES		
Z04	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS - IN-PLANT ROADS		
Z05	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS - 'C' CLINK. STACKING TOWER		

# PERMIT MAPS

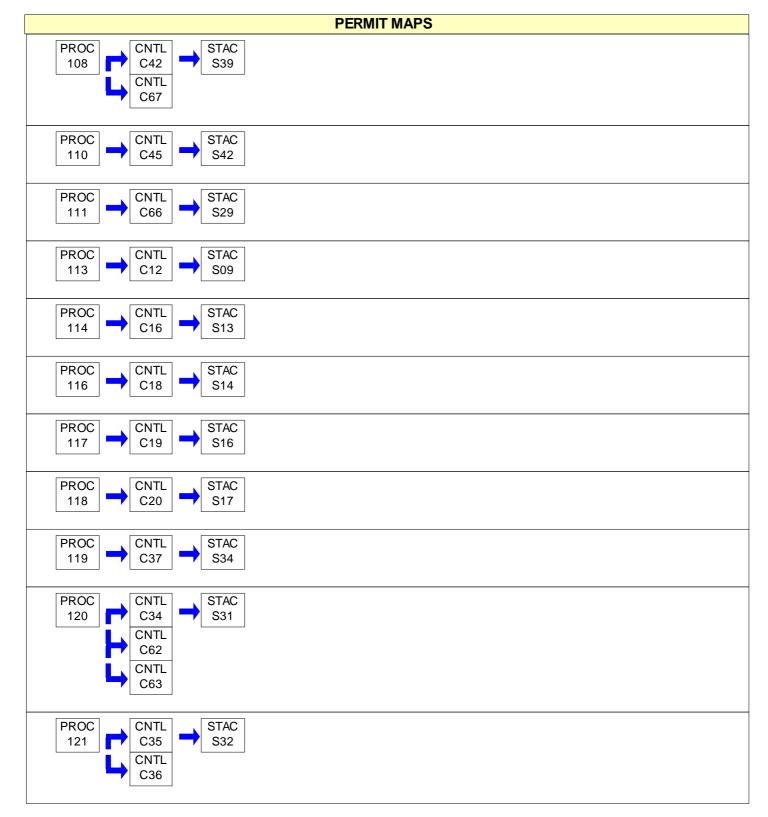
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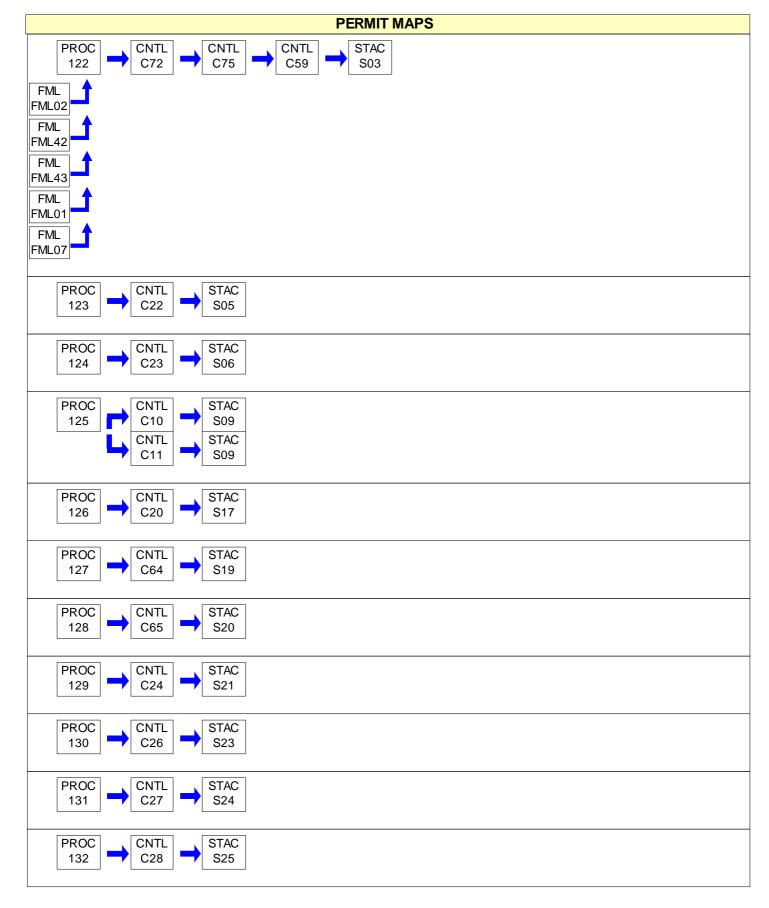






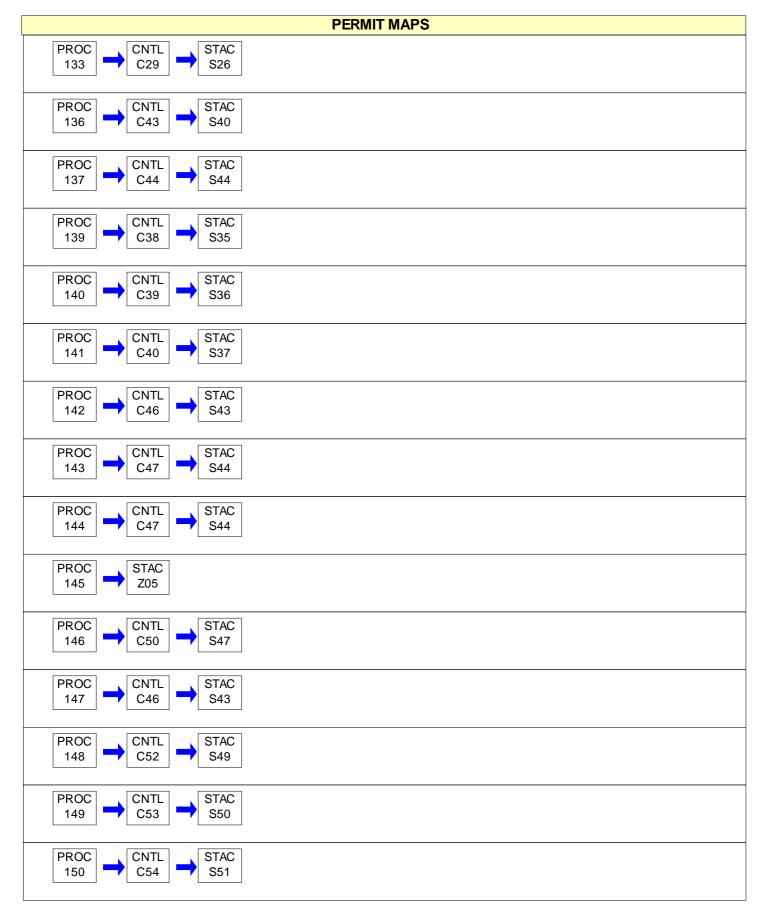






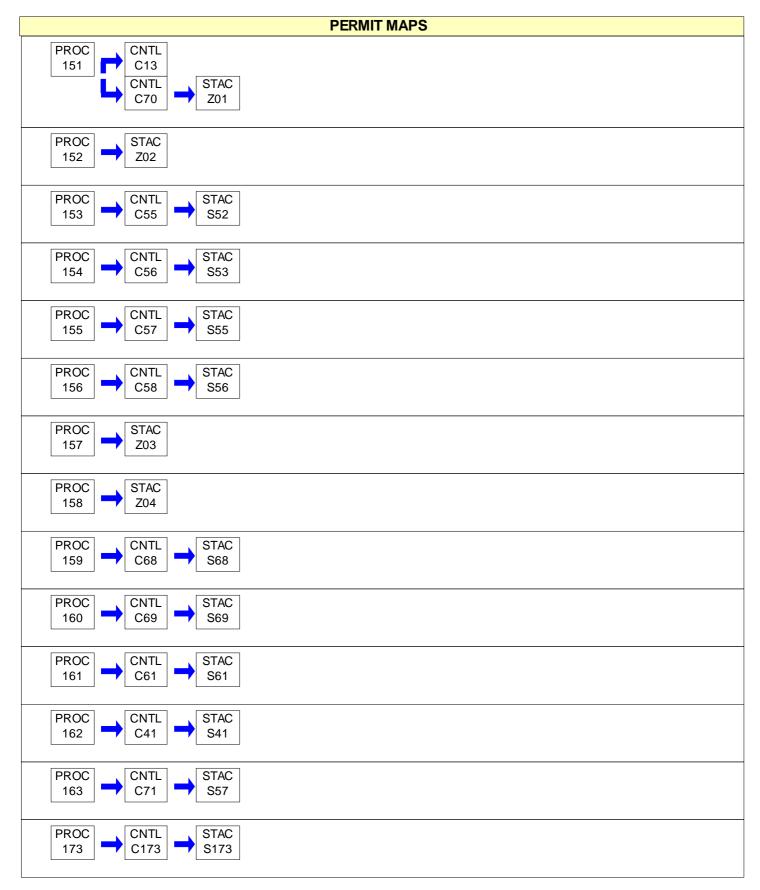
















#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]
Definitions
Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.
#002 [25 Pa. Code § 121.7]
Prohibition of Air Pollution
No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the act.
#003 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(4)]
Property Rights This permit does not convey property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.
#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446(a) and (c)]
Permit Expiration
This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit. The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new Title V permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.
#005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446(e), 127.503 & 127.704(b)]
Permit Renewal
(a) An application for the renewal of the Title V permit shall be submitted to the Department at least six (6) months, and not more than 18 months, before the expiration date of this permit. The renewal application is timely if a complete application is submitted to the Department's Regional Air Manager within the timeframe specified in this permit condition.
(b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, the appropriate permit renewal fee, a description of any permit revisions and off-permit changes that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and submitted with the fee form to the respective regional office.
(c) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413. The application for renewal of the Title V permit shall also include submission of compliance review forms which have been used by the permittee to update information submitted in accordance with either 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) or § 127.412(j).
(d) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information during the permit renewal process. The permittee shall also promptly provide additional information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the date a complete renewal application was submitted but prior to release of a draft permit.
#006 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450(a)(4) & 127.464(a)]
Transfer of Ownership or Operational Control         (a) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership or operational control of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if:
(1) The Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary;
(2) A written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee; and,
(3) A compliance review form has been submitted to the Department and the permit transfer has been approved by





#### the Department.

(b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.464(a), this permit may not be transferred to another person except in cases of transfer-of-ownership which are documented and approved to the satisfaction of the Department.

#### #007 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513, 35 P.S. § 4008 and § 114 of the CAA]

#### Inspection and Entry

(a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law for inspection and entry purposes, the permittee shall allow the Department of Environmental Protection or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:

(1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;

(2) Have access to and copy or remove, at reasonable times, records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;

(3) Inspect at reasonable times, facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;

(4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.

(b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act.

(c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

# #008 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.25, 127.444, & 127.512(c)(1)]

#### **Compliance Requirements**

(a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one (1) or more of the following:

- (1) Enforcement action
- (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
- (3) Denial of a permit renewal application

(b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source, which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III, unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued to the source are operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.

(c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this Title V permit.

## #009 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(2)]

#### Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.





#010	[25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d) & 127.512(c)(5)]
Duty to Prov	vide Information
re	) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, information that the Department may quest in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or determine compliance with the permit.
ke	) Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to sep by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the Iministrator of EPA along with a claim of confidentiality.
#011	[25 Pa. Code §§ 127.463, 127.512(c)(3) & 127.542]
Reopening a	and Revising the Title V Permit for Cause
re	) This Title V permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued or terminated for cause. The filing of a quest by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of anned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay a permit condition.
	) This permit may be reopened, revised and reissued prior to expiration of the permit under one or more of the Ilowing circumstances:
Ti D <sup>i</sup> ap	(1) Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act or the Air Pollution Control Act become applicable to a the V facility with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years prior to the expiration date of this permit. The epartment will revise the permit as expeditiously as practicable but not later than 18 months after promulgation of the oplicable standards or regulations. No such revision is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than expiration date of this permit, unless the original permit or its terms and conditions has been extended.
	(2) Additional requirements, including excess emissions requirements, become applicable to an affected source oder the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator of EPA, excess emissions offset plans for an affected burce shall be incorporated into the permit.
W	(3) The Department or the EPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or inaccurate statements ere made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of this permit.
СС	(4) The Department or the Administrator of EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure Impliance with the applicable requirements.
af	) Proceedings to revise this permit shall follow the same procedures which apply to initial permit issuance and shall fect only those parts of this permit for which cause to revise exists. The revision shall be made as expeditiously as acticable.
st	) Regardless of whether a revision is made in accordance with (b)(1) above, the permittee shall meet the applicable andards or regulations promulgated under the Clean Air Act within the time frame required by standards or gulations.
#012	[25 Pa. Code § 127.543]
Reopening a	a Title V Permit for Cause by EPA
	s required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, this permit may be modified, reopened and
	issued, revoked or terminated for cause by EPA in accordance with procedures specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.543.
	[25 Pa. Code § 127.522(a)]
Tr pl	ermit Application Review by the EPA ne applicant may be required by the Department to provide a copy of the permit application, including the compliance an, directly to the Administrator of the EPA. Copies of title V permit applications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code 127.522(a), shall be submitted, if required, to the following EPA e-mail box:
R	3_Air_Apps_and_Notices@epa.gov
	ease place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].
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# #014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.541] **Significant Operating Permit Modifications** When permit modifications during the term of this permit do not qualify as minor permit modifications or administrative amendments, the permittee shall submit an application for significant Title V permit modifications in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.541. Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box: R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name]. #015 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.1 & 127.462] **Minor Operating Permit Modifications** The permittee may make minor operating permit modifications (as defined in 25 Pa. Code §121.1), on an expedited basis, in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications). Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.462(c), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box: R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name]. #016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.450] **Administrative Operating Permit Amendments** (a) The permittee may request administrative operating permit amendments, as defined in 25 Pa. Code §127.450(a). Copies of request for administrative permit amendment to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.450(c)(1), if required, shall be submitted to the following EPA e-mail box: R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name]. (b) Upon final action by the Department granting a request for an administrative operating permit amendment covered under §127.450(a)(5), the permit shield provisions in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall apply to administrative permit amendments incorporated in this Title V Permit in accordance with §127.450(c), unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder. [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(b)] #017 **Severability Clause** The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by the Environmental Hearing Board or a court of competent jurisdiction, or US EPA to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit. #018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.704, 127.705 & 127.707] **Fee Payment** (a) The permittee shall pay fees to the Department in accordance with the applicable fee schedules in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I (relating to plan approval and operating permit fees). The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office. (b) Emission Fees. The permittee shall, on or before September 1st of each year, pay applicable annual Title V emission fees for emissions occurring in the previous calendar year as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705. The permittee is not required to pay an emission fee for emissions of more than 4,000 tons of each regulated pollutant emitted from the facility. (c) As used in this permit condition, the term "regulated pollutant" is defined as a VOC, each pollutant regulated under Sections 111 and 112 of the Clean Air Act and each pollutant for which a National Ambient Air Quality Standard has

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been promulgated, except that carbon monoxide is excluded.





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(d) Late Payment. Late payment of emission fees will subject the permittee to the penalties prescribed in 25 Pa. Code § 127.707 and may result in the suspension or termination of the Title V permit. The permittee shall pay a penalty of fifty percent (50%) of the fee amount, plus interest on the fee amount computed in accordance with 26 U.S.C.A. § 6621(a)(2) from the date the emission fee should have been paid in accordance with the time frame specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705(c).

(e) The permittee shall pay an annual operating permit maintenance fee according to the following fee schedule established in 25 Pa. Code § 127.704(d) on or before December 31 of each year for the next calendar year.

(1) Eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for calendar years 2021-2025.

(2) Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for calendar years 2026-2030.

(3) Twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.

#### #019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14(b) & 127.449]

#### Authorization for De Minimis Emission Increases

(a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases from a new or existing source in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14 and 127.449 without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification. The permittee shall provide the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase that would result from either: (1) a physical change of minor significance under § 127.14(c)(1); or (2) the construction, installation, modification or reactivation of an air contamination source. The written notice shall:

(1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.

(2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.

The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.

(b) Except as provided below in (c) and (d) of this permit condition, the permittee is authorized during the term of this permit to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:

(1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.

(2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.

(3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.

(4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.

(5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.

(c) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee may install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval:

(1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.

(2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.





(3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility, liquefied petroleum gas or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.

(4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.

(5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.

(6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.

(d) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:

(1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (b)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.

(2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.

(3) Violate any applicable requirement of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.

(4) Changes which are modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act and emission increases which would exceed the allowable emissions level (expressed as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions) under the Title V permit.

(e) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder, the permit shield described in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall extend to the changes made under 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases).

(f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.

(g) Except for de minimis emission increases allowed under this permit, 25 Pa. Code § 127.449, or sources and physical changes meeting the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.14, the permittee is prohibited from making physical changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.

(h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

## #020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a & 127.215]

#### **Reactivation of Sources**

(a) The permittee may reactivate a source at the facility that has been out of operation or production for at least one year, but less than or equal to five (5) years, if the source is reactivated in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a and 127.215. The reactivated source will not be considered a new source.

(b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

## #021 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.9 & 127.216]

**Circumvention** 

(a) The owner of this Title V facility, or any other person, may not circumvent the new source review requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E by causing or allowing a pattern of ownership or development, including the





phasing, staging, delaying or engaging in incremental construction, over a geographic area of a facility which, except for the pattern of ownership or development, would otherwise require a permit or submission of a plan approval application.

(b) No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

# #022 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.513(1)]

#### Submissions

(a) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager PA Department of Environmental Protection (At the address given on the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

(b) Any report or notification for the EPA Administrator or EPA Region III should be addressed to:

Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division Air, RCRA and Toxics Branch (3ED21) Four Penn Center 1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard Philadelphia, PA 19103-2852

The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov.

(c) An application, form, report or compliance certification submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy, and completeness as required under 25 Pa. Code § 127.402(d). Unless otherwise required by the Clean Air Act or regulations adopted thereunder, this certification and any other certification required pursuant to this permit shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

## #023 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 127.463(e); Chapter 139; & 114(a)(3), 504(b) of the CAA]

## Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures

(a) The permittee shall perform the emissions monitoring and analysis procedures or test methods for applicable requirements of this Title V permit. In addition to the sampling, testing and monitoring procedures specified in this permit, the Permittee shall comply with any additional applicable requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.

(b) The sampling, testing and monitoring required under the applicable requirements of this permit, shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act (including \$ 114(a)(3) and 504(b)) and regulations adopted thereunder.

## #024 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513]

#### **Compliance Certification**

(a) One year after the date of issuance of the Title V permit, and each year thereafter, unless specified elsewhere in the permit, the permittee shall submit to the Department and EPA Region III a certificate of compliance with the terms and conditions in this permit, for the previous year, including the emission limitations, standards or work practices. This certification shall include:

(1) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification.

- (2) The compliance status.
- (3) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period.
- (4) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent.

(b) The compliance certification shall be postmarked or hand-delivered no later than thirty days after each anniversary of





the date of issuance of this Title V Operating Permit, or on the submittal date specified elsewhere in the permit, to the Department in accordance with the submission requirements specified in Section B, Condition #022 of this permit. The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov.

	The fitte v compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3_APD_Permits@epa.gov.
#025	[25 Pa. Code §§ 127.511 & Chapter 135]
Recordk	ceeping Requirements
	(a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, records of required monitoring information that include the following:
	(1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
	(2) The dates the analyses were performed.
	(3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
	(4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
	(5) The results of the analyses.
	(6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
	(b) The permittee shall retain records of the required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
	(c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.
#026	[25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d), 127.442, 127.463(e) & 127.511(c)]
Reportin	ng Requirements
	(a) The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for the applicable requirements specified in this Title V permit. In addition to the reporting requirements specified herein, the permittee shall comply with any additional applicable reporting requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.
	(b) Pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 127.511(c), the permittee shall submit reports of required monitoring at least every six (6) months unless otherwise specified in this permit. Instances of deviations (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) from permit requirements shall be clearly identified in the reports. The reporting of deviations shall include the probable cause of the deviations and corrective actions or preventative measures taken, except that sources with continuous emission monitoring systems shall report according to the protocol established and approved by the Department for the source. The required reports shall be certified by a responsible official.
	(c) Every report submitted to the Department under this permit condition shall comply with the submission procedures specified in Section B, Condition #022(c) of this permit.
	(d) Any records, reports or information obtained by the Department or referred to in a public hearing shall be made available to the public by the Department except for such records, reports or information for which the permittee has shown cause that the documents should be considered confidential and protected from disclosure to the public under Section 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and consistent with Sections 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act and 25 Pa. Code § 127.411(d). The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the Title V facility.





## #027 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

#### **Operational Flexibility**

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the Title V facility in accordance with the following provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements of Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act and Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)
- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit amendments)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and operating permits)

## #028 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(d), 127.512(i) and 40 CFR Part 68]

#### **Risk Management**

(a) If required by Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, the permittee shall develop and implement an accidental release program consistent with requirements of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 (relating to chemical accident prevention provisions) and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act (P.L. 106-40).

(b) The permittee shall prepare and implement a Risk Management Plan (RMP) which meets the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act when a regulated substance listed in 40 CFR § 68.130 is present in a process in more than the listed threshold quantity at the Title V facility. The permittee shall submit the RMP to the federal Environmental Protection Agency according to the following schedule and requirements:

(1) The permittee shall submit the first RMP to a central point specified by EPA no later than the latest of the following:

- (i) Three years after the date on which a regulated substance is first listed under § 68.130; or,
- (ii) The date on which a regulated substance is first present above a threshold quantity in a process.

(2) The permittee shall submit any additional relevant information requested by the Department or EPA concerning the RMP and shall make subsequent submissions of RMPs in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.190.

(3) The permittee shall certify that the RMP is accurate and complete in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including a checklist addressing the required elements of a complete RMP.

(c) As used in this permit condition, the term "process" shall be as defined in 40 CFR § 68.3. The term "process" means any activity involving a regulated substance including any use, storage, manufacturing, handling, or on-site movement of such substances or any combination of these activities. For purposes of this definition, any group of vessels that are interconnected, or separate vessels that are located such that a regulated substance could be involved in a potential release, shall be considered a single process.

(d) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, as part of the certification required under this permit, the permittee shall:

(1) Submit a compliance schedule for satisfying the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date specified in 40 CFR § 68.10(a); or,

(2) Certify that the Title V facility is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 including the registration and submission of the RMP.





(e) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, the permittee shall maintain records supporting the implementation of an accidental release program for five (5) years in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.200.

(f) When the Title V facility is subject to the accidental release program requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR Part 68, appropriate enforcement action will be taken by the Department if:

(1) The permittee fails to register and submit the RMP or a revised plan pursuant to 40 CFR Part 68.

(2) The permittee fails to submit a compliance schedule or include a statement in the compliance certification required under Section B, Condition #026 of this permit that the Title V facility is in compliance with the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68, and 25 Pa. Code § 127.512(i).

#### #029 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(e)]

#### Approved Economic Incentives and Emission Trading Programs

No permit revision shall be required under approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this Title V permit.

#### #030 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.516, 127.450(d), 127.449(f) & 127.462(g)]

#### **Permit Shield**

(a) The permittee's compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed in compliance with applicable requirements (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) as of the date of permit issuance if either of the following applies:

(1) The applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in this permit.

(2) The Department specifically identifies in the permit other requirements that are not applicable to the permitted facility or source.

(b) Nothing in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 or the Title V permit shall alter or affect the following:

(1) The provisions of Section 303 of the Clean Air Act, including the authority of the Administrator of the EPA provided thereunder.

(2) The liability of the permittee for a violation of an applicable requirement prior to the time of permit issuance.

- (3) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Clean Air Act.
- (4) The ability of the EPA to obtain information from the permittee under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.

(c) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or regulations thereunder, final action by the Department incorporating a significant permit modification in this Title V Permit shall be covered by the permit shield at the time that the permit containing the significant modification is issued.

#### #031 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

## Reporting

(a) The permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year an annual emissions report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all active previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year, and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported. All air emissions from the facility should be estimated and reported.

(b) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of an annual emissions report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#### #032 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

#### **Report Format**

Emissions reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Emissions reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.





## I. RESTRICTIONS.

## **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.1] Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

(a) No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:

(1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.

(2) Grading, paving and maintenance of roads and streets.

(3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.

(4) Clearing of land.

(5) Stockpiling of materials.

(6) Open burning operations.

(7) Blasting in open pit mines. Emissions from drilling are not considered as emissions from blasting.

(8) Coke oven batteries, provided the fugitive air contaminants emitted from any coke oven battery comply with the standards for visible fugitive emissions in § § 123.44 and 129.15 (relating to limitations of visible fugitive air contaminants from operation of any coke oven battery; and coke pushing operations).

(9) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified in paragraphs (1)-(8), for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:

(i) the emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and

(ii) the emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.

# # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

#### Fugitive particulate matter

A person may not permit fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in SECTION C - Condition #001 if such emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the person's property.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §123.31] Limitations

MALODOR EMISSIONS

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the source is being operated.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §123.41] Limitations

VISIBLE EMISSIONS

(a) A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

(1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour.(2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

# 005 [25 Pa. Code §123.42] Exceptions

**VISIBLE EMISSIONS** 

(a) The limitations of § 123.41 (relating to limitations) shall not apply to a visible emission in any of the following instances:





opacity of visible emissions.

emissions).

(4) When arising from the production of agricultural commodities in their unmanufactured state on the premises of the farm operation.
# 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]
Operating permit terms and conditions.
(a) The total facility emission limit for each of the following pollutants shall not be exceeded in any 12 - consecutive month period (12 month rolling sum):
(1) 1,454.0 tons per year of carbon monoxide
(2) 1,500.0 tons per year of nitrogen oxides
(3) 2,592.0 tons per year of sulfur dioxides
(4) 54.0 tons per year of non-methane hydrocarbons
(5) 415.0 tons per year of particulates, 10 microns and smaller
(6) 751.0 tons per year of particulates.
(7) 49.0 tons per year of VOC's.
# 007 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1340]
Subpart LLL National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry
What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?
(a) The provisions of this subpart apply to each new and existing portland cement plant which is a major source or an area source as defined in § 63.2.
(b) The affected sources subject to this subpart are:
(1) Each kiln including alkali bypasses and inline coal mills, except for kilns that burn hazardous waste and are subject to
and regulated under subpart EEE of this part;
(i) Source ID No. 102 and 122.
(2) Each clinker cooler at any portland cement plant;
(i) Source ID No. 113 and 125.

(1) When the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.(2) When the emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the

(3) When the emission results from sources specified in § 123.1(a)(1) -- (9) (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive

- (3) Each raw mill at any portland cement plant;
- (i) Source ID. No. 118
- (4) Each finish mill at any portland cement plant;
- (i) Source ID No. 103, 104, 123, 124, 127, 128, and 129.
- (5) Each raw material dryer at any portland cement plant;
- (i) Source ID No. NA
- (6) Each raw material, clinker, or finished product storage bin at any portland cement plant that is a major source;
- (i) Source ID No. 108,114, 119, 120, 121, 126, 136, 137,139, 140, 141, 148, 149, 150, and 153.
- (7) Each conveying system transfer point including those associated with coal preparation used to convey coal from the mill to the kiln at any portland cement plant that is a major source;
  - (i) Source ID No. 116, 117, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147.
  - (8) Each bagging and bulk loading and unloading system at any portland cement plant that is a major source;
  - (i) Source ID No. 130, 131, 132, 133, 159, 160, 161 and 162.
  - (9) Each open clinker storage pile at any portland cement plant.

(c) Onsite sources that are subject to standards for nonmetallic mineral processing plants in subpart OOO, part 60 of this chapter are not subject to this subpart. Crushers are not covered by this subpart regardless of their location.

(i) Source ID No. NA





(d) If you are subject to any of the provisions of this subpart you are also subject to Title V permitting requirements.

[75 FR 55051, Sept. 9, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 10036, Feb. 12, 2013]

# 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1341]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

## Definitions.

All terms used in this subpart that are not defined in this section have the meaning given to them in the CAA and in subpart A of this part.

Alkali bypass means a duct between the feed end of the kiln and the preheater tower through which a portion of the kiln exit gas stream is withdrawn and quickly cooled by air or water to avoid excessive buildup of alkali, chloride and/or sulfur on the raw feed. This may also be referred to as the "kiln exhaust gas bypass".

Bagging system means the equipment which fills bags with portland cement.

Bin means a manmade enclosure for storage of raw materials, clinker, or finished product prior to further processing at a portland cement plant.

Clinker means the product of the process in which limestone and other materials are heated in the kiln and is then ground with gypsum and other materials to form cement.

Clinker cooler means equipment into which clinker product leaving the kiln is placed to be cooled by air supplied by a forced draft or natural draft supply system.

Continuous monitor means a device which continuously samples the regulated parameter specified in §63.1350 of this subpart without interruption, evaluates the detector response at least once every 15 seconds, and computes and records the average value at least every 60 seconds, except during allowable periods of calibration and except as defined otherwise by the continuous emission monitoring system performance specifications in appendix B to part 60 of this chapter.

Conveying system means a device for transporting materials from one piece of equipment or location to another location within a facility. Conveying systems include but are not limited to the following: feeders, belt conveyors, bucket elevators and pneumatic systems.

Conveying system transfer point means a point where any material including but not limited to feed material, fuel, clinker or product, is transferred to or from a conveying system, or between separate parts of a conveying system.

Crusher means a machine designed to reduce large rocks from the quarry into materials approximately the size of gravel.

Dioxins and furans (D/F) meanstetra-, penta-, hexa-, hepta-, and octa-chlorinated dibenzo dioxins and furans.

Facility means all contiguous or adjoining property that is under common ownership or control, including properties that are separated only by a road or other public right-of-way.

Feed means the prepared and mixed materials, which include but are not limited to materials such as limestone, clay, shale, sand, iron ore, mill scale, cement kiln dust and flyash, that are fed to the kiln. Feed does not include the fuels used in the kiln to produce heat to form the clinker product.

Finish mill means a roll crusher, ball and tube mill or other size reduction equipment used to grind clinker to a fine powder. Gypsum and other materials may be added to and blended with clinker in a finish mill. The finish mill also includes the air separator associated with the finish mill.

Greenfield kiln, in-line kiln/raw mill, or raw material dryer means a kiln, in-line kiln/raw mill, or raw material dryer for which





construction is commenced at a plant site (where no kilns and no in-line kiln/raw mills were in operation at any time prior to March 24, 1998) after March 24, 1998.

Hazardous waste is defined in §261.3 of this chapter.

In-line coal mill means a coal mill using kiln exhaust gases in their process. A coal mill with a heat source other than the kiln or a coal mill using exhaust gases from the clinker cooler is not an in-line coal mill.

In-line kiln/raw mill means a system in a portland cement production process where a dry kiln system is integrated with the raw mill so that all or a portion of the kiln exhaust gases are used to perform the drying operation of the raw mill, with no auxiliary heat source used. In this system the kiln is capable of operating without the raw mill operating, but the raw mill cannot operate without the kiln gases, and consequently, the raw mill does not generate a separate exhaust gas stream.

Kiln means a device, including any associated preheater or precalciner devices, inline raw mills, inline coal mills or alkali bypasses that produces clinker by heating limestone and other materials for subsequent production of portland cement. Because the inline raw mill and inline coal mill are considered an integral part of the kiln, for purposes of determining the appropriate emissions limit, the term kiln also applies to the exhaust of the inline raw mill and the inline coal mill.

Kiln exhaust gas bypass means alkali bypass.

Monovent means an exhaust configuration of a building or emission control device (e. g. positive pressure fabric filter) that extends the length of the structure and has a width very small in relation to its length (i. e., length to width ratio is typically greater than 5:1). The exhaust may be an open vent with or without a roof, louvered vents, or a combination of such features.

New brownfield kiln, in-line kiln raw mill, or raw material dryer means a kiln, in-line kiln/raw mill or raw material dryer for which construction is commenced at a plant site (where kilns and/or in-line kiln/raw mills were in operation prior to March 24, 1998) after March 24, 1998.

New source means any source that commenced construction or reconstruction after May 6, 2009, for purposes of determining the applicability of the kiln, clinker cooler and raw material dryer emissions limits for mercury, PM, THC, and HCl.

One-minute average means the average of thermocouple or other sensor responses calculated at least every 60 seconds from responses obtained at least once during each consecutive 15 second period.

Open clinker storage pile means a clinker storage pile on the ground for more than three days that is not completely enclosed in a building or structure.

Operating day means any 24-hour period beginning at 12:00 midnight during which the kiln produces any amount of clinker. For calculating the 30-day rolling average emissions, kiln operating days do not include the hours of operation during startup or shutdown.

Portland cement plant means any facility manufacturing portland cement.

Raw material dryer means an impact dryer, drum dryer, paddle-equipped rapid dryer, air separator, or other equipment used to reduce the moisture content of feed or other materials.

Raw mill means a ball and tube mill, vertical roller mill or other size reduction equipment, that is not part of an in-line kiln/raw mill, used to grind feed to the appropriate size. Moisture may be added or removed from the feed during the grinding operation. If the raw mill is used to remove moisture from feed materials, it is also, by definition, a raw material dryer. The raw mill also includes the air separator associated with the raw mill.

Rolling average means the weighted average of all data, meeting QA/QC requirements or otherwise normalized, collected





during the applicable averaging period. The period of a rolling average stipulates the frequency of data averaging and reporting. To demonstrate compliance with an operating parameter a 30-day rolling average period requires calculation of a new average value each operating day and shall include the average of all the hourly averages of the specific operating parameter. For demonstration of compliance with an emissions limit based on pollutant concentration a 30-day rolling average is comprised of the average of all the hourly average concentrations over the previous 30 operating days. For demonstration of compliance with an emissions limit based on lbs-pollutant per production unit the 30-day rolling average is calculated by summing the hourly mass emissions over the previous 30 operating days, then dividing that sum by the total production during the same period.

Run average means the average of the recorded parameter values for a run.

Shutdown means the cessation of kiln operation. Shutdown begins when feed to the kiln is halted and ends when continuous kiln rotation ceases.

Sorbent means activated carbon, lime, or any other type of material injected into kiln exhaust for the purposes of capturing and removing any hazardous air pollutant.

Startup means the time from when a shutdown kiln first begins firing fuel until it begins producing clinker. Startup begins when a shutdown kiln turns on the induced draft fan and begins firing fuel in the main burner. Startup ends when feed is being continuously introduced into the kiln for at least 120 minutes or when the feed rate exceeds 60 percent of the kiln design limitation rate, whichever occurs first.

TEQ means the international method of expressing toxicity equivalents for dioxins and furans as defined in U.S. EPA, Interim Procedures for Estimating Risks Associated with Exposures to Mixtures of Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans (CDDs and CDFs) and 1989 Update, March 1989. The 1989 Toxic Equivalency Factors (TEFs) used to determine the dioxin and furan TEQs are listed in Table 2 to subpart LLL of Part 63.

Total organic HAP means, for the purposes of this subpart, the sum of the concentrations of compounds of formaldehyde, benzene, toluene, styrene, m-xylene, p-xylene, o-xylene, acetaldehyde, and naphthalene as measured by EPA Test Method 320 or Method 18 of appendix A to this part or ASTM D6348-031 or a combination of these methods, as appropriate. If measurement results for any pollutant are reported as below the method detection level (e.g., laboratory analytical results for one or more sample components are below the method defined analytical detection level), you must use the method detection level as the measured emissions level for that pollutant in calculating the total organic HAP value. The measured result for a multiple component analysis (e.g., analytical values for multiple Method 18 fractions) may include a combination of method detection level data and analytical data reported above the method detection level. The owner or operator of an affected source may request the use of other test methods to make this determination under paragraphs 63.7(e)(2)(ii) and (f) of this part.

1When using ASTM D6348-03, the following conditions must be met:

(1) The test plan preparation and implementation in the Annexes to ASTM D6348-03, Sections A1 through A8 are mandatory; (2) For ASTM D6348-03 Annex A5 (Analyte Spiking Technique), the percent R must be determined for each target analyte (see Equation A5.5); (3) For the ASTM D6348-03 test data to be acceptable for a target analyte percent R must be 70 percent =R =130 percent; and (4) The percent R value for each compound must be reported in the test report and all field measurements corrected with the calculated percent R value for that compound using the following equation: Reported Result = The measured concentration in the stack divided by the calculated percent R value and then the whole term multiplied by 100.

Totally enclosed conveying system transfer point means a conveying system transfer point that is enclosed on all sides, top, and bottom.

[64 FR 31925, June 14, 1999, as amended at 67 FR 16619, Apr. 5, 2002; 75 FR 55051, Sept. 9, 2010; 78 FR 10037, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44778, July 27, 2015; 83 FR 35132, July 25, 2018]





# # 009 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1342] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### Standards: General.

Table 1 to this subpart provides cross references to the 40 CFR part 63, Subpart A, general provisions, indicating the applicability of the general provisions requirements to Subpart LLL.

## # 010 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1348]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

## Compliance requirements.

(a) Initial Performance Test Requirements. For an affected source subject to this subpart, you must demonstrate compliance with the emissions standards and operating limits by using the test methods and procedures in §§63.1349 and 63.7. Any affected source that was unable to demonstrate compliance before the compliance date due to being idled, or that had demonstrated compliance but was idled during the normal window for the next compliance test, must demonstrate compliance within 180 days after coming out of the idle period. Any cement kiln that has been subject to the requirements of subpart CCCC or subpart DDDD of 40 CFR Part 60, and is now electing to cease burning nonhazardous solid waste and become subject to this subpart, must meet all the initial compliance testing requirements each time it becomes subject to this subpart, even if it was previously subject to this subpart.

Note to paragraph (a): The first day of the 30 operating day performance test is the first day after the compliance date following completion of the field testing and data collection that demonstrates that the CPMS or CEMS has satisfied the relevant CPMS performance evaluation or CEMS performance specification (e.g., PS 2, 12A, or 12B) acceptance criteria. The performance test period is complete at the end of the 30th consecutive operating day. See §63.1341 for definition of operating day and §63.1348(b)(1) for the CEMS operating requirements. The source has the option of performing the compliance test earlier then the compliance date if desired.

(1) PM Compliance. If you are subject to limitations on PM emissions under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance with the PM emissions standards by using the test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(1).

(2) Opacity Compliance. If you are subject to the limitations on opacity under §63.1345, you must demonstrate compliance with the opacity emissions standards by using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(2). Use the maximum 6-minute average opacity exhibited during the performance test period to determine whether the affected source is in compliance with the standard.

(3) D/F compliance. (i) If you are subject to limitations on D/F emissions under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate initial compliance with the D/F emissions standards by using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(3). The owner or operator of a kiln with an in-line raw mill must demonstrate initial compliance by conducting separate performance tests while the raw mill is operating and the raw mill is not operating. Determine the D/F TEQ concentration for each run and calculate the arithmetic average of the TEQ concentrations measured for the three runs to determine continuous compliance.

(ii) If you are subject to a D/F emissions limitation under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance with the temperature operating limits specified in §63.1346 by using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(3)(ii) through (b)(3)(iv). Use the arithmetic average of the temperatures measured during the three runs to determine the applicable temperature limit.

(iii) If activated carbon injection is used and you are subject to a D/F emissions limitation under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance with the activated carbon injection rate operating limits specified in §63.1346 by using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(3)(v).

(iv) If activated carbon injection is used, you must also develop a carrier gas parameter (either the carrier gas flow rate or the carrier gas pressure drop) during the initial performance test and updated during any subsequent performance test conducted under (3.1349(b)(3)) that meets the requirements of (3.1349(b)(3)) (vi). Compliance is demonstrated if the system is maintained within ±5 percent accuracy during the performance test determined in accordance with the procedures and criteria submitted for review in your monitoring plan required in (3.1350(p)).

(4)(i) THC Compliance. If you are subject to limitations on THC emissions under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance with the THC emissions standards by using the performance test methods and procedures in





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§63.1349(b)(4)(i). You must use the average THC concentration obtained during the first 30 kiln operating days after the compliance date of this rule to determine initial compliance.

(ii) Total Organic HAP Emissions Tests. If you elect to demonstrate compliance with the total organic HAP emissions limit under §63.1343(b) in lieu of the THC emissions limit, you must demonstrate compliance with the total organic HAP emissions standards by using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(7).

(iii) If you are demonstrating initial compliance, you must conduct the separate performance tests as specified in §63.1349(b)(7) while the raw mill of the inline kiln/raw mill is operating and while the raw mill of the inline kiln/raw mill is not operating.

(iv) The time weighted average total organic HAP concentration measured during the separate initial performance test specified by §63.1349(b)(7) must be used to determine initial compliance.

(v) The time weighted average THC concentration measured during the initial performance test specified by §63.1349(b)(4) must be used to determine the site-specific THC limit. Using the fraction of time the inline kiln/raw mill is off, calculate this limit as a time weighted average of the THC levels measured during raw mill on and raw mill off testing using one of the two approaches in §63.1349(b)(7)(vii) or (viii) depending on the level of organic HAP measured during the compliance test.

(5) Mercury Compliance. If you are subject to limitations on mercury emissions in §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance with the mercury standards by using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(5). You must demonstrate compliance by operating a mercury CEMS or a sorbent trap based CEMS. Compliance with the mercury emissions standard must be determined based on the first 30 operating days you operate a mercury CEMS or sorbent trap monitoring system after the compliance date of this rule.

(i) In calculating a 30 operating day emissions value using an integrating sorbent trap CEMS, assign the average Hg emissions concentration determined for an integrating period (e.g., 7 day sorbent trap monitoring system sample) to each relevant hour of the kiln operating days spanned by each integrated sample. Calculate the 30 kiln operating day emissions rate value using the assigned hourly Hg emissions concentrations and the respective flow and production rate values collected during the 30 kiln operating day performance test period. Depending on the duration of each integrated sampling period, you may not be able to calculate the 30 kiln operating day emissions value until several days after the end of the 30 kiln operating day performance test period.

(ii) For example, a sorbent trap monitoring system producing an integrated 7-day sample will provide Hg concentration data for each hour of the first 28 kiln operating days (i.e., four values spanning 7 days each) of a 30 operating day period. The Hg concentration values for the hours of the last 2 days of the 30 operating day period will not be available for calculating the emissions for the performance test period until at least five days after the end of the subject period.

(6) HCl Compliance. If you are subject to limitations on HCl emissions under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate initial compliance with the HCl standards by using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(6).

(i) For an affected source that is equipped with a wet scrubber, tray tower or dry scrubber, you may demonstrate initial compliance by conducting a performance test as specified in §63.1349(b)(6)(i). You must determine the HCl concentration for each run and calculate the arithmetic average of the concentrations measured for the three runs to determine compliance. You must also establish appropriate site-specific operational parameter limits.

(ii) For an affected source that is not equipped with a wet scrubber, tray tower or dry scrubber, you must demonstrate initial compliance by operating a CEMS as specified in §63.1349(b)(6)(ii). You must use the average of the hourly HCI values obtained during the first 30 kiln operating days that occur after the compliance date of this rule to determine initial compliance.

(7) Commingled Exhaust Requirements. If the coal mill exhaust is commingled with kiln exhaust in a single stack, you may demonstrate compliance with the kiln emission limits by either:

(i) Performing required emissions monitoring and testing on the commingled coal mill and kiln exhaust, or

(ii) Perform required emission monitoring and testing of the kiln exhaust prior to the reintroduction of the coal mill exhaust, and also testing the kiln exhaust diverted to the coal mill. All emissions must be added together for all emission points, and must not exceed the limit per each pollutant as listed in §63.1343(b).

(b) Continuous Monitoring Requirements. You must demonstrate compliance with the emissions standards and operating limits by using the performance test methods and procedures in §§63.1350 and 63.8 for each affected source.
 (1) General Requirements. (i) You must monitor and collect data according to §63.1350 and the site-specific monitoring







#### plan required by §63.1350(p).

(ii) Except for periods of startup and shutdown, monitoring system malfunctions, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions, and required monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), you must operate the monitoring system and collect data at all required intervals at all times the affected source is operating.

(iii) You may not use data recorded during monitoring system startup, shutdown or malfunctions or repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions in calculations used to report emissions or operating levels. A monitoring system malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring system to provide valid data. Monitoring system failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system.

(iv) Clinker Production. If you are subject to limitations on mercury emissions (lb/MM tons of clinker) under §63.1343(b), you must determine the hourly production rate of clinker according to the requirements of §63.1350(d).

(2) PM Compliance. If you are subject to limitations on PM emissions under §63.1343(b), you must use the monitoring methods and procedures in §63.1350(b) and (d).

(3) Opacity Compliance. If you are subject to the limitations on opacity under §63.1345, you must demonstrate compliance using the monitoring methods and procedures in §63.1350(f) based on the maximum 6-minute average opacity exhibited during the performance test period. You must initiate corrective actions within one hour of detecting visible emissions above the applicable limit.

(i) COMS. If you install a COMS in lieu of conducting the daily visible emissions testing, you must demonstrate compliance using a COMS such that it is installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(f)(4)(i).

(ii) Bag Leak Detection System (BLDS). If you install a BLDS on a raw mill or finish mill in lieu of conducting the daily visible emissions testing, you must demonstrate compliance using a BLDS that is installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(f)(4)(ii).

(4) D/F Compliance. If you are subject to a D/F emissions limitation under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance using a continuous monitoring system (CMS) that is installed, operated and maintained to record the temperature of specified gas streams in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(g).

(5) Activated Carbon Injection Compliance. (i) If you use activated carbon injection to comply with the D/F emissions limitation under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance using a CMS that is installed, operated, and maintained to record the rate of activated carbon injection in accordance with the requirements §63.1350(h)(1).

(ii) If you use activated carbon injection to comply with the D/F emissions limitation under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance using a CMS that is installed, operated and maintained to record the activated carbon injection system gas parameter in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(h)(2).

(6) THC Compliance. (i) If you are subject to limitations on THC emissions under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance using the monitoring methods and procedures in §63.1350(i) and (j).

(ii) THC must be measured either upstream of the coal mill or in the coal mill stack.

(7) Mercury Compliance. (i) If you are subject to limitations on mercury emissions in §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance using the monitoring methods and procedures in §63.1350(k). If you use an integrated sorbent trap monitoring system to determine ongoing compliance, use the procedures described in §63.1348(a)(5) to assign hourly mercury concentration values and to calculate rolling 30 operating day emissions rates. Since you assign the mercury concentration measured with the sorbent trap to each relevant hour respectively for each operating day of the integrated period, you may schedule the sorbent trap change periods to any time of the day (i.e., the sorbent trap replacement need not be scheduled at 12:00 midnight nor must the sorbent trap replacements occur only at integral 24-hour intervals).

(ii) Mercury must be measured either upstream of the coal mill or in the coal mill stack.

(8) HCl Compliance. If you are subject to limitations on HCl emissions under §63.1343(b), you must demonstrate compliance using the performance test methods and procedures in §63.1349(b)(6).





(i) For an affected source that is not equipped with a wet scrubber, tray tower or a dry sorbent injection system, you must demonstrate compliance using the monitoring methods and procedures in §63.1350(I)(1).

(ii) For an affected source that is equipped with a wet scrubber, tray tower or a dry sorbent injection system, you may demonstrate compliance using the monitoring methods and procedures in §63.1350(l)(2).

(iii) HCI may be measured either upstream of the coal mill or in the coal mill stack.

(iv) As an alternative to paragraph (b)(8)(ii) of this section, you may use an SO2 CEMS to establish an SO2 operating level during your initial and repeat HCI performance tests and monitor the SO2 level using the procedures in §63.1350(I)(3).

(9) Startup and Shutdown Compliance. All dry sorbent and activated carbon systems that control hazardous air pollutants must be turned on and operating at the time the gas stream at the inlet to the baghouse or ESP reaches 300 degrees Fahrenheit (five minute average) during startup. Temperature of the gas stream is to be measured at the inlet of the baghouse or ESP every minute. Such injection systems can be turned off during shutdown. Particulate control and all remaining devices that control hazardous air pollutants should be operational during startup and shutdown.

(c) Changes in operations. (1) If you plan to undertake a change in operations that may adversely affect compliance with an applicable standard, operating limit, or parametric monitoring value under this subpart, the source must conduct a performance test as specified in §63.1349(b).

(2) In preparation for and while conducting a performance test required in 63.1349(b), you may operate under the planned operational change conditions for a period not to exceed 360 hours, provided that the conditions in (c)(2)(i) through (c)(2)(iv) of this section are met. You must submit temperature and other monitoring data that are recorded during the pretest operations.

(i) You must provide the Administrator written notice at least 60 days prior to undertaking an operational change that may adversely affect compliance with an applicable standard under this subpart for any source, or as soon as practicable where 60 days advance notice is not feasible. Notice provided under this paragraph must include a description of the planned change, the emissions standards that may be affected by the change, and a schedule for completion of the performance test required under paragraph (c)(1) of this section, including when the planned operational change period would begin.

(ii) The performance test results must be documented in a test report according to §63.1349(a).

- (iii) A test plan must be made available to the Administrator prior to performance testing, if requested.
- (iv) The performance test must be completed within 360 hours after the planned operational change period begins.

(d) General duty to minimize emissions. At all times you must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

[75 FR 55055, Sept. 9, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 10040, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44781, July 27, 2015; 83 FR 35132, July 25, 2018]

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 011 [25 Pa. Code §123.43] Measuring techniques

(a) Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

 $(1) \ A \ device \ approved \ by \ the \ Department \ and \ maintained \ to \ provide \ accurate \ opacity \ measurements.$ 

(2) Observers, trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.

# 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.





To demonstrate compliance with the sulfur limitations in fuel oils, the permittee shall comply with the following requirements:

(a) The permittee shall perform an analysis of each shipment of fuel oil delivered to the facility. A representive sample shall be obtained and tested. The fuel characteristics to be determined shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- (1) The percent (%) sulfur content, by weight.
- (2) The percent (%) ash content, by weight.
- (3) The heating value (BTU/Gal).

(b) Testing shall be done in accordance with applicable ASTM test methods and 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 139. If the supplier of the fuel can provide certification of the values of the fuel characteristics mentioned in section (a), the permittee may substitute such certifications (signed and notarized by a responsible official) for the analysis of a representative sample.

(c) If the supplier of the fuel oil can provide certification of the values of the fuel characteristics mentioned in section (a), the permittee may substitute such certifications (signed and notarized by a responsible official) for the analysis of a representative sample.

## # 013 [25 Pa. Code §139.1] Sampling facilities.

If requested by the Department, the permittee shall conduct performance (stack) tests in accordance with the most current publication of the DEP Source Testing Manual and Chapter 139 of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection. The permittee will provide adequate sampling ports, safe sampling platforms, and adequate utilities for the performance by the Department of tests on such source(s). The Department will set forth, in the request, the time period in which the facilities shall be provided as well as the specifications for such facilities.

## # 014 [25 Pa. Code §139.11] General requirements.

(a) The following are applicable to source tests for determining emissions from stationary sources:

(1) Performance tests shall be conducted while the source is operating at maximum routine operating conditions or under such other conditions, within the capacity of the equipment, as may be requested by the Department.

(2) The Department will consider for approval where sufficient information is provided to verify the source conditions existing at the time of the test and where adequate data is available to show the manner in which the test was conducted. Information submitted to the Department shall include, as a minimum all of the following:

(i) A thorough source description, including a description of any air cleaning devices and the flue.

(ii) Process conditions, for example, the charging rate of raw material or rate of production of final product, boiler pressure, oven temperature, and other conditions which may affect emissions from the process.

(iii) The location of the sampling ports.

(iv) Effluent characteristics, including velocity, temperature, moisture content, gas density (percentage CO, CO2, O2 and N2), static and barometric pressures.

(v) Sample collection techniques employed, including procedures used, equipment descriptions and data to verify that isokinetic sampling for particulate matter collection occurred and that acceptable test conditions were met.

(vi) Laboratory procedures and results.

(vii) Calculated results.

## # 015 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1349]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

## Performance testing requirements.

(a) You must document performance test results in complete test reports that contain the information required by paragraphs (a)(1) through (10) of this section, as well as all other relevant information. As described in §63.7(c)(2)(i), you must make available to the Administrator prior to testing, if requested, the site-specific test plan to be followed during performance testing. For purposes of determining exhaust gas flow rate to the atmosphere from an alkali bypass stack or a coal mill stack, you must either install, operate, calibrate and maintain an instrument for continuously measuring and





recording the exhaust gas flow rate according to the requirements in paragraphs §63.1350(n)(1) through (10) of this subpart or use the maximum design exhaust gas flow rate. For purposes of determining the combined emissions from kilns equipped with an alkali bypass or that exhaust kiln gases to a coal mill that exhausts through a separate stack, instead of installing a CEMS on the alkali bypass stack or coal mill stack, you may use the results of the initial and subsequent performance test to demonstrate compliance with the relevant emissions limit.

(1) A brief description of the process and the air pollution control system;

(2) Sampling location description(s);

(3) A description of sampling and analytical procedures and any modifications to standard procedures;

(4) Test results;

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(5) Quality assurance procedures and results;

(6) Records of operating conditions during the performance test, preparation of standards, and calibration procedures;

(7) Raw data sheets for field sampling and field and laboratory analyses;

(8) Documentation of calculations;

(9) All data recorded and used to establish parameters for monitoring; and

(10) Any other information required by the performance test method.

(b)(1) PM emissions tests. The owner or operator of a kiln and clinker cooler subject to limitations on PM emissions shall demonstrate initial compliance by conducting a performance test using Method 5 or Method 5I at appendix A-3 to part 60 of this chapter. You must also monitor continuous performance through use of a PM continuous parametric monitoring system (PM CPMS).

(i) For your PM CPMS, you will establish a site-specific operating limit. If your PM performance test demonstrates your PM emission levels to be below 75 percent of your emission limit you will use the average PM CPMS value recorded during the PM compliance test, the milliamp or digital equivalent of zero output from your PM CPMS, and the average PM result of your compliance test to establish your operating limit. If your PM compliance test demonstrates your PM emission levels to be at or above 75 percent of your emission limit you will use the average PM CPMS value recorded during the PM compliance test to establish your operating limit. You will use the average PM CPMS value recorded during the PM compliance test to establish your operating limit. You will use the PM CPMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with your operating limit. You must repeat the performance test annually and reassess and adjust the site-specific operating limit in accordance with the results of the performance test.

(A) Your PM CPMS must provide a 4-20 milliamp or digital signal output and the establishment of its relationship to manual reference method measurements must be determined in units of milliamps or the monitors digital equivalent.

(B) Your PM CPMS operating range must be capable of reading PM concentrations from zero to a level equivalent to three times your allowable emission limit. If your PM CPMS is an auto-ranging instrument capable of multiple scales, the primary range of the instrument must be capable of reading PM concentration from zero to a level equivalent to three times your allowable emission limit.

(C) During the initial performance test or any such subsequent performance test that demonstrates compliance with the PM limit, record and average all milliamp or digital output values from the PM CPMS for the periods corresponding to the compliance test runs (e.g., average all your PM CPMS output values for three corresponding Method 5I test runs).

(ii) Determine your operating limit as specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(iii) through (iv) of this section. If your PM performance test demonstrates your PM emission levels to be below 75 percent of your emission limit you will use the average PM CPMS value recorded during the PM compliance test, the milliamp or digital equivalent of zero output from your PM CPMS, and the average PM result of your compliance test to establish your operating limit. If your PM compliance test demonstrates your PM emission levels to be at or above 75 percent of your emission limit you will use the average PM CPMS value recorded during the PM compliance test to establish your operating limit. If your PM compliance test demonstrates your PM emission levels to be at or above 75 percent of your emission limit you will use the average PM CPMS value recorded during the PM compliance test to establish your operating limit. You must verify an existing or establish a new operating limit after each repeated performance test. You must repeat the performance test at least annually and reassess and adjust the site-specific operating limit in accordance with the results of the performance test.

(iii) If the average of your three Method 5 or 5I compliance test runs is below 75 percent of your PM emission limit, you must calculate an operating limit by establishing a relationship of PM CPMS signal to PM concentration using the PM CPMS instrument zero, the average PM CPMS values corresponding to the three compliance test runs, and the average PM concentration from the Method 5 or 5I compliance test with the procedures in (b)(1)(iii)(A) through (D) of this section.

(A) Determine your PM CPMS instrument zero output with one of the following procedures:

(1) Zero point data for in-situ instruments should be obtained by removing the instrument from the stack and monitoring ambient air on a test bench.

(2) Zero point data for extractive instruments should be obtained by removing the extractive probe from the stack and drawing in clean ambient air.

(3) The zero point may also be established by performing manual reference method measurements when the flue gas is free of PM emissions or contains very low PM concentrations (e.g., when your process is not operating, but the fans are





operating or your source is combusting only natural gas) and plotting these with the compliance data to find the zero intercept.

(4) If none of the steps in paragraphs (b)(1)(iii)(A)(1) through (3) of this section are possible, you must use a zero output value provided by the manufacturer.

(B) Determine your PM CPMS instrument average in milliamps or digital equivalent, and the average of your corresponding three PM compliance test runs, using equation 3.

#### Where:

X1 = The PM CPMS data points for the three runs constituting the performance test.

Y1 = The PM concentration value for the three runs constituting the performance test.

n = The number of data points.

(C) With your instrument zero expressed in milliamps or a digital value, your three run average PM CPMS milliamp or digital signal value, and your three run PM compliance test average, determine a relationship of lb/ton-clinker per milliamp or digital signal value with Equation 4.

Where:

R = The relative lb/ton-clinker per milliamp or digital equivalent for your PM CPMS.

Y1 = The three run average lb/ton-clinker PM concentration.

X1 = The three run average milliamp or digital equivalent output from your PM CPMS.

z = The milliamp or digital equivalent of your instrument zero determined from (b)(1)(iii)(A).

(D) Determine your source specific 30-day rolling average operating limit using the lb/ton-clinker per milliamp or digital signal value from Equation 4 in Equation 5, below. This sets your operating limit at the PM CPMS output value corresponding to 75 percent of your emission limit.

Where:

OI = The operating limit for your PM CPMS on a 30-day rolling average, in milliamps or the digital equivalent.

L = Your source emission limit expressed in lb/ton clinker.

z = Your instrument zero in milliamps, or digital equivalent, determined from (b)(1)(iii)(A).

R = The relative lb/ton-clinker per milliamp, or digital equivalent, for your PM CPMS, from Equation 4.

(iv) If the average of your three PM compliance test runs is at or above 75 percent of your PM emission limit you must determine your operating limit by averaging the PM CPMS milliamp or digital equivalent output corresponding to your three PM performance test runs that demonstrate compliance with the emission limit using Equation 6.

Where:

X1 = The PM CPMS data points for all runs i.

n = The number of data points.

Oh = Your site specific operating limit, in milliamps or the digital equivalent.

(v) To determine continuous operating compliance, you must record the PM CPMS output data for all periods when the process is operating, and use all the PM CPMS data for calculations when the source is not out-of-control. You must demonstrate continuous compliance by using all quality-assured hourly average data collected by the PM CPMS for all operating hours to calculate the arithmetic average operating parameter in units of the operating limit (milliamps or the digital equivalent) on a 30 operating day rolling average basis, updated at the end of each new kiln operating day. Use Equation 7 to determine the 30 kiln operating day average.

Where:

Hpvi = The hourly parameter value for hour i. n = The number of valid hourly parameter values collected over 30 kiln operating days.





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(vi) For each performance test, conduct at least three separate test runs under the conditions that exist when the affected source is operating at the level reasonably expected to occur. Conduct each test run to collect a minimum sample volume of 2 dscm for determining compliance with a new source limit and 1 dscm for determining compliance with an existing source limit. Calculate the time weighted average of the results from three consecutive runs, including applicable sources as required by paragraph (b)(1)(vii) of this section, to determine compliance. You need not determine the particulate matter collected in the impingers "back half" of the Method 5 or Method 5I particulate sampling train to demonstrate compliance with the PM standards of this subpart. This shall not preclude the permitting authority from requiring a determination of the "back half" for other purposes. For kilns with inline raw mills, testing must be conducted while the raw mill is on and while the raw mill is off. If the exhaust streams of a kiln with an inline raw mill and a clinker cooler are comingled, then the comingled exhaust stream must be tested with the raw mill on and the raw mill off.

(vii) For PM performance test reports used to set a PM CPMS operating limit, the electronic submission of the test report must also include the make and model of the PM CPMS instrument, serial number of the instrument, analytical principle of the instrument (e.g. beta attenuation), span of the instruments primary analytical range, milliamp value or digital equivalent to the instrument zero output, technique by which this zero value was determined, and the average milliamp or digital equivalent signals corresponding to each PM compliance test run.

(viii) When there is an alkali bypass and/or an inline coal mill with a separate stack associated with a kiln, the main exhaust and alkali bypass and/or inline coal mill must be tested simultaneously and the combined emission rate of PM from the kiln and alkali bypass and/or inline coal mill must be computed for each run using Equation 8 of this section.

#### Where:

ECm = Combined hourly emission rate of PM from the kiln and bypass stack and/or inline coal mill, lb/ton of kiln clinker production.

 $\mathsf{EK} = \mathsf{Hourly} \operatorname{emissions} \operatorname{of} \mathsf{PM} \operatorname{emissions}$  from the kiln, lb.

EB = Hourly PM emissions from the alkali bypass stack, lb.

EC = Hourly PM emissions from the inline coal mill stack, lb.

P = Hourly clinker production, tons.

(ix) The owner or operator of a kiln with an in-line raw mill and subject to limitations on PM emissions shall demonstrate initial compliance by conducting separate performance tests while the raw mill is under normal operating conditions and while the raw mill is not operating, and calculate the time weighted average emissions. The operating limit will then be determined using 63.1349(b)(1)(i) of this section.

(2) Opacity tests. If you are subject to limitations on opacity under this subpart, you must conduct opacity tests in accordance with Method 9 of appendix A-4 to part 60 of this chapter. The duration of the Method 9 performance test must be 3 hours (30 6-minute averages), except that the duration of the Method 9 performance test may be reduced to 1 hour if the conditions of paragraphs (b)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section apply. For batch processes that are not run for 3-hour periods or longer, compile observations totaling 3 hours when the unit is operating.

(i) There are no individual readings greater than 10 percent opacity;

(ii) There are no more than three readings of 10 percent for the first 1-hour period.

(3) D/F Emissions Tests. If you are subject to limitations on D/F emissions under this subpart, you must conduct a performance test using Method 23 of appendix A-7 to part 60 of this chapter. If your kiln or in-line kiln/raw mill is equipped with an alkali bypass, you must conduct simultaneous performance tests of the kiln or in-line kiln/raw mill exhaust and the alkali bypass. You may conduct a performance test of the alkali bypass exhaust when the raw mill of the in-line kiln/raw mill is operating or not operating.

(i) Each performance test must consist of three separate runs conducted under representative conditions. The duration of each run must be at least 3 hours, and the sample volume for each run must be at least 2.5 dscm (90 dscf).

(ii) The temperature at the inlet to the kiln or in-line kiln/raw mill PMCD, and, where applicable, the temperature at the inlet to the alkali bypass PMCD must be continuously recorded during the period of the Method 23 test, and the continuous temperature record(s) must be included in the performance test report.

(iii) Average temperatures must be calculated for each run of the performance test.

(iv) The run average temperature must be calculated for each run, and the average of the run average temperatures must be determined and included in the performance test report and will determine the applicable temperature limit in







### accordance with §63.1346(b).

(v)(A) If sorbent injection is used for D/F control, you must record the rate of sorbent injection to the kiln exhaust, and where applicable, the rate of sorbent injection to the alkali bypass exhaust, continuously during the period of the Method 23 test in accordance with the conditions in §63.1350(m)(9), and include the continuous injection rate record(s) in the performance test report. Determine the sorbent injection rate parameters in accordance with paragraph (b)(3)(vi) of this section.

(B) Include the brand and type of sorbent used during the performance test in the performance test report.

(C) Maintain a continuous record of either the carrier gas flow rate or the carrier gas pressure drop for the duration of the performance test. If the carrier gas flow rate is used, determine, record, and maintain a record of the accuracy of the carrier gas flow rate monitoring system according to the procedures in appendix A to part 75 of this chapter. If the carrier gas pressure drop is used, determine, record, and maintain a record of the accuracy of the carrier gas pressure drop is used, determine, record, and maintain a record of the accuracy of the carrier gas pressure drop monitoring system according to the procedures in §63.1350(m)(6).

(vi) Calculate the run average sorbent injection rate for each run and determine and include the average of the run average injection rates in the performance test report and determine the applicable injection rate limit in accordance with §63.1346(c)(1).

(4) THC emissions test. (i) If you are subject to limitations on THC emissions, you must operate a CEMS in accordance with the requirements in §63.1350(i). For the purposes of conducting the accuracy and quality assurance evaluations for CEMS, the THC span value (as propane) is 50 to 60 ppm w and the reference method (RM) is Method 25A of appendix A to part 60 of this chapter.

(ii) Use the THC CEMS to conduct the initial compliance test for the first 30 kiln operating days of kiln operation after the compliance date of the rule. See §63.1348(a).

(iii) If kiln gases are diverted through an alkali bypass or to a coal mill and exhausted through a separate stack, you must calculate a kiln-specific THC limit using Equation 9:

Where:

Cks = Kiln stack concentration (ppmvd).

Qab = Alkali bypass flow rate (volume/hr).

Cab = Alkali bypass concentration (ppmvd).

Qcm = Coal mill flow rate (volume/hr).

Ccm = Coal mill concentration (ppmvd).

Qks = Kiln stack flow rate (volume/hr).

(iv) THC must be measured either upstream of the coal mill or the coal mill stack.

(v) Instead of conducting the performance test specified in paragraph (b)(4)of this section, you may conduct a performance test to determine emissions of total organic HAP by following the procedures in paragraph (b)(7) of this section.

(5) Mercury Emissions Tests. If you are subject to limitations on mercury emissions, you must operate a mercury CEMS or a sorbent trap monitoring system in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(k). The initial compliance test must be based on the first 30 kiln operating days in which the affected source operates using a mercury CEMS or a sorbent trap monitoring system after the compliance date of the rule. See §63.1348(a).

(i) If you are using a mercury CEMS or a sorbent trap monitoring system, you must install, operate, calibrate, and maintain an instrument for continuously measuring and recording the exhaust gas flow rate to the atmosphere according to the requirements in §63.1350(k)(5).

(ii) Calculate the emission rate using Equation 10 of this section:

Where:

E30D = 30-day rolling emission rate of mercury, lb/MM tons clinker.

 $Ci = Concentration of mercury for operating hour i, \mu g/scm.$ 

Qi = Volumetric flow rate of effluent gas for operating hour i, where Ci and Qi are on the same basis (either wet or dry), scm/hr.

 $k = Conversion factor, 1 lb/454,000,000 \mu g.$ 

n = Number of kiln operating hours in the previous 30 kiln operating day period where both C and Qi qualified data are





#### available.

P = Total runs from the previous 30 days of clinker production during the same time period as the mercury emissions measured, million tons.

(6) HCl emissions tests. For a source subject to limitations on HCl emissions you must conduct performance testing by one of the following methods:

(i)(A) If the source is equipped with a wet scrubber, tray tower or dry scrubber, you must conduct performance testing using Method 321 of appendix A to this part unless you have installed a CEMS that meets the requirements §63.1350(I)(1). For kilns with inline raw mills, testing must be conducted for the raw mill on and raw mill off conditions.

(B) You must establish site specific parameter limits by using the CPMS required in §63.1350(l)(1). For a wet scrubber or tray tower, measure and record the pressure drop across the scrubber and/or liquid flow rate and pH in intervals of no more than 15 minutes during the HCl test. Compute and record the 24-hour average pressure drop, pH, and average scrubber water flow rate for each sampling run in which the applicable emissions limit is met. For a dry scrubber, measure and record the sorbent injection rate in intervals of no more than 15 minutes during the HCl test. Compute and record the 24-hour average pressure drop, pH, and average and record the sorbent injection rate in intervals of no more than 15 minutes during the HCl test. Compute and record the 24-hour average sorbent injection rate and average sorbent injection rate for each sampling run in which the applicable emissions limit is met.

(ii)(A) If the source is not controlled by a wet scrubber, tray tower or dry sorbent injection system, you must operate a CEMS in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(I)(1). See §63.1348(a).

(B) The initial compliance test must be based on the 30 kiln operating days that occur after the compliance date of this rule in which the affected source operates using an HCI CEMS. Hourly HCI concentration data must be obtained according to §63.1350(I).

(iii) As an alternative to paragraph (b)(6)(i)(B) of this section, you may choose to monitor SO2 emissions using a CEMS in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(I)(3). You must establish an SO2 operating limit equal to the average recorded during the HCI stack test where the HCI stack test run result demonstrates compliance with the emission limit. This operating limit will apply only for demonstrating HCI compliance.

(iv) If kiln gases are diverted through an alkali bypass or to a coal mill and exhausted through a separate stack, you must calculate a kiln-specific HCI limit using Equation 11:

#### Where:

- Cks = Kiln stack concentration (ppmvd).
- Qab = Alkali bypass flow rate (volume/hr).
- Cab = Alkali bypass concentration (ppmvd).
- Qcm = Coal mill flow rate (volume/hr).
- Ccm = Coal mill concentration (ppmvd).
- Qks = Kiln stack flow rate (volume/hr).

(v) As an alternative to paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section, the owner or operator may demonstrate initial compliance by conducting a performance test using Method 321 of appendix A to this part. You must also monitor continuous performance through use of an HCI CPMS according to paragraphs (b)(6)(v)(A) through (H) of this section. For kilns with inline raw mills, compliance testing and monitoring HCI to establish the site specific operating limit must be conducted during both raw mill on and raw mill off conditions.

(A) For your HCI CPMS, you must establish a 30 kiln operating day site-specific operating limit. If your HCl performance test demonstrates your HCl emission levels to be less than 75 percent of your emission limit (2.25 ppmvd @7% O2), you must use the time weighted average HCl CPMS indicated value recorded during the HCl compliance test (typically measured as ppmw HCl at stack O2 concentration, but a dry, oxygen corrected value would also suffice), your HCl instrument zero output value, and the time weighted average HCl result of your compliance test to establish your operating limit. If your HCl compliance test demonstrates your HCl emission levels to be at or above 75 percent of your emission limit (2.25 ppmvd @7% O2), you must use the time weighted average HCl CPMS indicated value recorded during the HCl compliance test as your operating limit. You must use the HCl CPMS indicated signal data to demonstrate continuous compliance with your operating limit.

(1) Your HCI CPMS must provide a ppm HCI concentration output and the establishment of its relationship to manual reference method measurements must be determined in units of indicated ppm. The instrument signal may be in ppmw or ppmvd and the signal may be a measurement of HCI at in-stack concentration or a corrected oxygen concentration. Once the relationship between the indicated output of the HCI CPMS and the reference method test results is established, the HCI CPMS instrument measurement basis (ppmw or ppmvd, or oxygen correction basis) must not be altered. Likewise,







any setting that impacts the HCI CPMS indicated HCI response must remain fixed after the site-specific operating limit is set.

(2) Your HCI CPMS operating range must be capable of reading HCI concentrations from zero to a level equivalent to 125 percent of the highest expected value during mill off operation. If your HCI CPMS is an auto-ranging instrument capable of multiple scales, the primary range of the instrument must be capable of reading an indicated HCI concentration from zero to 10 ppm.

(3) During the initial performance test of a kiln with an inline raw mill, or any such subsequent performance test that demonstrates compliance with the HCI limit, record and average the indicated ppm HCI output values from the HCI CPMS for each of the six periods corresponding to the compliance test runs (e.g., average each of your HCI CPMS output values for six corresponding Method 321 test runs). With the average values of the six test runs, calculate the average of the three mill on test runs and the average of the three mill off test runs. Calculate the time weighted result using the average of the three mill on tests and the average of the three mill off tests and the previous annual ratio of mill on/mill off operations. Kilns without an inline raw mill will conduct three compliance tests and calculate the average monitor output values corresponding to these three test runs and not use time weighted values to determine their site specific operating limit.

(B) Determine your operating limit as specified in paragraphs (b)(6)(i) or (iii) of this section. If your HCl performance test demonstrates your HCl emission levels to be below 75 percent of your emission limit, kilns with inline raw mills will use the time weighted average indicated HCl ppm concentration CPMS value recorded during the HCl compliance test, the zero value output from your HCl CPMS, and the time weighted average HCl result of your compliance test to establish your operating limit. Kilns without inline raw mills will not use a time weighted average value to establish their operating limit. If your time weighted HCl compliance test demonstrates your HCl emission levels to be at or above 75 percent of your emission limit, you will use the time weighted HCl CPMS indicated ppm value recorded during the HCl compliance test to establish your operating limit. Kilns without inline raw mills will not use time weighted compliance test to establish their operating limit. Kilns without inline raw mills will not use time weighted compliance test to establish your emission limit, you will use the time weighted HCl CPMS indicated ppm value recorded during the HCl compliance test to establish your operating limit. Kilns without inline raw mills will not use time weighted compliance test results to make this determination. You must verify an existing operating limit or establish a new operating limit for each kiln, after each repeated performance test.

(C) If the average of your three Method 321 compliance test runs (for kilns without an inline raw mill) or the time weighted average of your six Method 321 compliance test runs (for an kiln with an inline raw mill) is below 75 percent of your HCl emission limit, you must calculate an operating limit by establishing a relationship of the average HCl CPMS indicated ppm to the Method 321 test average HCl concentration using the HCl CPMS instrument zero, the average HCl CPMS indicated values corresponding to the three (for kilns without inline raw mills) or time weighted HCl CPMS indicated values corresponding to the six (for kilns with inline raw mills) compliance test runs, and the average HCl concentration (for kilns without raw mills) or average time weighted HCl concentration (for kilns with inline raw mills) from the Method 321 compliance test with the procedures in paragraphs (b)(6)(v)(C)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Determine your HCI CPMS instrument zero output with one of the following procedures:

(i) Zero point data for in situ instruments should be obtained by removing the instrument from the stack and monitoring ambient air on a test bench.

(ii) If neither of the steps in paragraphs (b)(6)(v)(C)(1)(i) through (ii) of this section are possible, you must use a zero output value provided by the manufacturer.

(2) If your facility does not have an inline raw mill you will determine your HCI CPMS indicated average in HCI ppm, and the average of your corresponding three HCI compliance test runs, using equation 11a.

### Where:

Xi = The HCI CPMS data points for the three (or six) runs constituting the performance test;

 $Y_i = The HCI concentration value for the three (or six) runs constituting the performance test; and$ 

n = The number of data points.

(3) You will determine your HCI CPMS indicated average in HCI ppm, and the average of your corresponding HCI compliance test runs, using equation 11b. If you have an inline raw mill, use this same equation to calculate a second three-test average for your mill off CPMS and compliance test data.

Where:

Xi = The HCI CPMS data points for the three runs constituting the mill on OR mill off performance test; Yi = The HCI concentration value for the three runs constituting the mill on OR mill off performance test; and





n = The number of data points.

(4) With your instrument zero expressed in ppm, your average HCI CPMS ppm value, and your HCI compliance test average, determine a relationship of performance test HCI (as ppmvd @7% O2) concentration per HCI CPMS indicated ppm with Equation 11c.

Where:

R = The relative performance test concentration per indicated ppm for your HCI CPMS;

Y1 = The average HCl concentration as ppmvd @7% O2 during the performance test;

X1 = The average indicated ppm output from your HCI CPMS; and

z = The ppm of your instrument zero determined from paragraph (b)(6)(v)(C)(1) of this section.

(5) Determine your source specific 30 kiln operating day operating limit using HC1 CPMS indicated value from Equation 11c in Equation 11d, below. This sets your operating limit at the HC1 CPMS output value corresponding to 75 percent of your emission limit.

Where:

OI = The operating limit for your HCI CPMS on a 30 kiln operating day average, as indicated ppm;

L = 3 ppmvd @7% O2;

z = Your instrument zero, determined from paragraph (b)(6)(v)(C)(1) of this section ; and

R = The relative performance test concentration per indicated ppm for your HCI CPMS, from Equation 11c.

(D) If the average of your HCl compliance test runs is at or above 75 percent of your HCl emission limit (2.25 ppmvd@7% O2) you must determine your operating limit by averaging the HCl CPMS output corresponding to your HCl performance test runs that demonstrate compliance with the emission limit using Equation 11e.

Where:

Oh = Your site specific HCI CPMS operating limit, in indicated ppm. Xi = The HCI CPMS data points for all runs i. n = The number of data points.

(E) To determine continuous compliance with the operating limit, you must record the HCI CPMS indicated output data for all periods when the process is operating and use all the HCI CPMS data for calculations when the source is not out of control. You must demonstrate continuous compliance with the operating limit by using all quality-assured hourly average data collected by the HCI CPMS for all operating hours to calculate the arithmetic average operating parameter in units of the operating limit (ppmvw) on a 30 kiln operating day rolling average basis, updated at the end of each new kiln operating day. Use Equation 11f to determine the 30 kiln operating day average:

Where:

30 kiln operating day parameter average = The average indicated value for the CPMS parameter over the previous 30 days of kiln operation;

Hpvi = The hourly parameter value for hour i; and

n = The number of valid hourly parameter values collected over 30 kiln operating days.

(F) If you exceed the 30 kiln operating day operating limit, you must evaluate the control system operation and re-set the operating limit.

(G) The owner or operator of a kiln with an inline raw mill and subject to limitations on HCI emissions must demonstrate initial compliance by conducting separate performance tests while the raw mill is on and while the raw mill is off. Using the fraction of time the raw mill is on calculate your HCI CPMS limit as a weighted average of the HCI CPMS indicated values measured during raw mill on and raw mill off compliance testing using Equation 11g.





Where:

R = HCI CPMS operating limit;

b = Average indicated HCI CPMS value during mill on operations, ppm;

t = Fraction of operating time with mill on;

a = Average indicated HCI CPMS value during mill off operations ppm; and

(1-t) = Fraction of operating time with mill off.

(H) Paragraph (b)(6)(v) of this section expires on July 25, 2017 at which time the owner or operator must demonstrate compliance with paragraphs (b)(6)(i), (ii), or (iii).

(7) Total Organic HAP Emissions Tests. Instead of conducting the performance test specified in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, you may conduct a performance test to determine emissions of total organic HAP by following the procedures in paragraphs (b)(7)(i) through (v) of this section.

(i) Use Method 320 of appendix A to this part, Method 18 of Appendix A of part 60, ASTM D6348-03 or a combination to determine emissions of total organic HAP. Each performance test must consist of three separate runs under the conditions that exist when the affected source is operating at the representative performance conditions in accordance with §63.7(e). Each run must be conducted for at least 1 hour.

(ii) At the same time that you are conducting the performance test for total organic HAP, you must also determine a sitespecific THC emissions limit by operating a THC CEMS in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(j). The duration of the performance test must be at least 3 hours and the average THC concentration (as calculated from the recorded output) during the 3-hour test must be calculated. You must establish your THC operating limit and determine compliance with it according to paragraphs (b)(7)(vii) and (viii) of this section. It is permissible to extend the testing time of the organic HAP performance test if you believe extended testing is required to adequately capture organic HAP and/or THC variability over time.

(iii) If your source has an in-line kiln/raw mill you must use the fraction of time the raw mill is on and the fraction of time that the raw mill is off and calculate this limit as a weighted average of the THC levels measured during three raw mill on and three raw mill off tests.

(iv) If your organic HAP emissions are below 75 percent of the organic HAP standard and you determine your operating limit with paragraph (b)(7)(vii) of this section your THC CEMS must be calibrated and operated on a measurement scale no greater than 180 ppm w, as carbon, or 60 ppm w as propane.

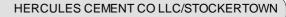
(v) If your kiln has an inline coal mill and/or an alkali bypass with separate stacks, you are required to measure and account for oHAP emissions from their separate stacks. You are required to measure oHAP at the coal mill inlet or outlet and you must also measure oHAP at the alkali bypass outlet. You must then calculate a flow weighted average oHAP concentration for all emission sources including the inline coal mill and the alkali bypass.

(vi) Your THC CEMS measurement scale must be capable of reading THC concentrations from zero to a level equivalent to two times your highest THC emissions average determined during your performance test, including mill on or mill off operation. Note: This may require the use of a dual range instrument to meet this requirement and paragraph (b)(7)(iv) of this section.

(vii) Determine your operating limit as specified in paragraphs (b)(7)(viii) and (ix) of this section. If your organic HAP performance test demonstrates your average organic HAP emission levels are below 75 percent of your emission limit (9 ppmv) you will use the average THC value recorded during the organic HAP performance test, and the average total organic HAP result of your performance test to establish your operating limit. If your organic HAP compliance test results demonstrate that your average organic HAP emission levels are at or above 75 percent of your emission limit, your operating limit is established as the average THC value recorded during the organic HAP performance test. You must establish a new operating limit after each performance test. You must repeat the performance test no later than 30 months following your last performance test and reassess and adjust the site-specific operating limit in accordance with the results of the performance test.

(viii) If the average organic HAP results for your three Method 18 and/or Method 320 performance test runs are below 75 percent of your organic HAP emission limit, you must calculate an operating limit by establishing a relationship of THC CEMS signal to the organic HAP concentration using the average THC CEMS value corresponding to the three organic HAP compliance test runs and the average organic HAP total concentration from the Method 18 and/or Method 320 performance test runs with the procedures in (b)(7)(viii)(A) and (B) of this section.

(A) Determine the THC CEMS average values in ppmvw, and the average of your corresponding three total organic HAP compliance test runs, using Equation 12.







Where:

 $x^{-}$  = The THC CEMS average values in ppm w.

Xi = The THC CEMS data points for all three test runs i.

 $y^{-}$  = The organic HAP average values in ppm w.

i = The organic HAP concentrations for all three test runs i.

n = The number of data points.

(B) You must use your three run average THC CEMS value and your three run average organic HAP concentration from your three Method 18 and/or Method 320 compliance tests to determine the operating limit. Use equation 13 to determine your operating limit in units of ppm w THC, as propane.

Where:

TI = The 30-day operating limit for your THC CEMS, ppm/w.

Y1 = The average organic HAP concentration from Eq. 12, ppmvd.

X1 = The average THC CEMS concentration from Eq. 12, ppm/w.

(ix) If the average of your three organic HAP performance test runs is at or above 75 percent of your organic HAP emission limit, you must determine your operating limit using Equation 14 by averaging the THC CEMS output values corresponding to your three organic HAP performance test runs that demonstrate compliance with the emission limit. If your new THC CEMS value is below your current operating limit, you may opt to retain your current operating limit, but you must still submit all performance test and THC CEMS data according to the reporting requirements in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.

Where:

X1 = The THC CEMS data points for all runs i.

n = The number of data points.

Th = Your site specific operating limit, in ppmvw THC.

(x) If your kiln has an inline kiln/raw mill, you must conduct separate performance tests while the raw mill is operating ("mill on") and while the raw mill is not operating ("mill off"). Using the fraction of time the raw mill is on and the fraction of time that the raw mill is off, calculate this limit as a weighted average of the THC levels measured during raw mill on and raw mill off compliance testing with Equation 15.

Where:

R = Operating limit as THC, ppmvw.

y = Average THC CEMS value during mill on operations, ppmvw.

t = Percentage of operating time with mill on.

x = Average THC CEMS value during mill off operations, ppm w.

(1-t) = Percentage of operating time with mill off.

(xi) To determine continuous compliance with the THC operating limit, you must record the THC CEMS output data for all periods when the process is operating and the THC CEMS is not out-of-control. You must demonstrate continuous compliance by using all quality-assured hourly average data collected by the THC CEMS for all operating hours to calculate the arithmetic average operating parameter in units of the operating limit (ppmvw) on a 30 operating day rolling average basis, updated at the end of each new kiln operating day. Use Equation 16 to determine the 30 kiln operating day average.

Where:

Hpvi = The hourly parameter value for hour i, ppm/w.

n = The number of valid hourly parameter values collected over 30 kiln operating days.

(xii) Use EPA Method 18 or Method 320 of appendix A to part 60 of this chapter to determine organic HAP emissions. For





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each performance test, conduct at least three separate runs under the conditions that exist when the affected source is operating at the level reasonably expected to occur. If your source has an in-line kiln/raw mill you must conduct three separate test runs with the raw mill on, and three separate runs under the conditions that exist when the affected source is operating at the level reasonably expected to occur with the mill off. Conduct each Method 18 test run to collect a minimum target sample equivalent to three times the method detection limit. Calculate the average of the results from three runs to determine compliance.

(xiii) If the THC level exceeds by 10 percent or more your site-specific THC emissions limit, you must

(A) As soon as possible but no later than 30 days after the exceedance, conduct an inspection and take corrective action to return the THC CEMS measurements to within the established value; and

(B) Within 90 days of the exceedance or at the time of the 30 month compliance test, whichever comes first, conduct another performance test to determine compliance with the organic HAP limit and to verify or re-establish your site-specific THC emissions limit.

(8) HCI Emissions Tests with SO2 Monitoring. If you choose to monitor SO2 emissions using a CEMS to demonstrate HCI compliance, follow the procedures in (b)(8)(i) through (ix) of this section and in accordance with the requirements of (3.1350(I)(3)). You must establish an SO2 operating limit equal to the average recorded during the HCI stack test. This operating limit will apply only for demonstrating HCI compliance.

(i) Use Method 321 of appendix A to this part to determine emissions of HCI. Each performance test must consist of three separate runs under the conditions that exist when the affected source is operating at the representative performance conditions in accordance with §63.7(e). Each run must be conducted for at least one hour.

(ii) At the same time that you are conducting the performance test for HCl, you must also determine a site-specific SO2 emissions limit by operating an SO2 CEMS in accordance with the requirements of §63.1350(l). The duration of the performance test must be three hours and the average SO2 concentration (as calculated from the average output) during the 3-hour test must be calculated. You must establish your SO2 operating limit and determine compliance with it according to paragraphs (b)(8)(vii) and (viii) of this section.

(iii) If your source has an in-line kiln/raw mill you must use the fraction of time the raw mill is on and the fraction of time that the raw mill is off and calculate this limit as a weighted average of the SO2 levels measured during raw mill on and raw mill off testing.

(iv) Your SO2 CEMS must be calibrated and operated according to the requirements of §60.63(f).

(v) Your SO2 CEMS measurement scale must be capable of reading SO2 concentrations consistent with the requirements of §60.63(f), including mill on or mill off operation.

(vi) If your kiln has an inline kiln/raw mill, you must conduct separate performance tests while the raw mill is operating ("mill on") and while the raw mill is not operating ("mill off"). Using the fraction of time the raw mill is on and the fraction of time that the raw mill is off, calculate this limit as a weighted average of the SO2 levels measured during raw mill on and raw mill off compliance testing with Equation 17.

### Where:

R = Operating limit as SO2, ppmvw.

y = Average SO2 CEMS value during mill on operations, ppm vv.

t = Percentage of operating time with mill on, expressed as a decimal.

x = Average SO2 CEMS value during mill off operations, ppm vw.

1-t = Percentage of operating time with mill off, expressed as a decimal.

(vii) If the average of your three HCI compliance test runs is below 75 percent of your HCI emission limit, you may as a compliance alternative, calculate an operating limit by establishing a relationship of SO2 CEMS signal to your HCI concentration corrected to 7 percent O2 by using the SO2 CEMS instrument zero, the average SO2 CEMS values corresponding to the three compliance test runs, and the average HCI concentration from the HCI compliance test with the procedures in (b)(8)(vii)(A) through (D) of this section.

(A) Determine your SO2 CEMS instrument zero output with one of the following procedures:

(1) Zero point data for in-situ instruments should be obtained by removing the instrument from the stack and monitoring ambient air on a test bench.

(2) Zero point data for extractive instruments may be obtained by removing the extractive probe from the stack and drawing in clean ambient air.

(3) The zero point may also be established by performing probe-flood introduction of high purity nitrogen or certified







zero air free of SO2.

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(4) If none of the steps in paragraphs (b)(8)(vii)(A)(1) through (3) of this section are possible, you must use a zero output value provided by the manufacturer.

(B) Determine your SO2 CEMS instrument average ppm, and the average of your corresponding three HCI compliance test runs, using Equation 18.

Where:

 $x^{-}$  = The SO2 CEMS average values in ppm w.

X1 = The SO2 CEMS data points for the three runs constituting the performance test.

 $y^{-}$  = The HCl average values in ppm vw.

Y1 = The HCI emission concentration expressed as ppmv corrected to 7 percent oxygen for the three runs constituting the performance test.

n = The number of data points.

(C) With your instrument zero expressed in ppmv, your three run average SO2 CEMS expressed in ppmv, and your three run HCl compliance test average in ppm corrected to 7 percent O2, determine a relationship of ppm HCl corrected to 7 percent O2 per ppm SO2 with Equation 19.

Where:

R = The relative HCl ppmv corrected to 7 percent O2 per ppm SO2 for your SO2 CEMS.

Y1 = The three run average HCl concentration corrected to 7 percent O2.

X1 = The three run average ppm recorded by your SO2 CEMS.

z = The instrument zero output ppm value.

(D) Determine your source specific 30-day rolling average operating limit using ppm HCl corrected to 7 percent O2 per ppm SO2 value from Equation 19 in Equation 20, below. This sets your operating limit at the SO2 CEMS ppm value corresponding to 75 percent of your emission limit.

### Where:

OI = The operating limit for your SO2 CEMS on a 30-day rolling average, in ppmv.

L = Your source HCI emission limit expressed in ppmv corrected to 7 percent O2.

z = Your instrument zero in ppmv, determined from (1)(i).

R = The relative oxygen corrected ppmv HCl per ppmv SO2, for your SO2 CEMS, from Equation 19.

(viii) To determine continuous compliance with the SO2 operating limit, you must record the SO2 CEMS output data for all periods when the process is operating and the SO2 CEMS is not out-of-control. You must demonstrate continuous compliance by using all quality-assured hourly average data collected by the SO2 CEMS for all operating hours to calculate the arithmetic average operating parameter in units of the operating limit (ppmw) on a 30 operating day rolling average basis, updated at the end of each new kiln operating day. Use Equation 21 to determine the 30 kiln operating day average.

Where:

Hpvi = The hourly parameter value for hour i, ppmvw.n = The number of valid hourly parameter values collected over 30 kiln operating days.

(ix) Use EPA Method 321 of appendix A to part 60 of this chapter to determine HCI emissions. For each performance test, conduct at least three separate runs under the conditions that exist when the affected source is operating at the level reasonably expected to occur. If your source has an in-line kiln/raw mill you must conduct three separate test runs with the raw mill on, and three separate runs under the conditions that exist when the affected source is operating at the level reasonably expected to occur with the mill off.

(x) If the SO2 level exceeds by 10 percent or more your site-specific SO2 emissions limit, you must:(A) As soon as possible but no later than 30 days after the exceedance, conduct an inspection and take corrective





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action to return the SO2 CEMS measurements to within the established value;

(B) Within 90 days of the exceedance or at the time of the periodic compliance test, whichever comes first, conduct another performance test to determine compliance with the HCI limit and to verify or re-establish your site-specific SO2 emissions limit.

(c) Performance test frequency. Except as provided in §63.1348(b), performance tests are required at regular intervals for affected sources that are subject to a dioxin, organic HAP or HCI emissions limit. Performance tests required every 30 months must be completed no more than 31 calendar months after the previous performance test except where that specific pollutant is monitored using CEMS; performance tests required every 12 months must be completed no more than 13 calendar months after the previous performance test.

### (d) [Reseved]

(e) Conditions of performance tests. Conduct performance tests under such conditions as the Administrator specifies to the owner or operator based on representative performance of the affected source for the period being tested. Upon request, you must make available to the Administrator such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of performance tests.

[75 FR 55057, Sept. 9, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 10040, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44781, July 27, 2015; 80 FR 54729, Sept. 11, 2015; 81 FR 48359, July 25, 2016; 82 FR 28565, June 23, 2017; 82 FR 39673, Aug. 22, 2017; 83 FR 35132, July 25, 2018]

#### # 016 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7] Subpart A--General Provisions Performance testing requirements.

The permittee shall comply with all applicable performance testing requirements found in 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A 63.7.

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall monitor with a pressure differential indicator and record the pressure differential across the fabric collectors or other devices used to control the emissions of particulate matter at the facility.

At a minimum these recordings shall be taken once per week while the sources and collectors are in operation. The recordings shall be maintained on site and made available to the Department upon request.

#### # 018 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

At least once per month, visual emission checks of each emission point subject to an opacity limit (excluding sources handled by an opacity CEM) shall be conducted during periods of normal facility operation for a sufficient time interval to determine if the unit has visible emissions using 40 CFR 60 Appendix A, Method 22. If sources of visible emissions are identified during the survey, or at any other time, the permittee shall conduct a 40 CFR Appendix A, Method 9 evaluation within one hour. A Method 9 evaluation shall not be required if the visible emission condition is corrected in a timely manner and the units are operating at normal operating conditions. A record of each visible emission check required above shall be maintained on site for a period of no less than five (5) years. Said record shall include, but not be limited to, the date, time, name of emission unit, the applicable visible emissions requirement, the results of the check, what action(s), if any, was/were taken, and the name of the observer.

The permittee shall monitor visible emissions from sources subject to an opacity limit (excluding sources covered by an Opacity CEM or fired by natural gas) in accordance with the following procedures, test methods and frequencies:

(a) EPA Method 22 shall be used to determine visible emissions. EPA Method 9 shall be used to determine opacity. Prior notification and a pre-test plan are not required to be submitted for each test or survey conducted.





(b) The permittee shall use the following monitoring schedule for conducting the visible emissions tests required by this condition:

(i) The initial monitoring frequency for performing visible tests is once per month.

(ii) If the tests conducted during six (6) consecutive months of operation show opacity within the applicable limits, the tests need only be donesemi-annually.

(iii) If no visible emissions are observed during the semi-annual test, the permittee may decrease the frequency of testing from semi-annually to annually for that affected source.

(iv) If an exceedance occurs, the tests for the exceeding monitoring point will start over with monthy checks according to the monitoring frequency table above.

(c) All visible emissions tests shall be conducted during operating conditions that have the potential to create visible emissions.

(d) If the observer is unable to conduct the tests due to unit downtime, visual interference caused by other visible emission sources (e.g. fugitive emissions during high wind conditions), or due to inclement weather conditions such as fog, heavy rain, or snow, the observer shall note such conditions on the data observation sheet and make at least three (3) periodic attempts to conduct the test throughout the day. The permittee shall attempt to make the observation daily until a valid observation period is completed.

## # 019 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The permittee shall conduct weekly inspections of the facility perimeter, during daylight hours when the plant is inoperation, to detect visible, fugitive, and malodor emissions as follows:

(1) Visible emissions in excess of the limits stated in SECTION C - Condition #004.

(i) Visible emissions may be measured according to the methods specified in SECTION C - Condition #011, or alternatively, plant personnel who observe any visible emissions (i.e. emissions in excess of 0% opacity) will report the incident of visible emissions to the mamanger of the facility and the Department within four (4) hours of each incident. If the visible emission condition is not corrected within a timely manner, the manager of the facility shall make arrangements for a Method 9 evaluation.

(2) The presence of fugitive emissions visible beyond the boundaries of the facility, as stated in SECTION C - Condition #002.

(3) The presence of malodor emissions beyond the boundaries of the facility, as stated in SECTION C - Condition #003.

# 020 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1350]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Monitoring requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 63.1350.

(a)(1) Following the compliance date, the owner or operator must demonstrate compliance with this subpart on a continuous basis by meeting the requirements of this section.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) For each existing unit that is equipped with a CMS, maintain the average emissions or the operating parameter values within the operating parameter limits established through performance tests.

(4) Any instance where the owner or operator fails to comply with the continuous monitoring requirements of this section is a violation.

(b) PM monitoring requirements. (1)(i) PM CPMS. You will use a PM CPMS to establish a site-specific operating limit corresponding to the results of the performance test demonstrating compliance with the PM limit. You will conduct your performance test using Method 5 or Method 5I at appendix A-3 to part 60 of this chapter. You will use the PM CPMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with this operating limit. You must repeat the performance test annually and





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reassess and adjust the site-specific operating limit in accordance with the results of the performance test using the procedures in §63.1349(b)(1) (i) through (vi) of this subpart. You must also repeat the test if you change the analytical range of the instrument, or if you replace the instrument itself or any principle analytical component of the instrument that would alter the relationship of output signal to in-stack PM concentration.

(ii) To determine continuous compliance, you must use the PM CPMS output data for all periods when the process is operating and the PM CPMS is not out-of-control. You must demonstrate continuous compliance by using all quality-assured hourly average data collected by the PM CPMS for all operating hours to calculate the arithmetic average operating parameter in units of the operating limit (milliamps) on a 30 operating day rolling average basis, updated at the end of each new kiln operating day.

(iii) For any exceedance of the 30 process operating day PM CPMS average value from the established operating parameter limit, you must:

(A) Within 48 hours of the exceedance, visually inspect the APCD;

(B) If inspection of the APCD identifies the cause of the exceedance, take corrective action as soon as possible and return the PM CPMS measurement to within the established value; and

(C) Within 30 days of the exceedance or at the time of the annual compliance test, whichever comes first, conduct a PM emissions compliance test to determine compliance with the PM emissions limit and to verify or re-establish the PM CPMS operating limit within 45 days. You are not required to conduct additional testing for any exceedances that occur between the time of the original exceedance and the PM emissions compliance test required under this paragraph.

(iv) PM CPMS exceedances leading to more than four required performance tests in a 12-month process operating period (rolling monthly) constitute a presumptive violation of this subpart.

(2) [Reserved]

#### (c) [Reserved]

(d) Clinker production monitoring requirements. In order to determine clinker production, you must:

(1) Determine hourly clinker production by one of two methods:

(i) Install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a permanent weigh scale system to measure and record weight rates in tons-mass per hour of the amount of clinker produced. The system of measuring hourly clinker production must be maintained within ±5 percent accuracy, or

(ii) Install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a permanent weigh scale system to measure and record weight rates in tons-mass per hour of the amount of feed to the kiln. The system of measuring feed must be maintained within ±5 percent accuracy. Calculate your hourly clinker production rate using a kiln-specific feed to clinker ratio based on reconciled clinker production determined for accounting purposes and recorded feed rates. Update this ratio monthly. Note that if this ratio changes at clinker reconciliation, you must use the new ratio going forward, but you do not have to retroactively change clinker production rates previously estimated.

(iii) [Reserved]

(2) Determine, record, and maintain a record of the accuracy of the system of measuring hourly clinker production (or feed mass flow if applicable) before initial use (for new sources) or by the effective compliance date of this rule (for existing sources). During each quarter of source operation, you must determine, record, and maintain a record of the ongoing accuracy of the system of measuring hourly clinker production (or feed mass flow).

(3) If you measure clinker production directly, record the daily clinker production rates; if you measure the kiln feed rates and calculate clinker production, record the hourly kiln feed and clinker production rates.

(4) Develop an emissions monitoring plan in accordance with paragraphs (p)(1) through (p)(4) of this section.

### (e) [Reserved]

(f) Opacity monitoring requirements. If you are subject to a limitation on opacity under 63.1345, you must conduct required opacity monitoring in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (vii) of this section and in accordance with your monitoring plan developed under 63.1350(p). You must also develop an opacity monitoring plan in accordance with paragraphs (p)(1) through (4) and paragraph (o)(5), if applicable, of this section.

(1)(i) You must conduct a monthly 10-minute visible emissions test of each affected source in accordance with Method 22 of appendix A-7 to part 60 of this chapter. The performance test must be conducted while the affected source is in operation.

(ii) If no visible emissions are observed in six consecutive monthly tests for any affected source, the owner or operator may decrease the frequency of performance testing from monthly to semi-annually for that affected source. If visible emissions are observed during any semi-annual test, you must resume performance testing of that affected source on a







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monthly basis and maintain that schedule until no visible emissions are observed in six consecutive monthly tests. (iii) If no visible emissions are observed during the semi-annual test for any affected source, you may decrease the frequency of performance testing from semi-annually to annually for that affected source. If visible emissions are observed during any annual performance test, the owner or operator must resume performance testing of that affected source on a monthly basis and maintain that schedule until no visible emissions are observed in six consecutive monthly tests.

(iv) If visible emissions are observed during any Method 22 performance test, of appendix A-7 to part 60 of this chapter, you must conduct 30 minutes of opacity observations, recorded at 15-second intervals, in accordance with Method 9 of appendix A-4 to part 60 of this chapter. The Method 9 performance test, of appendix A-4 to part 60 of this chapter, must begin within 1 hour of any observation of visible emissions.

(v) Any totally enclosed conveying system transfer point, regardless of the location of the transfer point is not required to conduct Method 22 visible emissions monitoring under this paragraph. The enclosures for these transfer points must be operated and maintained as total enclosures on a continuing basis in accordance with the facility operations and maintenance plan.

(vi) If any partially enclosed or unenclosed conveying system transfer point is located in a building, you must conduct a Method 22 performance test, of appendix A-7 to part 60 of this chapter, according to the requirements of paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section for each such conveying system transfer point located within the building, or for the building itself, according to paragraph (f)(1)(vi) of this section.

(vii) If visible emissions from a building are monitored, the requirements of paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (f)(1)(iv) of this section apply to the monitoring of the building, and you must also test visible emissions from each side, roof, and vent of the building for at least 10 minutes.

(2)(i) For a raw mill or finish mill, you must monitor opacity by conducting daily visible emissions observations of the mill sweep and air separator PM control devices (PMCD) of these affected sources in accordance with the procedures of Method 22 of appendix A-7 to part 60 of this chapter. The duration of the Method 22 performance test must be 6 minutes.

(ii) Within 24 hours of the end of the Method 22 performance test in which visible emissions were observed, the owner or operator must conduct a follow up Method 22 performance test of each stack from which visible emissions were observed during the previous Method 22 performance test.

(iii) If visible emissions are observed during the follow-up Method 22 performance test required by paragraph (f)(2)(ii) of this section from any stack from which visible emissions were observed during the previous Method 22 performance test required by paragraph (f)(2)(i) of the section, you must then conduct an opacity test of each stack from which emissions were observed during the follow up Method 22 performance test in accordance with Method 9 of appendix A-4 to part 60 of this chapter. The duration of the Method 9 test must be 30 minutes.

(3) If visible emissions are observed during any Method 22 visible emissions test conducted under paragraphs (f)(1) or (2) of this section, you must initiate, within one-hour, the corrective actions specified in your operation and maintenance plan as required in §63.1347.

(4) The requirements under paragraph (f)(2) of this section to conduct daily Method 22 testing do not apply to any specific raw mill or finish mill equipped with a COMS or BLDS.

(i) If the owner or operator chooses to install a COMS in lieu of conducting the daily visible emissions testing required under paragraph (f)(2) of this section, then the COMS must be installed at the outlet of the PM control device of the raw mill or finish mill and the COMS must be installed, maintained, calibrated, and operated as required by the general provisions in subpart A of this part and according to PS-1 of appendix B to part 60 of this chapter.

(ii) If you choose to install a BLDS in lieu of conducting the daily visible emissions testing required under paragraph (f)(2) of this section, the requirements in paragraphs (m)(1) through (m)(4), (m)(10) and (m)(11) of this section apply.

(g) NA.

(h) NA.

(i) THC Monitoring Requirements. If you are subject to an emissions limitation on THC emissions, you must comply with the monitoring requirements of paragraphs (i)(1) and (i)(2) and (m)(1) through (m)(4) of this section. You must also develop an emissions monitoring plan in accordance with paragraphs (p)(1) through (p)(4) of this section.

(1) You must install, operate, and maintain a THC continuous emission monitoring system in accordance with Performance Specification 8 or Performance Specification 8A of appendix B to part 60 of this chapter and comply with all of the requirements for continuous monitoring systems found in the general provisions, subpart A of this part. The owner or operator must operate and maintain each CEMS according to the quality assurance requirements in Procedure 1 of appendix F in part 60 of this chapter. For THC continuous emission monitoring systems certified under Performance Specification 8A, conduct the relative accuracy test audits required under Procedure 1 in accordance with Performance





Specification 8, Sections 8 and 11 using Method 25A in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 as the reference method; the relative accuracy must meet the criteria of Performance Specification 8, Section 13.2.

(2) Performance tests on alkali bypass and coal mill stacks must be conducted using Method 25A in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 and repeated every 30 months.

(j) NA.

(k) Mercury monitoring requirements. If you have a kiln subject to an emissions limitation on mercury emissions, you must install and operate a mercury continuous emissions monitoring system (Hg CEMS) in accordance with Performance Specification 12A (PS 12A) of appendix B to part 60 of this chapter or an integrated sorbent trap monitoring system in accordance with Performance Specification 12B (PS 12B) of appendix B to part 60 of this chapter. You must monitor mercury continuously according to paragraphs (k)(1) through (5) of this section. You must also develop an emissions monitoring plan in accordance with paragraphs (p)(1) through (4) of this section.

ate, calibrate, and maintain instruments, according to the requirements in paragraphs (n)(1) through (10) of this section, for continuously measuring and recording the stack gas flow rate to allow determination of the pollutant mass emissions rate to the atmosphere from sources subject to an emissions limitation that has a pounds per ton of clinker unit and that is required to be monitored by a CEMS.

(I) HCI Monitoring Requirements. If you are subject to an emissions limitation on HCI emissions in §63.1343, you must monitor HCI emissions continuously according to paragraph (I)(1) or (2) and paragraphs (m)(1) through (4) of this section or, if your kiln is controlled using a wet or dry scrubber or tray tower, you alternatively may parametrically monitor SO2 emissions continuously according to paragraph (I)(3) of this section. You must also develop an emissions monitoring plan in accordance with paragraphs (p)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) If you monitor compliance with the HCI emissions limit by operating an HCI CEMS, you must do so in accordance with Performance Specification 15 (PS 15) of appendix B to part 60 of this chapter, or, upon promulgation, in accordance with any other performance specification for HCI CEMS in appendix B to part 60 of this chapter. You must operate, maintain, and quality assure a HCI CEMS installed and certified under PS 15 according to the quality assurance requirements in Procedure 1 of appendix F to part 60 of this chapter except that the Relative Accuracy Test Audit requirements of Procedure 1 must be replaced with the validation requirements and criteria of sections 11.1.1 and 12.0 of PS 15. When promulgated, if you choose to install and operate an HCI CEMS in accordance with PS 18 of appendix B to part 60 of this chapter, you must operate, maintain and quality assure the HCI CEMS using the associated Procedure 6 of appendix F to part 60 of this chapter as the reference test method for conducting relative accuracy testing. The span value and calibration requirements in paragraphs (I)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section apply to HCI CEMS other than those installed and certified under PS 15.

(i) You must use a measurement span value for any HCI CEMS of 0-10 ppm w unless the monitor is installed on a kiln without an inline raw mill. Kilns without an inline raw mill may use a higher span value sufficient to quantify all expected emissions concentrations. The HCI CEMS data recorder output range must include the full range of expected HCI concentration values which would include those expected during "mill off" conditions. The corresponding data recorder range shall be documented in the site-specific monitoring plan and associated records.

(ii) In order to quality assure data measured above the span value, you must use one of the three options in paragraphs (I)(1)(ii)(A) through (C) of this section.

(A) Include a second span that encompasses the HCI emission concentrations expected to be encountered during "mill off" conditions. This second span may be rounded to a multiple of 5 ppm of total HCI. The requirements of the appropriate HCI monitor performance specification shall be followed for this second span with the exception that a RATA with the mill off is not required.

(B) Quality assure any data above the span value by proving instrument linearity beyond the span value established in paragraph (I)(1)(i) of this section using the following procedure. Conduct a weekly "above span linearity" calibration challenge of the monitoring system using a reference gas with a certified value greater than your highest expected hourly concentration or greater than 75 percent of the highest measured hourly concentration. The "above span" reference gas must meet the requirements of the applicable performance specification and must be introduced to the measurement system at the probe. Record and report the results of this procedure as you would for a daily calibration. The "above span linearity" challenge is successful if the value measured by the HCI CEMS falls within 10 percent of the certified value of the reference gas. If the value measured by the HCI CEMS during the above span linearity challenge exceeds 10 percent of the certified value of the reference gas, the monitoring system must be evaluated and repaired and a new "above span linearity" challenge met before returning the HCI CEMS to service, or data above span from the HCI CEMS must be subject to the quality assurance procedures established in paragraph (I)(1)(ii)(D) of this section. Any HCI CEMS above span





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linearity challenge response exceeding  $\pm 20$  percent of the certified value of the reference gas requires that all above span hourly averages during the week following the above span linearity challenge must be normalized using Equation 23.

(C) Quality assure any data above the span value established in paragraph (I)(1)(i) of this section using the following procedure. Any time two consecutive one-hour average measured concentration of HCl exceeds the span value you must, within 24 hours before or after, introduce a higher, "above span" HCl reference gas standard to the HCl CEMS. The "above span" reference gas must meet the requirements of the applicable performance specification and target a concentration level between 50 and 150 percent of the highest expected hourly concentration measured during the period of measurements above span, and must be introduced at the probe. While this target represents a desired concentration range that is not always achievable in practice, it is expected that the intent to meet this range is demonstrated by the value of the reference gas. Expected values may include above span calibrations done before or after the above-span measurement period. Record and report the results of this procedure as you would for a daily calibration. The "above span" calibration is successful if the value measured by the HCl CEMS is within 20 percent of the certified value of the reference gas, then you must normalize the stack gas values measured above span as described in paragraph (I)(1)(ii)(D) of this section.

(D) In the event that the "above span" calibration is not successful (i.e., the HCI CEMS measured value is not within 20 percent of the certified value of the reference gas), then you must normalize the one-hour average stack gas values measured above the span during the 24-hour period preceding or following the `above span' calibration for reporting based on the HCI CEMS response to the reference gas as shown in Equation 23:

Only one "above span" calibration is needed per 24-hour period.

(2) Install, operate, and maintain a CMS to monitor wet scrubber or tray tower parameters, as specified in paragraphs (m)(5) and (7) of this section, and dry scrubber, as specified in paragraph (m)(9) of this section.

(3) If the source is equipped with a wet or dry scrubber or tray tower, and you choose to monitor SO2 emissions, monitor SO2 emissions continuously according to the requirements of §60.63(e) and (f) of part 60 subpart F of this chapter. If SO2 levels increase above the 30-day rolling average SO2 operating limit established during your performance test, you must:

(i) As soon as possible but no later than 48 hours after you exceed the established SO2 value conduct an inspection and take corrective action to return the SO2 emissions to within the operating limit; and

(ii) Within 60 days of the exceedance or at the time of the next compliance test, whichever comes first, conduct an HCl emissions compliance test to determine compliance with the HCl emissions limit and to verify or re-establish the SO2 CEMS operating limit.

(4) If you monitor continuous performance through the use of an HCI CPMS according to paragraphs (b)(6)(v)(A) through (H) of §63.1349, for any exceedance of the 30 kiln operating day HCI CPMS average value from the established operating limit, you must:

(i) Within 48 hours of the exceedance, visually inspect the APCD;

(ii) If inspection of the APCD identifies the cause of the exceedance, take corrective action as soon as possible and return the HCI CPMS measurement to within the established value; and

(iii) Within 30 days of the exceedance or at the time of the annual compliance test, whichever comes first, conduct an HCI emissions compliance test to determine compliance with the HCI emissions limit and to verify or reestablish the HCI CPMS operating limit within 45 days. You are not required to conduct additional testing for any exceedances that occur between the time of the original exceedance and the HCI emissions compliance test required under this paragraph.

(iv) HCI CPMS exceedances leading to more than four required performance tests in a 12-month process operating period (rolling monthly) constitute a presumptive violation of this subpart.

### (m) NA.

(n) Continuous Flow Rate Monitoring System. You must install, operate, calibrate, and maintain instruments, according to the requirements in paragraphs (n)(1) through (10) of this section, for continuously measuring and recording the stack gas flow rate to allow determination of the pollutant mass emissions rate to the atmosphere from sources subject to an emissions limitation that has a pounds per ton of clinker unit and that is required to be monitored by a CEMS.

(1) You must install each sensor of the flow rate monitoring system in a location that provides representative measurement of the exhaust gas flow rate at the sampling location of the mercury CEMS, taking into account the manufacturer's recommendations. The flow rate sensor is that portion of the system that senses the volumetric flow rate and generates an output proportional to that flow rate.

(2) The flow rate monitoring system must be designed to measure the exhaust flow rate over a range that extends from a value of at least 20 percent less than the lowest expected exhaust flow rate to a value of at least 20 percent greater than the





### highest expected exhaust flow rate.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) The flow rate monitoring system must be equipped with a data acquisition and recording system that is capable of recording values over the entire range specified in paragraph (n)(2) of this section.

(5) The signal conditioner, wiring, power supply, and data acquisition and recording system for the flow rate monitoring system must be compatible with the output signal of the flow rate sensors used in the monitoring system.

(6) The flow rate monitoring system must be designed to complete a minimum of one cycle of operation for each successive 15-minute period.

(7) The flow rate sensor must have provisions to determine the daily zero and upscale calibration drift (CD) (see sections 3.1 and 8.3 of Performance Specification 2 in appendix B to Part 60 of this chapter for a discussion of CD).

(i) Conduct the CD tests at two reference signal levels, zero (e.g., 0 to 20 percent of span) and upscale (e.g., 50 to 70 percent of span).

(ii) The absolute value of the difference between the flow monitor response and the reference signal must be equal to or less than 3 percent of the flow monitor span.

(8) You must perform an initial relative accuracy test of the flow rate monitoring system according to Section 8.2 of Performance Specification 6 of appendix B to part 60 of the chapter with the exceptions in paragraphs (n)(8)(i) and (n)(8)(i) of this section.

(i) The relative accuracy test is to evaluate the flow rate monitoring system alone rather than a continuous emission rate monitoring system.

(ii) The relative accuracy of the flow rate monitoring system shall be no greater than 10 percent of the mean value of the reference method data.

(9) You must verify the accuracy of the flow rate monitoring system at least once per year by repeating the relative accuracy test specified in paragraph (n)(8).

(10) You must operate the flow rate monitoring system and record data during all periods of operation of the affected facility including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, except for periods of monitoring system malfunctions, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions, and required monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments).

(o) NA.

(p) NA.

[75 FR 55059, Sept. 9, 2010, as amended at 76 FR 2836, Jan. 18, 2011; 78 FR 10048, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44788, July 27, 2015; 80 FR 54729, Sept. 11, 2015; 81 FR 48361, July 25, 2016; 82 FR 28565, June 23, 2017; 82 FR 39673, Aug. 22, 2017]

### # 021 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.8] Subpart A--General Provisions Monitoring requirements.

The owner or operator of an affected source shall maintain and operate each Continuous Monitoring System as specified in 40 CFR 63.8.

The sources subject to these regulations are Source ID No. 102 and 122.

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 022 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The facility shall record the results of the inspections of the control devices. The results of the inspection shall be recorded on a weekly basis, and made available to the Department upon request.

#### # 023 [25 Pa. Code §135.5] Recordkeeping





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Source owners or operators shall maintain and make available upon request by the Department records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with § § 135.3 and 135.21 (relating to reporting; and emission statements). These may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct record keeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.

### # 024 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.10] Subpart A--General Provisions

### Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain relevant records for such source of--

(i) The occurrence and duration of each startup, shutdown, or malfunction of operation (i.e. process equipment);

- (ii) The occurrence and duration of each malfunction of the air pollution control equipment;
- (iii) All maintenance performed on the air pollution control equipment;

(iv) Actions taken during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) when such actions are different from the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.

(v) All information necessary to demonstrate conformance with the affected sourcs's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan when all actions taken during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) are consistent with the procedures specified in such plan. (The information needed to demonstrate conformance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan may be recorded using a "checklist", or some other effective form of record keeping, in order to minimize the record keeping burden for conforming events).

### # 025 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1355]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Recordkeeping requirements.

(a) The owner or operator shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by this section recorded in a form suitable and readily available for inspection and review as required by §63.10(b)(1). The files shall be retained for at least five years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent two years of data shall be retained on site. The remaining three years of data may be retained off site. The files may be maintained on microfilm, on a computer, on floppy disks, on magnetic tape, or on microfiche.

(b) The owner or operator shall maintain records for each affected source as required by §63.10(b)(2) and (b)(3) of this part; and

(1) All documentation supporting initial notifications and notifications of compliance status under §63.9;

(2) All records of applicability determination, including supporting analyses; and

(3) If the owner or operator has been granted a waiver under §63.8(f)(6), any information demonstrating whether a source is meeting the requirements for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements.

(c) In addition to the recordkeeping requirements in paragraph (b) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source equipped with a continuous monitoring system shall maintain all records required by §63.10(c).

(d) [Reserved]

(e) You must keep records of the daily clinker production rates according to the clinker production monitoring requirements in §63.1350(d).

(f) You must keep records of the date, time and duration of each startup or shutdown period for any affected source that is subject to a standard during startup or shutdown that differs from the standard applicable at other times, and the quantity of feed and fuel used during the startup or shutdown period.





(g)(1) You must keep records of the date, time and duration of each malfunction that causes an affected source to fail to meet an applicable standard; if there was also a monitoring malfunction, the date, time and duration of the monitoring malfunction; the record must list the affected source or equipment, an estimate of the volume of each regulated pollutant emitted over the standard for which the source failed to meet a standard, and a description of the method used to estimate the emissions.

(2) You must keep records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with §63.1348(d) including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation.

(h) For each exceedance from an emissions standard or established operating parameter limit, you must keep records of the date, duration and description of each exceedance and the specific actions taken for each exceedance including inspections, corrective actions and repeat performance tests and the results of those actions.

[64 FR 31925, June 14, 1999, as amended at 71 FR 76552, Dec. 20, 2006; 75 FR 55064, Sept. 9, 2010; 78 FR 10053, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44791, July 27, 2015; 81 FR 48362, July 25, 2016; 83 FR 35135, July 25, 2018]

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 026 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

On a quarterly basis, the permittee shall compile a report of all logged instances of exceedances of the visible emission limitations, (for sources not handled by the opacity CEM), that occurred during the previous three (3) months, to be submitted to the Department within thirty (30) days of the close of the calendar quarter. If no exceedances were noted the report shall remain on site and made available to the Department upon request.

### # 027 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall report malfunctions which occur at the Title V facility to the Department which results in, or may possibly be resulting in, the emission of air contaminants in excess of the limitations specified in, or established pursuant to, any applicable rule or regulation contained in Article III of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection. As defined in 40 CFR Section 60.2 and incorporated by reference in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 122, a malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or unusual manner. Failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. Malfunctions shall be reported as follows:

(i) Malfunctions which occur at the Title V facility and which pose an imminent danger to public health, safety, welfare and the environment, shall be immediately reported to the Department by telephone. The telephone report of such malfunctions shall occur no later than one (1) hour after the incident. The permittee shall submit a written report of instances of such malfunctions to the Department within three (3) days of the telephone report.

(b) Unless otherwise required by this permit, any other malfunction that is not subject to the reporting requirements of Condition (a) above, shall be reported to the Department, in writing, within five (5) days of discovery of the malfunction.

### # 028 [25 Pa. Code §127.513] Compliance certification.

The reporting period for the certificate of compliance required by SECTION B - Condition #024 shall be for the previous calendar year, and it shall be submitted within 60 days after the specified period but no later than March 1st.

# 029 [25 Pa. Code §135.21] Emission statements

(a) Except as provided in subsection (d), this section applies to stationary sources or facilities:

(1) Located in an area designated by the Clean Air Act as a marginal, moderate, serious, severe or extreme ozone nonattainment area and which emit oxides of nitrogen or VOC.





(2) Not located in an area described in subparagraph (1) and included in the Northeast Ozone Transport Region which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons or more oxides of nitrogen or 50 tons or more of VOC per year.

(b) The owner or operator of each stationary source emitting oxides of nitrogen or VOC's shall provide the Department with a statement, in a form as the Department may prescribe, for classes or categories of sources, showing the actual emissions of oxides of nitrogen and VOCs from that source for each reporting period, a description of the method used to calculate the emissions and the time period over which the calculation is based. The statement shall contain a certification by a company officer or the plant manager that the information contained in the statement is accurate.

(c) Annual emission statements are due by March 1 for the preceding calendar year beginning with March 1, 1993, for calendar year 1992 and shall provide data consistent with requirements and guidance developed by the EPA. The guidance document is available from: United States Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M. Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. The Department may require more frequent submittals if the Department determines that one or more of the following applies:

(1) A more frequent submission is required by the EPA.

(2) Analysis of the data on a more frequent basis is necessary to implement the requirements of the act.

(d) Subsection (a) does not apply to a class or category of stationary sources which emits less than 25 tons per year of VOC's or oxides of nitrogen, if the Department in its submissions to the Administrator of the EPA under section 182(a)(1) or (3)(B)(ii) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. 7511a(a)(1) or (3)(B)(ii)) provides an inventory of emissions from the class or category of sources based on the use of the emission factors established by the Administrator or other methods acceptable to the Administrator. The Department will publish in the Pennsylvania Bulletin a notice of the lists of classes or categories of sources which are exempt from the emission statement requirement under this subsection.

# 030 [25 Pa. Code §135.3] Reporting

(a) A person who owns or operates a source to which this chapter applies, and who has previously been advised by the Department to submit a source (AIMS) report, shall submit by March 1 of each year a source report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the proceeding calendar year and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported.

(b) A person who receives initial notification by the Department that a source report is necessary shall submit an initial source report within 60 days after receiving the notification or by March 1 of the year following the year for which the report is required, whichever is later.

(c) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of a source report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

### # 031 [25 Pa. Code §135.4] Report format

Source reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Source reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.

# 032 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.10] Subpart A--General Provisions Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a)  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Periodic\,startup}}$  , shutdown, and malfunction reports.

If action taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of an affected source (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) are consistent with the procedures specified in the source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan the owner or operator shall state such information in a startup, shutdown, and malfunction report. Reports shall only be required if a startup, shutdown, or malfunction occurred during the reporting period. The startup, shutdown,





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and malfunction report shall consist of a letter, containing the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, that shall be submitted to the Administrator semiannually. The startup, shutdown, and malfunction report shall be delivered or postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half (or other calendar reporting period, as appropriate). If the owner or operator is required to submit excess emissions or other periodic reports under this part, the startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports required under this paragraph may be submitted simultaneously with the excess emission or other reports.

(b) Immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports.

Any time an action taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator shall report the actions taken for that event within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan followed by a letter within 7 working days after the end of the event. The immediate report required under this paragraph shall consist of a telephone call (or facsimile [FAX] transmission) to the Administrator within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan, and it shall be followed by a letter, delivered or postmarked within 7 working days after the end of the event, that contains the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, explaining the circumstances of the event, the reasons for not following the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and whether any excess emissions and/or parameter monitoring exceedances are believed to have occurred.

### # 033 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.10] Subpart A--General Provisions Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The owner or operator shall submit reports to the delegated State authority (which may be the same as the permitting authority) [See SECTION B - Condition #023 and #024]. The owner or operator shall send a copy of each report submitted to the following:

Regional Air Program Manager PA Department of Environmental Protection (At the address given on the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

Any report or notification for the EPA Administrator or EPA Region III should be addressed to:

Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance Assistance (3AP20) United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

# 034 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.10] Subpart A--General Provisions Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The owner or operator of an affected source shall comply with the record keeping and reporting requirements in 40 CFR 63.10(a)-(f).

# 035 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1354] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Reporting requirements.

(a) The reporting provisions of subpart A of this part that apply and those that do not apply to owners or operators of affected sources subject to this subpart are listed in Table 1 of this subpart. If any State requires a report that contains all of the information required in a report listed in this section, the owner or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the report sent to the State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that report.

(b) The owner or operator of an affected source shall comply with the reporting requirements specified in §63.10 of the







general provisions of this part 63, subpart A as follows:

(1) As required by §63.10(d)(2), the owner or operator shall report the results of performance tests as part of the notification of compliance status.

(2) As required by §63.10(d)(3), the owner or operator of an affected source shall report the opacity results from tests required by §63.1349.

(3) As required by §63.10(d)(4), the owner or operator of an affected source who is required to submit progress reports as a condition of receiving an extension of compliance under §63.6(i) shall submit such reports by the dates specified in the written extension of compliance.

(4)-(5) [Reserved]

(6) As required by 63.10(e)(2), the owner or operator shall submit a written report of the results of the performance evaluation for the continuous monitoring system required by 63.8(e). The owner or operator shall submit the report simultaneously with the results of the performance test.

(7) As required by 63.10(e)(2), the owner or operator of an affected source using a continuous opacity monitoring system to determine opacity compliance during any performance test required under 63.7 and described in 63.6(d)(6) shall report the results of the continuous opacity monitoring system performance evaluation conducted under 63.8(e).

(8) As required by §63.10(e)(3), the owner or operator of an affected source equipped with a continuous emission monitor shall submit an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report for any event when the continuous monitoring system data indicate the source is not in compliance with the applicable emission limitation or operating parameter limit.

(9) The owner or operator shall submit a summary report semiannually within 60 days of the reporting period to the EPA via the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI). (CEDRI can be accessed through the EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX) (https://cdx.epa.gov/). You must use the appropriate electronic report in CEDRI for this subpart. Instead of using the electronic report in CEDRI for this subpart, you may submit an alternate electronic file consistent with the extensible markup language (XML) schema listed on the CEDRI website (https://www.epa.gov/electronic-reporting-air-emissions/compliance-and-emissions-data-reporting-interface-cedri), once the XML schema is available. If the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that the report is due, you must submit the report the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in §63.13. You must begin submitting reports via CEDRI no later than 90 days after the form becomes available in CEDRI. The excess emissions and summary reports must be submitted no later than 60 days after the end of the reporting period, regardless of the method in which the reports are submitted. The report must contain the information specified in §63.10(e)(3)(vi). In addition, the summary report shall include:

(i) All exceedances of maximum control device inlet gas temperature limits specified in §63.1346(a) and (b);

(ii) Notification of any failure to calibrate thermocouples and other temperature sensors as required under §63.1350(g)(1)(iii) of this subpart; and

(iii) Notification of any failure to maintain the activated carbon injection rate, and the activated carbon injection carrier gas flow rate or pressure drop, as applicable, as required under §63.1346(c)(2).

(iv) Notification of failure to conduct any combustion system component inspections conducted within the reporting period as required under §63.1347(a)(3).

(v) Any and all failures to comply with any provision of the operation and maintenance plan developed in accordance with §63.1347(a).

(vi) For each PM CPMS, HCI, Hg, and THC CEMS, SO2 CEMS, or Hg sorbent trap monitoring system, within 60 days after the reporting periods, you must report all of the calculated 30-operating day rolling average values derived from the CPMS, CEMS, or Hg sorbent trap monitoring systems.

(vii) In response to each violation of an emissions standard or established operating parameter limit, the date, duration and description of each violation and the specific actions taken for each violation including inspections, corrective actions and repeat performance tests and the results of those actions.

(10) If the total continuous monitoring system downtime for any CEM or any CMS for the reporting period is 10 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period, the owner or operator shall submit an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report along with the summary report.

(11)(i) You must submit the information specified in paragraphs (b)(11)(i)(A) and (B) of this section no later than 60 days following the initial performance test. All reports must be signed by a responsible official.

(A) The initial performance test data as recorded under §63.1349(a)

(B) The values for the site-specific operating limits or parameters established pursuant to 63.1349(b)(1), (3), (6), (7), and (8), as applicable, and a description, including sample calculations, of how the operating parameters were





established during the initial performance test.

(C) As of December 31, 2011, and within 60 days after the date of completing each performance evaluation or test, as defined in §63.2, conducted to demonstrate compliance with any standard covered by this subpart, you must submit the relative accuracy test audit data and performance test data, except opacity data, to the EPA by successfully submitting the data electronically via CEDRI and by using the Electronic Reporting Tool (ERT) (see https://www.epa.gov/electronic-reporting-air-emissions/electronic-reporting-tool-ert). For any performance evaluations with no corresponding RATA pollutants listed on the ERT website, you must submit the results of the performance evaluation to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in §63.13.

(ii) For PM performance test reports used to set a PM CPMS operating limit, the electronic submission of the test report must also include the make and model of the PM CPMS instrument, serial number of the instrument, analytical principle of the instrument (e.g. beta attenuation), span of the instruments primary analytical range, milliamp value equivalent to the instrument zero output, technique by which this zero value was determined, and the average milliamp signals corresponding to each PM compliance test run.

(12) All reports required by this subpart not subject to the requirements in paragraphs (b)(9) introductory text and (b)(11)(i) of this section must be sent to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in §63.13. The Administrator or the delegated authority may request a report in any form suitable for the specific case (e.g., by commonly used electronic media such as Excel spreadsheet, on CD or hard copy). The Administrator retains the right to require submittal of reports subject to paragraphs (b)(9) introductory text and (b)(11)(i) of this section in paper format.

(c) For each failure to meet a standard or emissions limit caused by a malfunction at an affected source, you must report the failure in the semi-annual compliance report required by §63.1354(b)(9). The report must contain the date, time and duration, and the cause of each event (including unknown cause, if applicable), and a sum of the number of events in the reporting period. The report must list for each event the affected source or equipment, an estimate of the amount of each regulated pollutant emitted over the emission limit for which the source failed to meet a standard, and a description of the method used to estimate the emissions. The report must also include a description of actions taken by an owner or operator during a malfunction of an affected source to minimize emissions in accordance with §63.1348(d), including actions taken to correct a malfunction.

[64 FR 31925, June 14, 1999, as amended at 75 FR 55063, Sept. 9, 2010; 78 FR 10053, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44790, July 27, 2015; 83 FR 35135, July 25, 2018]

# 036 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.5] Subpart A--General Provisions Construction and reconstruction.

No person may construct a new affected source or reconstruct an affected source subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart LLL, or reconstruct a source such that the source becomes an affected source subject to the standard, without notifying the Administrator of the intended construction or reconstruction. The notification shall be submitted in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR 63.9(b) and shall include all the information required for an application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in 40 CFR 63.5(d). For major sources, the application for approval of construction or reconstruction may be used to fulfill the notification requirements of this paragraph.

# 037 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.9] Subpart A--General Provisions Notification requirements.

(a) Applicability and general information.

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in 63.1(a)(4).

(2) For affected sources that have been granted an extension of compliance under subpart D of this part, the

requirements of this section do not apply to those sources while they are operating under such compliance extensions. (3) If any State requires a notice that contains all the information required in a notification listed in this section, the owner

or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the notice sent to the State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that notification.

(4)(i) Before a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce notification requirements established





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under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit notifications to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA (to the attention of the Director of the Division indicated in the list of the EPA Regional Offices in §63.13).

(ii) After a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce notification requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit notifications to the delegated State authority (which may be the same as the permitting authority). In addition, if the delegated (permitting) authority is the State, the owner or operator shall send a copy of each notification submitted to the State to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA, as specified in paragraph (a)(4)(i) of this section. The Regional Office may waive this requirement for any notifications at its discretion.

### (b) Initial notifications.

(1)(i) The requirements of this paragraph apply to the owner or operator of an affected source when such source becomes subject to a relevant standard.

(ii) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source that is subject to the emission standard or other requirement, such source shall be subject to the notification requirements of this section.

(iii) Affected sources that are required under this paragraph to submit an initial notification may use the application for approval of construction or reconstruction under §63.5(d) of this subpart, if relevant, to fulfill the initial notification requirements of this paragraph.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source that has an initial startup before the effective date of a relevant standard under this part shall notify the Administrator in writing that the source is subject to the relevant standard. The notification, which shall be submitted not later than 120 calendar days after the effective date of the relevant standard (or within 120 calendar days after the source becomes subject to the relevant standard), shall provide the following information:

(i) The name and address of the owner or operator;

(ii) The address (i.e., physical location) of the affected source;

(iii) An identification of the relevant standard, or other requirement, that is the basis of the notification and the source's compliance date;

(iv) A brief description of the nature, size, design, and method of operation of the source and an identification of the types of emission points within the affected source subject to the relevant standard and types of hazardous air pollutants emitted; and

(v) A statement of whether the affected source is a major source or an area source.

#### (3) [Reserved]

(4) The owner or operator of a new or reconstructed major affected source for which an application for approval of construction or reconstruction is required under §63.5(d) must provide the following information in writing to the Administrator:

(i) A notification of intention to construct a new major-emitting affected source, reconstruct a major-emitting affected source, or reconstruct a major source such that the source becomes a major-emitting affected source with the application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in §63.5(d)(1)(i); and

### (ii)-(iv) [Reserved]

(v) A notification of the actual date of startup of the source, delivered or postmarked within 15 calendar days after that date.

(5) The owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source for which an application for approval of construction or reconstruction is not required under §63.5(d) must provide the following information in writing to the Administrator:

(i) A notification of intention to construct a new affected source, reconstruct an affected source, or reconstruct a source such that the source becomes an affected source, and

(ii) A notification of the actual date of startup of the source, delivered or postmarked within 15 calendar days after that date.

(iii) Unless the owner or operator has requested and received prior permission from the Administrator to submit less than the information in 63.5(d), the notification must include the information required on the application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in 63.5(d)(1)(i).

(c) Request for extension of compliance. If the owner or operator of an affected source cannot comply with a relevant standard by the applicable compliance date for that source, or if the owner or operator has installed BACT or technology to meet LAER consistent with §63.6(i)(5) of this subpart, he/she may submit to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) a request for an extension of compliance as specified in §63.6(i)(4) through §63.6(i)(6).





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(d) Notification that source is subject to special compliance requirements. An owner or operator of a new source that is subject to special compliance requirements as specified in §63.6(b)(3) and §63.6(b)(4) shall notify the Administrator of his/her compliance obligations not later than the notification dates established in paragraph (b) of this section for new sources that are not subject to the special provisions.

(e) Notification of performance test. The owner or operator of an affected source shall notify the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to conduct a performance test at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to begin to allow the Administrator to review and approve the site-specific test plan required under §63.7(c), if requested by the Administrator, and to have an observer present during the test.

(f) Notification of opacity and visible emission observations. The owner or operator of an affected source shall notify the Administrator in writing of the anticipated date for conducting the opacity or visible emission observations specified in §63.6(h)(5), if such observations are required for the source by a relevant standard. The notification shall be submitted with the notification of the performance test date, as specified in paragraph (e) of this section, or if no performance test is required or visibility or other conditions prevent the opacity or visible emission observations from being conducted concurrently with the initial performance test required under §63.7, the owner or operator shall deliver or postmark the notification not less than 30 days before the opacity or visible emission observations are scheduled to take place.

(g) Additional notification requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems. The owner or operator of an affected source required to use a CMS by a relevant standard shall furnish the Administrator written notification as follows:

(1) A notification of the date the CMS performance evaluation under §63.8(e) is scheduled to begin, submitted simultaneously with the notification of the performance test date required under §63.7(b). If no performance test is required, or if the requirement to conduct a performance test has been waived for an affected source under §63.7(h), the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing of the date of the performance evaluation at least 60 calendar days before the evaluation is scheduled to begin;

(2) A notification that COMS data results will be used to determine compliance with the applicable opacity emission standard during a performance test required by §63.7 in lieu of Method 9 or other opacity emissions test method data, as allowed by §63.6(h)(7)(ii), if compliance with an opacity emission standard is required for the source by a relevant standard. The notification shall be submitted at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to begin; and

(3) A notification that the criterion necessary to continue use of an alternative to relative accuracy testing, as provided by 63.8(f)(6), has been exceeded. The notification shall be delivered or postmarked not later than 10 days after the occurrence of such exceedance, and it shall include a description of the nature and cause of the increased emissions.

(h) Notification of compliance status.

(1) The requirements of paragraphs (h)(2) through (h)(4) of this section apply when an affected source becomes subject to a relevant standard.

(2)(i) Before a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, and each time a notification of compliance status is required under this part, the owner or operator of such source shall submit to the Administrator a notification of compliance status, signed by the responsible official who shall certify its accuracy, attesting to whether the source has complied with the relevant standard. The notification shall list—

(A) The methods that were used to determine compliance;

(B) The results of any performance tests, opacity or visible emission observations, continuous monitoring system (CMS) performance evaluations, and/or other monitoring procedures or methods that were conducted;

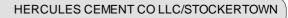
(C) The methods that will be used for determining continuing compliance, including a description of monitoring and reporting requirements and test methods;

(D) The type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants emitted by the source (or surrogate pollutants if specified in the relevant standard), reported in units and averaging times and in accordance with the test methods specified in the relevant standard;

(E) If the relevant standard applies to both major and area sources, an analysis demonstrating whether the affected source is a major source (using the emissions data generated for this notification);

(F) A description of the air pollution control equipment (or method) for each emission point, including each control device (or method) for each hazardous air pollutant and the control efficiency (percent) for each control device (or method); and

(G) A statement by the owner or operator of the affected existing, new, or reconstructed source as to whether the source has complied with the relevant standard or other requirements.





**SECTION C.** 

**Site Level Requirements** 

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(ii) The notification must be sent before the close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the relevant compliance demonstration activity specified in the relevant standard (unless a different reporting period is specified in the standard, in which case the letter must be sent before the close of business on the day the report of the relevant testing or monitoring results is required to be delivered or postmarked). For example, the notification shall be sent before the close of business on the 60th (or other required) day following completion of the initial performance test and again before the close of business on the 60th (or other required) day following the completion of any subsequent required performance test. If no performance test is required but opacity or visible emission observations are required to demonstrate compliance with an opacity or visible emission standard under this part, the notification of compliance status shall be sent before close of business on the 30th day following the completion of opacity or visible emission observations. Notifications may be combined as long as the due date requirement for each notification is met.

(3) After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator of such source shall comply with all requirements for compliance status reports contained in the source's title V permit, including reports required under this part. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, and each time a notification of compliance status is required under this part, the owner or operator of such source shall submit the notification of compliance status to the appropriate permitting authority following completion of the relevant compliance demonstration activity specified in the relevant standard.

(4) [Reserved]

(5) If an owner or operator of an affected source submits estimates or preliminary information in the application for approval of construction or reconstruction required in 63.5(d) in place of the actual emissions data or control efficiencies required in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(H) and (d)(2) of 63.5, the owner or operator shall submit the actual emissions data and other correct information as soon as available but no later than with the initial notification of compliance status required in this section.

(6) Advice on a notification of compliance status may be obtained from the Administrator.

(i) Adjustment to time periods or postmark deadlines for submittal and review of required communications. (1)(i) Until an adjustment of a time period or postmark deadline has been approved by the Administrator under paragraphs (i)(2) and (i)(3) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source remains strictly subject to the requirements of this part.

(ii) An owner or operator shall request the adjustment provided for in paragraphs (i)(2) and (i)(3) of this section each time he or she wishes to change an applicable time period or postmark deadline specified in this part.

(2) Notwithstanding time periods or postmark deadlines specified in this part for the submittal of information to the Administrator by an owner or operator, or the review of such information by the Administrator, such time periods or deadlines may be changed by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator. An owner or operator who wishes to request a change in a time period or postmark deadline for a particular requirement shall request the adjustment in writing as soon as practicable before the subject activity is required to take place. The owner or operator shall include in the request whatever information he or she considers useful to convince the Administrator that an adjustment is warranted.

(3) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an owner or operator's request for an adjustment to a particular time period or postmark deadline is warranted, the Administrator will approve the adjustment. The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or disapproval of the request for an adjustment within 15 calendar days of receiving sufficient information to evaluate the request.

(4) If the Administrator is unable to meet a specified deadline, he or she will notify the owner or operator of any significant delay and inform the owner or operator of the amended schedule.

(j) Change in information already provided. Any change in the information already provided under this section shall be provided to the Administrator in writing within 15 calendar days after the change.

[59 FR 12430, Mar. 16, 1994, as amended at 64 FR 7468, Feb. 12, 1999; 67 FR 16604, Apr. 5, 2002; 68 FR 32601, May 30, 2003]

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 038 [25 Pa. Code §123.1] Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

(a) A person responsible for any source specified in SECTION C - Condition #001 shall take all reasonable actions to





prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. These actions shall include, but not be limited to, the following: (1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.

(2) Application of asphalt, oil, water or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts.

(3) Paving and maintenance of roadways.

(4) Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or other means.

#### # 039 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

Whenever the sources are in operation, the control devices for these sources shall be in operation. On a weekly basis, the control devices for the sources shall be inspected. The inspection shall consist of a visible inspection to insure compliance with SECTION C - Condition #001 and #002.

#### # 040 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) In order to prevent fugitive particulate matter resulting from the use of in-plant roads from becoming airborne, the company shall adhere to the following plan:

- (1) All paved in-plant roads shall be swept a minimum of two (2) times per week, weather permitting.
- (2) The company shall keep a log of the dates of road sweeping or cleaning.

# # 041 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The company shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare fabric collector bags for all control devices that may require immediate replacement due to deterioration resulting from routine operation of the sources and fabric collectors.

#### # 042 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to show that the emission limits in SECTION C - Condition #006 are satisfied. These records shall include, but not be limited to, monthly emission totals and 12- month rolling sums for each of the pollutants listed in SECTION C - Condition #006.

(b) These records shall be kept for a five (5) year period and be made available to the Department upon request.

### # 043 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall submit to the Department quarterly reports that include 12-month rolling sums for each of the pollutants listed in SECTION C - Condition #006.

(b) These reports shall are due within thirty (30) days of the close of each calendar quarter (March, June, September, December).

### # 044 [25 Pa. Code §129.14] Open burning operations

(a) Air basins. No person may permit the open burning of material in an air basin.

(b) Exceptions: The requirements of subsection (a) do not apply where the open burning operations result from:(1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.

(2) A fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.





- (3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
- (4) A fire set in conjunction with the production of agricultural commodities in their unmanufactured state on the premises of the farm operation.
- (5) A fire set for the purpose of burning domestic refuse, when the fire is on the premises of a structure occupied solely as a dwelling by two families or less and when the refuse results from the normal occupancy of such structure.
- (6) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
- (7) A fire set solely for cooking food.
- (c) Clearing and grubbing wastes. The following is applicable to clearing and grubbing wastes:

(1) As used in this subsection the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Air curtain destructor -- A mechanical device which forcefully projects a curtain of air across a pit in which open burning is being conducted so that combustion efficiency is increased and smoke and other particulate matter are contained.

Clearing and grubbing wastes -- Trees, shrubs, and other native vegetation which are cleared from land during or prior to the process of construction. The term does not include demolition wastes and dirt laden roots.

(2) Subsection (a) notwithstanding, clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned in a basin subject to the following requirements:

(i) Air curtain destructors shall be used when burning clearing and grubbing wastes.

(ii) Each proposed use of air curtain destructors shall be reviewed and approved by the Department in writing with respect to equipment arrangement, design and existing environmental conditions prior to commencement of burning. Proposals approved under this subparagraph need not obtain plan approval or operating permits under Chapter 127 (relating to construction modification, reactivation and operation of sources).

(iii) Approval for use of an air curtain destructor at one site may be granted for a specified period not to exceed 3 months, but may be extended for additional limited periods upon further approval by the Department.

(iv) The Department reserves the right to rescind approval granted if a determination by the Department indicates that an air pollution problem exists.

(3) During an air pollution episode, open burning is limited by Chapter 137 (relating to air pollution episodes) and shall cease as specified in such chapter.

### # 045 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1347]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Operation and maintenance plan requirements.

(a) You must prepare, for each affected source subject to the provisions of this subpart, a written operations and maintenance plan. The plan must be submitted to the Administrator for review and approval as part of the application for a part 70 permit and must include the following information:

(1) Procedures for proper operation and maintenance of the affected source and air pollution control devices in order to meet the emissions limits and operating limits, including fugitive dust control measures for open clinker piles of §§63.1343, 63.1345, and 63.1346. Your operations and maintenance plan must address periods of startup and shutdown.

(2) Corrective actions to be taken when required by paragraph (3.1350(f));

(3) Procedures to be used during an inspection of the components of the combustion system of each kiln and each inline kiln raw mill located at the facility at least once per year.

(b) Failure to comply with any provision of the operations and maintenance plan developed in accordance with this section is a violation of the standard.

[75 FR 55054, Sept. 9, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 10040, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44781, July 27, 2015]

# 046 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6] Subpart A--General Provisions





#### Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements.

#### (a) Applicability.

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(1) The requirements in this section apply to the owner or operator of affected sources for which any relevant standard has been established pursuant to section 112 of the Act and the applicability of such requirements is set out in accordance with § 63.1(a)(4) unless—

(i) The Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) has granted an extension of compliance consistent with paragraph (i) of this section; or

(ii) The President has granted an exemption from compliance with any relevant standard in accordance with section 112(i)(4) of the Act.

(2) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source, such source shall be subject to the relevant emission standard or other requirement.

(b) Compliance dates for new and reconstructed sources.

(1) Except as specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (4) of this section, the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source for which construction or reconstruction commences after proposal of a relevant standard that has an initial startup before the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), (f), or (h) of the Act must comply with such standard not later than the standard's effective date.

(2) Except as specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (4) of this section, the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source that has an initial startup after the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), (f), or (h) of the Act must comply with such standard upon startup of the source.

(3) The owner or operator of an affected source for which construction or reconstruction is commenced after the proposal date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), 112(f), or 112(h) of the Act but before the effective date (that is, promulgation) of such standard shall comply with the relevant emission standard not later than the date 3 years after the effective date if:

(i) The promulgated standard (that is, the relevant standard) is more stringent than the proposed standard; for purposes of this paragraph, a finding that controls or compliance methods are "more stringent" must include control technologies or performance criteria and compliance or compliance assurance methods that are different but are substantially equivalent to those required by the promulgated rule, as determined by the Administrator (or his or her authorized representative); and

(ii) The owner or operator complies with the standard as proposed during the 3-year period immediately after the effective date.

(4) The owner or operator of an affected source for which construction or reconstruction is commenced after the proposal date of a relevant standard established pursuant to section 112(d) of the Act but before the proposal date of a relevant standard established pursuant to section 112(f) shall not be required to comply with the section 112(f) emission standard until the date 10 years after the date construction or reconstruction is commenced, except that, if the section 112(f) standard is promulgated more than 10 years after construction or reconstruction is commenced, the owner or operator must comply with the standard as provided in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.

(5) The owner or operator of a new source that is subject to the compliance requirements of paragraph (b)(3) or (4) of this section must notify the Administrator in accordance with § 63.9(d)

#### (6) [Reserved]

(7) When an area source becomes a major source by the addition of equipment or operations that meet the definition of new affected source in the relevant standard, the portion of the existing facility that is a new affected source must comply with all requirements of that standard applicable to new sources. The source owner or operator must comply with the relevant standard upon startup.

(c) Compliance dates for existing sources.

(1) After the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d) or 112(h) of the Act, the owner or operator of an existing source shall comply with such standard by the compliance date established by the Administrator in the applicable subpart(s) of this part. Except as otherwise provided for in section 112 of the Act, in no case will the compliance date established for an existing source in an applicable subpart of this part exceed 3 years after the effective date of such standard.

(2) If an existing source is subject to a standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(f) of the Act, the





owner or operator must comply with the standard by the date 90 days after the standard's effective date, or by the date specified in an extension granted to the source by the Administrator under paragraph (i)(4)(ii) of this section, whichever is later.

### (3)-(4) [Reserved]

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(5) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the owner or operator of an area source that increases its emissions of (or its potential to emit) hazardous air pollutants such that the source becomes a major source shall be subject to relevant standards for existing sources. Such sources must comply by the date specified in the standards for existing area sources that become major sources. If no such compliance date is specified in the standards, the source shall have a period of time to comply with the relevant emission standard that is equivalent to the compliance period specified in the relevant standard for existing sources in existence at the time the standard becomes effective.

### (d) [Reserved]

(e) Operation and maintenance requirements.

(1)(i) At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the owner or operator must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. During a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, this general duty to minimize emissions requires that the owner or operator reduce emissions from the affected source to the greatest extent which is consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices. The general duty to minimize emissions during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction does not require the owner or operator to achieve emission levels that would be required by the applicable standard at other times if this is not consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices, nor does it require the owner or operator to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by the applicable standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures (including the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan required in paragraph (e)(3) of this section), review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

(ii) Malfunctions must be corrected as soon as practicable after their occurrence. To the extent that an unexpected event arises during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction, an owner or operator must comply by minimizing emissions during such a startup, shutdown, and malfunction event consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices.

(iii) Operation and maintenance requirements established pursuant to section 112 of the Act are enforceable independent of emissions limitations or other requirements in relevant standards.

### (2) [Reserved]

(3) Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan. (i) The owner or operator of an affected source must develop a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan that describes, in detail, procedures for operating and maintaining the source during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction; and a program of corrective action for malfunctioning process, air pollution control, and monitoring equipment used to comply with the relevant standard. The startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan does not need to address any scenario that would not cause the source to exceed an applicable emission limitation in the relevant standard. This plan must be developed by the owner or operator by the source's compliance date for that relevant standard. The purpose of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is to—

(A) Ensure that, at all times, the owner or operator operates and maintains each affected source, including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment, in a manner which satisfies the general duty to minimize emissions established by paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section;

(B) Ensure that owners or operators are prepared to correct malfunctions as soon as practicable after their occurrence in order to minimize excess emissions of hazardous air pollutants; and

(C) Reduce the reporting burden associated with periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective action taken to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation).

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) When actions taken by the owner or operator during a startup or shutdown (and the startup or shutdown causes the source to exceed any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standards), or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) are consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator must keep records for that event which demonstrate that the procedures specified in the plan were followed. These records may take the form of a "checklist," or other effective form of recordkeeping that confirms conformance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan and describes the actions taken for that event. In addition, the owner or operator must keep records of these events as specified in paragraph 63.10(b), including records of





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the occurrence and duration of each startup or shutdown (if the startup or shutdown causes the source to exceed any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standards), or malfunction of operation and each malfunction of the air pollution control and monitoring equipment. Furthermore, the owner or operator shall confirm that actions taken during the relevant reporting period during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction were consistent with the affected source's startup, shutdown and malfunction plan in the semiannual (or more frequent) startup, shutdown, and malfunction report required in § 63.10(d)(5).

(iv) If an action taken by the owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including an action taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and the source exceeds any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standard, then the owner or operator must record the actions taken for that event and must report such actions within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan, followed by a letter within 7 working days after the end of the event, in accordance with § 63.10(d)(5) (unless the owner or operator makes alternative reporting arrangements, in advance, with the Administrator).

(v) The owner or operator must maintain at the affected source a current startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan and must make the plan available upon request for inspection and copying by the Administrator. In addition, if the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is subsequently revised as provided in paragraph (e)(3)(viii) of this section, the owner or operator must maintain at the affected source each previous (i.e., superseded) version of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and must make each such previous version available for inspection and copying by the Administrator for a period of 5 years after revision of the plan. If at any time after adoption of a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan the affected source ceases operation or is otherwise no longer subject to the provisions of this part, the owner or operator must retain a copy of the most recent plan for 5 years from the date the source ceases operation or is no longer subject to this part and must make the plan available upon request for inspection and copying by the Administrator. The Administrator may at any time request in writing that the owner or operator submit a copy of any startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (or a portion thereof) which is maintained at the affected source or in the possession of the owner or operator. Upon receipt of such a request, the owner or operator must promptly submit a copy of the requested plan (or a portion thereof) to the Administrator. The owner or operator may elect to submit the required copy of any startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan to the Administrator in an electronic format. If the owner or operator claims that any portion of such a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is confidential business information entitled to protection from disclosure under section 114(c) of the Act or 40 CFR 2.301, the material which is claimed as confidential must be clearly designated in the submission.

(vi) To satisfy the requirements of this section to develop a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator may use the affected source's standard operating procedures (SOP) manual, or an Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or other plan, provided the alternative plans meet all the requirements of this section and are made available for inspection or submitted when requested by the Administrator.

(vii) Based on the results of a determination made under paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section, the Administrator may require that an owner or operator of an affected source make changes to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for that source. The Administrator must require appropriate revisions to a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, if the Administrator finds that the plan:

(A) Does not address a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event that has occurred;

(B) Fails to provide for the operation of the source (including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment) during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event in a manner consistent with the general duty to minimize emissions established by paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section;

(C) Does not provide adequate procedures for correcting malfunctioning process and/or air pollution control and monitoring equipment as quickly as practicable; or

(D) Includes an event that does not meet the definition of startup, shutdown, or malfunction listed in § 63.2.

(viii) The owner or operator may periodically revise the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for the affected source as necessary to satisfy the requirements of this part or to reflect changes in equipment or procedures at the affected source. Unless the permitting authority provides otherwise, the owner or operator may make such revisions to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan without prior approval by the Administrator or the permitting authority. However, each such revision to a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan must be reported in the semiannual report required by § 63.10(d)(5). If the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan fails to address or inadequately addresses an event that meets the characteristics of a malfunction but was not included in the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan within 45 days after the event to include detailed procedures for operating and maintaining the source during similar malfunction events and a program of corrective action for similar malfunctions of process or air pollution control and monitoring equipment. In the event that the owner or operator makes any revision to the startup, shutdown, or malfunction plan which alters the scope of the activities at the source which are deemed to be a startup, shutdown, or malfunction, or otherwise





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modifies the applicability of any emission limit, work practice requirement, or other requirement in a standard established under this part, the revised plan shall not take effect until after the owner or operator has provided a written notice describing the revision to the permitting authority.

(ix) The Title V permit for an affected source must require that the owner or operator develop a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan which conforms to the provisions of this part, but may do so by citing to the relevant subpart or subparagraphs of paragraph (e) of this section. However, any revisions made to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan in accordance with the procedures established by this part shall not be deemed to constitute permit revisions under part 70 or part 71 of this chapter and the elements of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan shall not be considered an applicable requirement as defined in § 70.2 and § 71.2 of this chapter. Moreover, none of the procedures specified by the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for an affected source shall be deemed to fall within the permit shield provision in section 504(f) of the Act.

### (f) Compliance with nonopacity emission standards

(1) Applicability. The non-opacity emission standards set forth in this part shall apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and as otherwise specified in an applicable subpart. If a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of one portion of an affected source does not affect the ability of particular emission points within other portions of the affected source to comply with the non-opacity emission standards set forth in this part, then that emission point must still be required to comply with the non-opacity emission standards and other applicable requirements.

(2) Methods for determining compliance. (i) The Administrator will determine compliance with nonopacity emission standards in this part based on the results of performance tests conducted according to the procedures in § 63.7, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart of this part.

(ii) The Administrator will determine compliance with nonopacity emission standards in this part by evaluation of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements, including the evaluation of monitoring data, as specified in § 63.6(e) and applicable subparts of this part.

(iii) If an affected source conducts performance testing at startup to obtain an operating permit in the State in which the source is located, the results of such testing may be used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard if—

(A) The performance test was conducted within a reasonable amount of time before an initial performance test is required to be conducted under the relevant standard;

(B) The performance test was conducted under representative operating conditions for the source;

(C) The performance test was conducted and the resulting data were reduced using EPA-approved test methods and procedures, as specified in § 63.7(e) of this subpart; and

(D) The performance test was appropriately quality-assured, as specified in § 63.7(c).

(iv) The Administrator will determine compliance with design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standards in this part by review of records, inspection of the source, and other procedures specified in applicable subparts of this part.

(v) The Administrator will determine compliance with design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standards in this part by evaluation of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements, as specified in paragraph (e) of this section and applicable subparts of this part.

(3) Finding of compliance. The Administrator will make a finding concerning an affected source's compliance with a nonopacity emission standard, as specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of this section, upon obtaining all the compliance information required by the relevant standard (including the written reports of performance test results, monitoring results, and other information, if applicable), and information available to the Administrator pursuant to paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section.

(g) Use of an alternative nonopacity emission standard.

(1) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an owner or operator of an affected source has established that an alternative means of emission limitation will achieve a reduction in emissions of a hazardous air pollutant from an affected source at least equivalent to the reduction in emissions of that pollutant from that source achieved under any design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standard, or combination thereof, established under this part pursuant to section 112(h) of the Act, the Administrator will publish in the Federal Register a notice permitting the use of the alternative emission standard for purposes of compliance with the promulgated standard. Any Federal Register notice under this paragraph shall be published only after the public is notified and given the opportunity to comment. Such notice will restrict the permission to the stationary source(s) or category(ies) of sources from which the alternative emission standard will achieve equivalent emission reductions. The Administrator will condition permission in such notice on requirements to assure the proper operation and maintenance of equipment and practices required for compliance with the alternative emission standard and other requirements, including appropriate quality assurance and quality control requirements, that







### are deemed necessary.

(2) An owner or operator requesting permission under this paragraph shall, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart, submit a proposed test plan or the results of testing and monitoring in accordance with § 63.7 and § 63.8, a description of the procedures followed in testing or monitoring, and a description of pertinent conditions during testing or monitoring. Any testing or monitoring conducted to request permission to use an alternative nonopacity emission standard shall be appropriately quality assured and quality controlled, as specified in § 63.7 and § 63.8.

(3) The Administrator may establish general procedures in an applicable subpart that accomplish the requirements of paragraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this section.

### (h) Compliance with opacity and visible emission standards

(1) Applicability. The opacity and visible emission standards set forth in this part must apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and as otherwise specified in an applicable subpart. If a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of one portion of an affected source does not affect the ability of particular emission points within other portions of the affected source to comply with the opacity and visible emission standards set forth in this part, then that emission point shall still be required to comply with the opacity and visible emission standards and other applicable requirements.

(2) Methods for determining compliance. (i) The Administrator will determine compliance with opacity and visible emission standards in this part based on the results of the test method specified in an applicable subpart. Whenever a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) is required to be installed to determine compliance with numerical opacity emission standards in this part, compliance with opacity emission standards in this part shall be determined by using the results from the COMS. Whenever an opacity emission test method is not specified, compliance with opacity emission standards in this part shall be determined by conducting observations in accordance with Test Method 9 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter or the method specified in paragraph (h)(7)(ii) of this section. Whenever a visible emission test method is not specified, compliance with visible emission standards in this part shall be determined by conducting observations.

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) If an affected source undergoes opacity or visible emission testing at startup to obtain an operating permit in the State in which the source is located, the results of such testing may be used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard if—

(A) The opacity or visible emission test was conducted within a reasonable amount of time before a performance test is required to be conducted under the relevant standard;

(B) The opacity or visible emission test was conducted under representative operating conditions for the source;

(C) The opacity or visible emission test was conducted and the resulting data were reduced using EPA-approved test methods and procedures, as specified in § 63.7(e); and

(D) The opacity or visible emission test was appropriately quality-assured, as specified in § 63.7(c) of this section.(3) [Reserved]

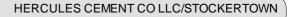
(4) Notification of opacity or visible emission observations. The owner or operator of an affected source shall notify the Administrator in writing of the anticipated date for conducting opacity or visible emission observations in accordance with § 63.9(f), if such observations are required for the source by a relevant standard.

(5) Conduct of opacity or visible emission observations. When a relevant standard under this part includes an opacity or visible emission standard, the owner or operator of an affected source shall comply with the following:

(i) For the purpose of demonstrating initial compliance, opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted concurrently with the initial performance test required in § 63.7 unless one of the following conditions applies:

(A) If no performance test under § 63.7 is required, opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which a new or reconstructed source will be operated, but not later than 120 days after initial startup of the source, or within 120 days after the effective date of the relevant standard in the case of new sources that start up before the standard's effective date. If no performance test under § 63.7 is required, opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted within 120 days after the compliance date for an existing or modified source; or

(B) If visibility or other conditions prevent the opacity or visible emission observations from being conducted concurrently with the initial performance test required under § 63.7, or within the time period specified in paragraph (h)(5)(i)(A) of this section, the source's owner or operator shall reschedule the opacity or visible emission observations as soon after the initial performance test, or time period, as possible, but not later than 30 days thereafter, and shall advise the Administrator of the rescheduled date. The rescheduled opacity or visible emission observations shall be conducted (to the extent possible) under the same operating conditions that existed during the initial performance test conducted under § 63.7. The visible emissions observer shall determine whether visibility or other conditions prevent the opacity or visible







emission observations from being made concurrently with the initial performance test in accordance with procedures contained in Test Method 9 or Test Method 22 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter.

(ii) For the purpose of demonstrating initial compliance, the minimum total time of opacity observations shall be 3 hours (30 6-minute averages) for the performance test or other required set of observations (e.g., for fugitive-type emission sources subject only to an opacity emission standard).

(iii) The owner or operator of an affected source to which an opacity or visible emission standard in this part applies shall conduct opacity or visible emission observations in accordance with the provisions of this section, record the results of the evaluation of emissions, and report to the Administrator the opacity or visible emission results in accordance with the provisions of § 63.10(d).

(iv) [Reserved]

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(v) Opacity readings of portions of plumes that contain condensed, uncombined water vapor shall not be used for purposes of determining compliance with opacity emission standards.

(6) Availability of records. The owner or operator of an affected source shall make available, upon request by the Administrator, such records that the Administrator deems necessary to determine the conditions under which the visual observations were made and shall provide evidence indicating proof of current visible observer emission certification.

(7) Use of a continuous opacity monitoring system. (i) The owner or operator of an affected source required to use a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) shall record the monitoring data produced during a performance test required under § 63.7 and shall furnish the Administrator a written report of the monitoring results in accordance with the provisions of § 63.10(e)(4).

(ii) Whenever an opacity emission test method has not been specified in an applicable subpart, or an owner or operator of an affected source is required to conduct Test Method 9 observations (see appendix A of part 60 of this chapter), the owner or operator may submit, for compliance purposes, COMS data results produced during any performance test required under § 63.7 in lieu of Method 9 data. If the owner or operator elects to submit COMS data for compliance with the opacity emission standard, he or she shall notify the Administrator of that decision, in writing, simultaneously with the notification under § 63.7 (b) of the date the performance test is scheduled to begin. Once the owner or operator of an affected source has notified the Administrator to that effect, the COMS data results will be used to determine opacity compliance during subsequent performance tests required under § 63.7, unless the owner or operator notifies the Administrator in writing to the contrary not later than with the notification under § 63.7(b) of the date the subsequent performance tests is scheduled to begin.

(iii) For the purposes of determining compliance with the opacity emission standard during a performance test required under § 63.7 using COMS data, the COMS data shall be reduced to 6-minute averages over the duration of the mass emission performance test.

(iv) The owner or operator of an affected source using a COMS for compliance purposes is responsible for demonstrating that he/she has complied with the performance evaluation requirements of § 63.8(e), that the COMS has been properly maintained, operated, and data quality-assured, as specified in § 63.8(c) and § 63.8(d), and that the resulting data have not been altered in any way.

(v) Except as provided in paragraph (h)(7)(ii) of this section, the results of continuous monitoring by a COMS that indicate that the opacity at the time visual observations were made was not in excess of the emission standard are probative but not conclusive evidence of the actual opacity of an emission, provided that the affected source proves that, at the time of the alleged violation, the instrument used was properly maintained, as specified in § 63.8(c), and met Performance Specification 1 in appendix B of part 60 of this chapter, and that the resulting data have not been altered in any way.

(8) Finding of compliance. The Administrator will make a finding concerning an affected source's compliance with an opacity or visible emission standard upon obtaining all the compliance information required by the relevant standard (including the written reports of the results of the performance tests required by § 63.7, the results of Test Method 9 or another required opacity or visible emission test method, the observer certification required by paragraph (h)(6) of this section, and the continuous opacity monitoring system results, whichever is/are applicable) and any information available to the Administrator needed to determine whether proper operation and maintenance practices are being used.

(9) Adjustment to an opacity emission standard. (i) If the Administrator finds under paragraph (h)(8) of this section that an affected source is in compliance with all relevant standards for which initial performance tests were conducted under § 63.7, but during the time such performance tests were conducted fails to meet any relevant opacity emission standard, the owner or operator of such source may petition the Administrator to make appropriate adjustment to the opacity emission standard for the affected source. Until the Administrator notifies the owner or operator of the appropriate adjustment, the relevant opacity emission standard remains applicable.

(ii) The Administrator may grant such a petition upon a demonstration by the owner or operator that—

(A) The affected source and its associated air pollution control equipment were operated and maintained in a manner to minimize the opacity of emissions during the performance tests;





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(B) The performance tests were performed under the conditions established by the Administrator; and

(C) The affected source and its associated air pollution control equipment were incapable of being adjusted or operated to meet the relevant opacity emission standard.

(iii) The Administrator will establish an adjusted opacity emission standard for the affected source meeting the above requirements at a level at which the source will be able, as indicated by the performance and opacity tests, to meet the opacity emission standard at all times during which the source is meeting the mass or concentration emission standard. The Administrator will promulgate the new opacity emission standard in the Federal Register.

(iv) After the Administrator promulgates an adjusted opacity emission standard for an affected source, the owner or operator of such source shall be subject to the new opacity emission standard, and the new opacity emission standard shall apply to such source during any subsequent performance tests.

(i) Extension of compliance with emission standards. (1) Until an extension of compliance has been granted by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to the requirements of this section shall comply with all applicable requirements of this part.

(2) Extension of compliance for early reductions and other reductions —(i) Early reductions. Pursuant to section 112(i)(5) of the Act, if the owner or operator of an existing source demonstrates that the source has achieved a reduction in emissions of hazardous air pollutants in accordance with the provisions of subpart D of this part, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will grant the owner or operator an extension of compliance with specific requirements of this part, as specified in subpart D.

(ii) Other reductions. Pursuant to section 112(i)(6) of the Act, if the owner or operator of an existing source has installed best available control technology (BACT) (as defined in section 169(3) of the Act) or technology required to meet a lowest achievable emission rate (LAER) (as defined in section 171 of the Act) prior to the promulgation of an emission standard in this part applicable to such source and the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) controlled pursuant to the BACT or LAER installation, the Administrator will grant the owner or operator an extension of compliance with such emission standard that will apply until the date 5 years after the date on which such installation was achieved, as determined by the Administrator.

(3) Request for extension of compliance. Paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(7) of this section concern requests for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this part (except requests for an extension of compliance under paragraph (i)(2)(i) of this section will be handled through procedures specified in subpart D of this part).

(4)(i)(A) The owner or operator of an existing source who is unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d) of the Act may request that the Administrator (or a State, when the State has an approved part 70 permit program and the source is required to obtain a part 70 permit under that program, or a State, when the State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce the emission standard for that source) grant an extension allowing the source up to 1 additional year to comply with the standard, if such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls. An additional extension of up to 3 years may be added for mining waste operations, if the 1-year extension of compliance is insufficient to dry and cover mining waste in order to reduce emissions of any hazardous air pollutant. The owner or operator of an affected source who has requested an extension of compliance under this paragraph and who is otherwise required to obtain a title V permit shall apply for such permit or apply to have the source's title V permit revised to incorporate the conditions of the extension of compliance. The conditions of an extension of compliance granted under this paragraph will be incorporated into the affected source's title V permit according to the provisions of part 70 or Federal title V regulations in this chapter (42 U.S.C. 7661), whichever are applicable.

(B) Any request under this paragraph for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard must be submitted in writing to the appropriate authority no later than 120 days prior to the affected source's compliance date (as specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section), except as provided for in paragraph (i)(4)(i)(C) of this section. Nonfrivolous requests submitted under this paragraph will stay the applicability of the rule as to the emission points in question until such time as the request is granted or denied. A denial will be effective as of the date of denial. Emission standards established under this part may specify alternative dates for the submitted of requests for an extension of compliance if alternatives are appropriate for the source categories affected by those standards.

(C) An owner or operator may submit a compliance extension request after the date specified in paragraph (i)(4)(i)(B) of this section provided the need for the compliance extension arose after that date, and before the otherwise applicable compliance date and the need arose due to circumstances beyond reasonable control of the owner or operator. This request must include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (i)(6)(i) of this section, a statement of the reasons additional time is needed and the date when the owner or operator first learned of the problems. Nonfrivolous requests submitted under this paragraph will stay the applicability of the rule as to the emission points in question until such time as the request is granted or denied. A denial will be effective as of the original compliance date. (ii) The owner or operator of an existing source unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part

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pursuant to section 112(f) of the Act may request that the Administrator grant an extension allowing the source up to 2 years after the standard's effective date to comply with the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he/she finds that such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls and that steps will be taken during the period of the extension to assure that the health of persons will be protected from imminent endangerment. Any request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph must be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 90 calendar days after the effective date of the relevant standard.

(5) The owner or operator of an existing source that has installed BACT or technology required to meet LAER [as specified in paragraph (i)(2)(ii) of this section] prior to the promulgation of a relevant emission standard in this part may request that the Administrator grant an extension allowing the source 5 years from the date on which such installation was achieved, as determined by the Administrator, to comply with the standard. Any request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph shall be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 120 days after the promulgation date of the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he or she finds that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.

(6)(i) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(4) of this section shall include the following information:

(A) A description of the controls to be installed to comply with the standard;

(B) A compliance schedule, including the date by which each step toward compliance will be reached. At a minimum, the list of dates shall include:

(1) The date by which on-site construction, installation of emission control equipment, or a process change is planned to be initiated; and

(2) The date by which final compliance is to be achieved.

(3) The date by which on-site construction, installation of emission control equipment, or a process change is to be completed; and

(4) The date by which final compliance is to be achieved;

(C)-(D)

(ii) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(5) of this section shall include all information needed to demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.

(7) Advice on requesting an extension of compliance may be obtained from the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program).

(8) Approval of request for extension of compliance. Paragraphs (i)(9) through (i)(14) of this section concern approval of an extension of compliance requested under paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(6) of this section.

(9) Based on the information provided in any request made under paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(6) of this section, or other information, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) may grant an extension of compliance with an emission standard, as specified in paragraphs (i)(4) and (i)(5) of this section.

(10) The extension will be in writing and will-

(i) Identify each affected source covered by the extension;

(ii) Specify the termination date of the extension;

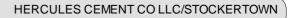
(iii) Specify the dates by which steps toward compliance are to be taken, if appropriate;

(iv) Specify other applicable requirements to which the compliance extension applies (e.g., performance tests); and (v)(A) Under paragraph (i)(4), specify any additional conditions that the Administrator (or the State) deems necessary to

assure installation of the necessary controls and protection of the health of persons during the extension period; or (B) Under paragraph (i)(5), specify any additional conditions that the Administrator deems necessary to assure the proper operation and maintenance of the installed controls during the extension period.

(11) The owner or operator of an existing source that has been granted an extension of compliance under paragraph (i)(10) of this section may be required to submit to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) progress reports indicating whether the steps toward compliance outlined in the compliance schedule have been reached. The contents of the progress reports and the dates by which they shall be submitted will be specified in the written extension of compliance granted under paragraph (i)(10) of this section.

(12)(i) The Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of a request for an extension of compliance within 30 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate a request submitted under paragraph (i)(4)(i) or (i)(5) of this section. The Administrator (or the State) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted. The 30-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete.







(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(iii) Before denying any request for an extension of compliance, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the Administrator's (or the State's) intention to issue the denial, together with—

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator (or the State) before further action on the request.

(iv) The Administrator's final determination to deny any request for an extension will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or argument (if the application is complete), or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(13)(i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of a request for an extension of compliance within 30 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate a request submitted under paragraph (i)(4)(ii) of this section. The 30-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete. The Administrator (or the State) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 15 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 15 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(iii) Before denying any request for an extension of compliance, the Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of the Administrator's intention to issue the denial, together with—

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator before further action on the request.

(iv) A final determination to deny any request for an extension will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or argument (if the application is complete), or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(14) The Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) may terminate an extension of compliance at an earlier date than specified if any specification under paragraph (i)(10)(iii) or (iv) of this section is not met. Upon a determination to terminate, the Administrator will notify, in writing, the owner or operator of the Administrator's determination to terminate, together with:

(i) Notice of the reason for termination; and

(ii) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the determination to terminate, additional information or arguments to the Administrator before further action on the termination.

(iii) A final determination to terminate an extension of compliance will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the termination is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or arguments, or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(15) [Reserved]

(16) The granting of an extension under this section shall not abrogate the Administrator's authority under section 114 of the Act.

(j) Exemption from compliance with emission standards. The President may exempt any stationary source from compliance with any relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act for a period of not more than 2 years if the President determines that the technology to implement such standard is not available and that it is in the national security interests of the United States to do so. An exemption under this paragraph may be extended for 1 or more additional periods, each period not to exceed 2 years.





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[59 FR 12430, Mar. 16, 1994, as amended at 67 FR 16599, Apr. 5, 2002; 68 FR 32600, May 30, 2003; 71 FR 20454, Apr. 20, 2006]

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

### # 047 [25 Pa. Code §121.7] Prohibition of air pollution.

The permittee shall not permit air pollution as that term is defined in the Pennsylvania Air Pollution Control Act (35P.S.Sections 4001 through 4015).

# 048 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1351]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Compliance dates.

(a) The compliance date for any affected existing source subject to any rule requirements that were in effect before December 20, 2006, is:

(1) June 14, 2002, for sources that commenced construction before or on March 24, 1998, or

(2) June 14, 1999 or startup for sources that commenced construction after March 24, 1998.

(b) The compliance date for any affected existing source subject to any rule requirements that became effective on December 20, 2006, is:

(1) December 21, 2009, for sources that commenced construction after December 2, 2005 and before or on December 20, 2006, or

(2) Startup for sources that commenced construction after December 20, 2006.

(c) The compliance date for existing sources for all the requirements that became effective on February 12, 2013, except for the open clinker pile requirements will be September 9, 2015.

(d) The compliance date for new sources is February 12, 2013, or startup, whichever is later.

(e) The compliance date for existing sources with the requirements for open clinker storage piles in § 63.1343(c) is February 12, 2014.

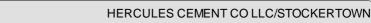
[76 FR 2836, Jan. 18, 2011, as amended at 78 FR 10053, Feb. 12, 2013]

 # 049 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1353]
 Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry
 Notification requirements.

(a) The notification provisions of 40 CFR part 63, subpart A that apply and those that do not apply to owners and operators of affected sources subject to this subpart are listed in Table 1 of this subpart. If any State requires a notice that contains all of the information required in a notification listed in this section, the owner or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the notice sent to the State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that notification.

(b) Each owner or operator subject to the requirements of this subpart shall comply with the notification requirements in §63.9 as follows:

(1) Initial notifications as required by §63.9(b) through (d). For the purposes of this subpart, a Title V or 40 CFR part 70 permit application may be used in lieu of the initial notification required under §63.9(b), provided the same information is contained in the permit application as required by §63.9(b), and the State to which the permit application has been submitted has an approved operating permit program under part 70 of this chapter and has received delegation of authority from the EPA. Permit applications shall be submitted by the same due dates as those specified for the initial notification. (2) Notification of performance tests, as required by §§63.7 and 63.9(e).







# SECTION C. Site Level Requirements

(3) Notification of opacity and visible emission observations required by §63.1349 in accordance with §§63.6(h)(5) and 63.9(f).

(4) Notification, as required by §63.9(g), of the date that the continuous emission monitor performance evaluation required by §63.8(e) is scheduled to begin.

(5) Notification of compliance status, as required by §63.9(h).

(6) Within 48 hours of an exceedance that triggers retesting to establish compliance and new operating limits, notify the appropriate permitting agency of the planned performance tests. The notification requirements of §§63.7(b) and 63.9(e) do not apply to retesting required for exceedances under this subpart.

[64 FR 31925, June 14, 1999, as amended at 78 FR 10053, Feb. 12, 2013]

### # 050 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.4] Subpart A--General Provisions Prohibited activities and circumvention.

Circumvention. No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment, or process to conceal an emission that would otherwise constitute noncompliance with a relevant standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to--

(1) The use of diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard based on the concentration of a pollutant in the effluent discharged to the atmosphere;

(2) The use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard for visible emissions; and

(3) The fragmentation of an operation such that the operation avoids regulation by a relevant standard.

# VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to Title V General Requirements).

# IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.

48-00005		HERCULES CEME	INT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN	
SECTION D. Sour	ce Level Requirements			
Source ID: 039	Source Name: WEIL-MCCLAIN B	OILER		
	Source Capacity/Throughput:	2.900 MMBTU/HR		
		32.000 Gal/HR	Propane	
Conditions for this sou	rce occur in the following groups: GRO	UP 01		
CU 039 → STA				
FML				

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

FML02

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

48-00005		HER	CULES CEMEI	NT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN	Ž
SECTION D. Sour	ce Level Requirements				
Source ID: 040	Source Name: HB SMITH BOILEF	र			
	Source Capacity/Throughput:	2.900	MMBTU/HR		
		32.000	Gal/HR	Propane	
Conditions for this sou	rce occur in the following groups: GRO	UP 01			
CU 040 → STA S02					
FML 🔺					

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

FML02

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

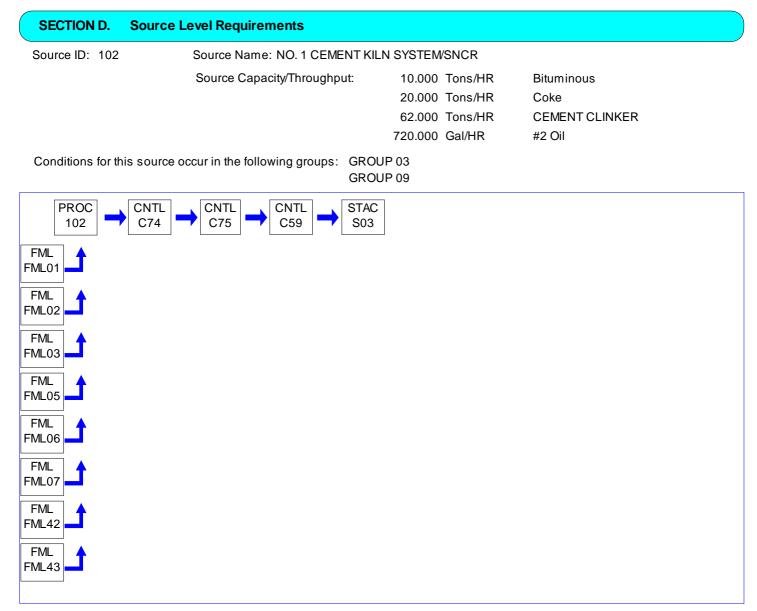
No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

(a) The permittee shall monitor and record the following parameters for the No. 1 Kiln SNCR system:

(1) Ammonia solution injection rate.

(2) Ammonia solution concentration.

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



Source ID: 103 Source Name: NO. 1 FINISH MILL SYSTEM Source Capacity/Throughput: 25.000 Tons/HR 56.000 Tons/HR			ource Level Requirements	SECTION D.
56.000 Tons/HR		SYSTEM	Source Name: NO. 1 FINISH MILI	Source ID: 103
	CEMENT	25.000 Tons/HR	Source Capacity/Throughput:	
Conditions for this source accur in the following groups. CDOUD 05	LIMESTONE	56.000 Tons/HR		
Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 05 GROUP 08			33-1	Conditions for the

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

103

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

C21

S04

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN

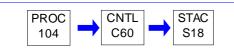


 Section D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID: 104
 Source Name: NO. 5 FINISH MILL SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput: 30.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 05



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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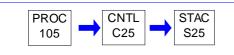


 Section D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID: 105
 Source Name: PACKING MACHINE NO. 1

Source Capacity/Throughput: 75.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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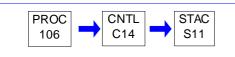
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 106

Source Name: PRIMARY CRUSHER SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput: 750.000 Tons/HR LIMESTONE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 02



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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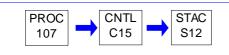
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 107

Source Name: SECONDARY CRUSHER SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput: 750.000 Tons/HR LIMESTONE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 02



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



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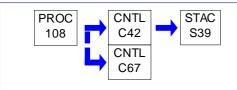
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 108

Source Name: SILO 2 STOCKHOUSE FILLING

Source Capacity/Throughput: 112.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



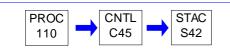
# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 110

Source Name: SOUTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR

Source Capacity/Throughput: 101.000 Tons/HR CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

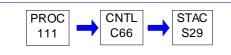
Source ID: 111

Source Name: NORTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR

Source Capacity/Throughput: 75.000 Tons/HR

CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 113

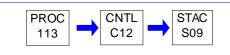
Source Capacity/Throughput:

Source Name: NO. 1 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM

62.000 Tons/HR

CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 04



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** 

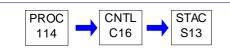
Source ID: 114

Source Name: BLENDING BINS AND SILOS SYSTEM Source Capacity/Throughput:

275.000 Tons/HR

RAW MATERIAL

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



#### **RESTRICTIONS.** I.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **TESTING REQUIREMENTS.** Ш.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### Ш. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. **RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.** ٧.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. VII.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

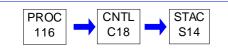
 Source ID:
 116
 Source Name: RAIL LOADOUT

Source Capacity/Throughput:

300.000 Tons/HR

CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

## Emission Restriction(s).

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.12] Content of applications.

Pursuant to the Best Available Technology (BAT) provisions of 25 Pa. Code Section 127.12 (a) (5), particulate emissions from the fabric collector shall not exceed 0.02 grain/dscf.

## # 002 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.62] Subpart F - Standards of Performance for Portland Cement Plants Standard for particulate matter.

Pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR Section 60.62 (c), the visible air contaminants from the fabric collector(s) shall not be emitted in such a manner that the opacity of the emissions is equal to or greater than 10% at any time.

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

If at any time the Department has cause to believe that air contaminant emissions from the aforementioned source(s) may be in excess of the limitations specified in, or established pursuant to, any applicable rule or regulation contained in Article III of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection, the company shall be required to conduct whatever tests are deemed necessary by the Department to determine the actual emission rate(s). Such testing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 139 of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection, where applicable, and in accordance with any restrictions or limitations established by the Department at such time as it notified the company that testing is required.

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The fabric collectors must be equipped with a device for monitoring the pressure differential across the collectors.

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall record the pressure differential across the baghouses. At a minimum, these recordings shall be taken once per week, while the sources and baghouses are in operation. The recordings shall be maintained in a logbook and made available to the Department upon request.





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The company shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare fabric collector bags for the fabric collectors associated with the aforementioned sources in order to be able to immediately replace any bags requiring replacement due to deterioration resulting from routine operation of the sources and fabric collectors.

# VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 117

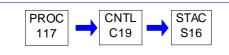
Source Name: #1 PREHEATER RAW FEED AIRSLIDES

Source Capacity/Throughput:

250.000 Tons/HR BL

BLENDED RAW MATL

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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SECTION D.	Source Level Requirements		
Source ID: 118	Source Name: EAST RAW FEED	SILO	
	Source Capacity/Throughput:	275.000 Tons/HR	LIMESTONE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06 GROUP 07

PROC 118	 CNTL C20	 STAC S17	
	010	•	

# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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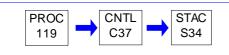
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 119

Source Name: SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING

Source Capacity/Throughput: 112.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** 

Source ID: 120

Source Name: SILO 4 STOCKHOUSE FILLING

Source Capacity/Throughput: 120.000 Tons/HR

CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



#### **RESTRICTIONS.** Т.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### TESTING REQUIREMENTS. П.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### Ш. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.** IV.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.** V.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS. VI.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



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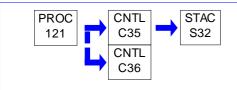
 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 121

 Source Name:
 SILO 3 STOCKHOUSE FILLING

Source Capacity/Throughput: 150.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

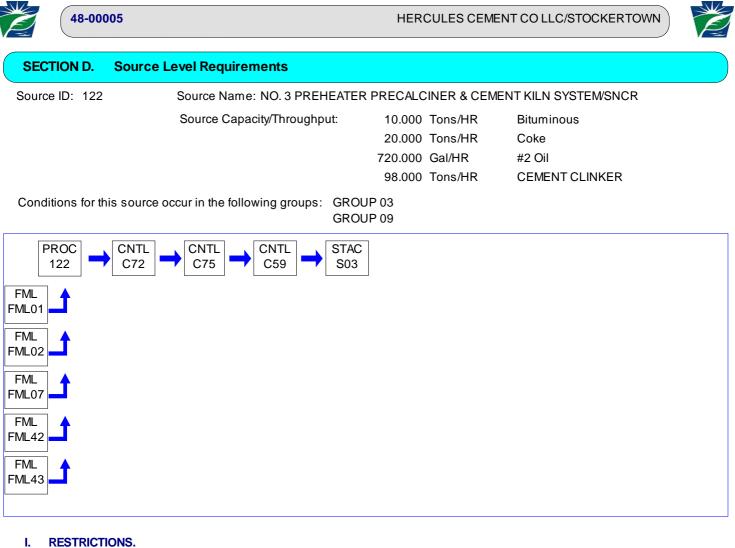
### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### TESTING REQUIREMENTS. П.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. **RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall monitor and record the following parameters for the No. 3 Kiln SNCR system:

- (1) Ammonia solution injection rate.
- (2) Ammonia solution concentration.

#### V. **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



SECTION D.	Source Level Requirements		
Source ID: 123	Source Name: NO. 2 FINISH MILL	SYSTEM	
	Source Capacity/Throughput:	56.000 Tons/HR	CEMENT
		56.000 Tons/HR	LIMESTONE
Conditions for th	is source occur in the following groups: GROL GROL		
PROC			

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

123

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

C22

S05

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



SECTION D. Sour	ce Level Requirements			
Source ID: 124	Source Name: NO. 3 FINISH MILL	SYSTEM		
	Source Capacity/Throughput:	56.000 Tons/HR	CEMENT	
		56.000 Tons/HR	LIMESTONE	
Conditions for this sou	rce occur in the following groups: GRO GRO	UP 05 UP 08		
PROC	LSTAC			

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

124

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

C23

S06

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 125

Source Capacity/Throughput:

Source Name: NO. 3 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM

98.000 Tons/HR

CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 04



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** Source ID: 126 Source Name: WEST RAW FEED SILO 275.000 Tons/HR

Source Capacity/Throughput:

LIMESTONE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06 GROUP 07

PROC 126	] →	CNTL C20		STAC S17	
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#### **RESTRICTIONS.** I.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### П. **TESTING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### MONITORING REQUIREMENTS. Ш.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.** IV.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### v **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS. VI.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. VII.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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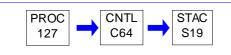


 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 127
 Source Name: NO. 6 FINISH MILL SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput: 30.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 05



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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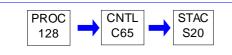


 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 128
 Source Name: NO. 7 FINISH MILL SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput: 30.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 05



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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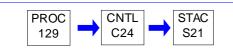


 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 129
 Source Name: NO. 4 FINISH MILL SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput: 35.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 05



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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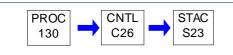


 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 130
 Source Name: PACKING MACHINE 2

Source Capacity/Throughput: 75.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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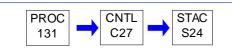


 Section D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 131
 Source Name: PACKING MACHINE 3

Source Capacity/Throughput: 75.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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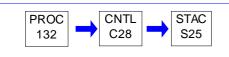
 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 132
 Source Name: PACKING MACHINE 4

Source Capacity/Throughput: 75.000 Tons/HR CEM

CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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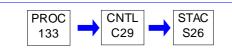


 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 133
 Source Name: PACKING MACHINE 5

Source Capacity/Throughput: 75.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



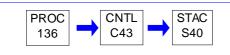
# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 136

Source Name: QUAD BIN TOP; FED BY #3 & #4 SILOS & RAIL

Source Capacity/Throughput: 150.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 137

Source Name: SILO 2 QUAD BIN TRUCK LD

Source Capacity/Throughput: 150.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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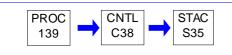
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 139

Source Name: SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT A

Source Capacity/Throughput: 300.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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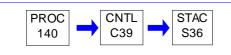
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 140

Source Name: SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT B

Source Capacity/Throughput: 300.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



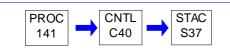
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 141

Source Name: SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING

Source Capacity/Throughput: 200.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



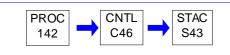
SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** 

Source ID: 142

Source Name: HORIZONTAL CLINKER BELT

Source Capacity/Throughput: 160.000 Tons/HR CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



#### **RESTRICTIONS.** I.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **TESTING REQUIREMENTS.** Ш.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### Ш. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. **RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.** ٧.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. VII.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 143

Source Name: SOUTH FINISH DRAG CONVEYOR

Source Capacity/Throughput: 160.000 Tons/HR CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





Source ID: 144

Source Name: "B" CLINK. STACKING TOWER

Source Capacity/Throughput: 160.000 Tons/HR CLINKER



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

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Source ID: 145

Source Name: "C" CLINK. STACKING TOWER

Source Capacity/Throughput: 160.000 Tons/HR CLINKER



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

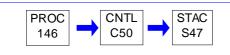
Source ID: 146

Source Name: MAGALDI CLINKER CONVEYOR BOTTOM

Source Capacity/Throughput: 160.000 Tons/HR C

CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

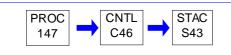
 Source ID:
 147
 Source Name: MAGALDI TOP

Source Capacity/Throughput:

160.000 Tons/HR C

CLINKER

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





Source ID: 148

Source Name: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE STORAGE TANK

Source Capacity/Throughput:

30.000 Tons/HR

**CALCIUM HYDROXIDE** 



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





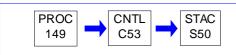
Source ID: 149

Source Name: RAW PROPORTIONING BIN SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput:

250.000 Tons/HR

RAW MATERIALS



## I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13] Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from Source ID 149 in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds .04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



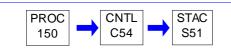
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 150

Source Name: SILO 1 LOADOUT SOUTH

Source Capacity/Throughput: 300.000 Tons/HR CEMENT

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





Source ID: 151

Source Name: QUARRY OPERATIONS

Source Capacity/Throughput:

300.000 Tons/HR

CEMENT ROCK



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

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Source ID: 152

Source Name: DOME STONE STORAGE SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput:

300.000 Tons/HR

CEMENT ROCK



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



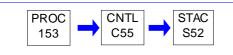
 SECTION D.
 Source Level Requirements

 Source ID:
 153

 Source Capacity/Throughput:
 25.000 Tons/HR

 CLINKER DUST

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** Source Name: SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #1 SYSTEM

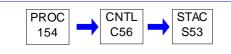
Source ID: 154

Source Capacity/Throughput:

9.000 Tons/HR

COAL/COKE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



#### **RESTRICTIONS.** I.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **TESTING REQUIREMENTS.** Ш.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### Ш. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. **RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.** ٧.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. VII.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 155

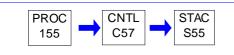
Source Capacity/Throughput:

Source Name: SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #2 SYSTEM

9.000 Tons/HR

COAL/COKE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

HERCULES CEMENT CO LLC/STOCKERTOWN



SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** Source Name: SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #3 SYSTEM

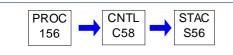
Source ID: 156

Source Capacity/Throughput:

9.000 Tons/HR

COAL/COKE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



#### **RESTRICTIONS.** I.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **TESTING REQUIREMENTS.** Ш.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### Ш. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. **RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.** ٧.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. VII.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

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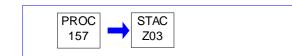
Source ID: 157

Source Name: MATERIALS STOCK PILES

Source Capacity/Throughput: 300

300.000 Tons/HR

VARIOUS RAW MATERIALS



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





Source ID: 158

Source Name: IN-PLANT HAUL ROADS

Source Capacity/Throughput:



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





Source ID: 159

Source Name: NORTH FINISH PROPORTIONING TUNNEL

Source Capacity/Throughput:

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





Source ID: 160

Source Name: NO. 4 MILL PROPORTIONING TUNNEL

Source Capacity/Throughput:

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



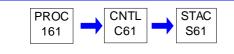


Source ID: 161

Source Name: SOUTH CLINKER PROPORTIONING TUNNEL

Source Capacity/Throughput:

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





Source ID: 162

Source Name: PACKHOUSE FEED SYSTEM

Source Capacity/Throughput:

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 06



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





Source ID: 163

Source Name: COAL PUMPS (3)

Source Capacity/Throughput:

PROC	_	CNTL		STAC
163	-	C71	-	S57

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





Source ID: 173

Source Name: COAL BIN

Source Capacity/Throughput:

PROC	_	CNTL	STAC
173	-	C173	S173

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





Group Name: GROUP 01 Group Description: BOILERS

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Sources included in this group

	ame
039 WE	EIL-MCCLAIN BOILER
040 HB	3 SMITH BOILER

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

**Combustion units** 

[Compliance with the requirements specified in this streamlined permit condition assures compliance with the provisions in 40 CFR 52.2020.]

The permittee may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from each source contained in Group 01 in excess of the following rate:

(1) 3 pounds per million BTU of heat input over any 1-hour period.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

NOx RACT for the Weil-McClain and HB Smith Boilers shall be the installation, maintenance and operation of the sources according to manufacturer's specifications in accordance with presumptive RACT emission limitations as found in 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 129.93(c)(1) and Chapter 129.97(c).

### # 003 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7500]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

### What emission limits, work practice standards, and operating limits must I meet?

(a) You must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section, except as provided in paragraphs (b), through (e) of this section. You must meet these requirements at all times the affected unit is operating, except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section.

(1) You must meet each emission limit and work practice standard in Tables 1 through 3, and 11 through 13 to this subpart that applies to your boiler or process heater, for each boiler or process heater at your source, except as provided under §63.7522. The output-based emission limits, in units of pounds per million Btu of steam output, in Tables 1 or 2 to this subpart are an alternative applicable only to boilers and process heaters that generate either steam, cogenerate steam with electricity, or both. The output-based emission limits, in units of pounds per megawatt-hour, in Tables 1 or 2 to this subpart are an alternative applicable only to boilers that generate only electricity. Boilers that perform multiple functions (cogeneration and electricity generation) or supply steam to common headers would calculate a total steam energy output using equation 21 of §63.7575 to demonstrate compliance with the output-based emission limits, in units of pounds per mession limits, in units of pounds per million Btu of steam output, in Tables 1 or 2 to this subpart. If you operate a new boiler or process heater, you can choose to comply with alternative limits as discussed in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section, but on or after January 31, 2016, you must comply with the emission limits in Table 1 to this subpart.

(i) If your boiler or process heater commenced construction or reconstruction after June 4, 2010 and before May 20, 2011, you may comply with the emission limits in Table 1 or 11 to this subpart until January 31, 2016.

(ii) If your boiler or process heater commenced construction or reconstruction on or after May 20, 2011 and before December 23, 2011, you may comply with the emission limits in Table 1 or 12 to this subpart until January 31, 2016.

(iii) If your boiler or process heater commenced construction or reconstruction on or after December 23, 2011 and before April 1, 2013, you may comply with the emission limits in Table 1 or 13 to this subpart until January 31, 2016.

(2) You must meet each operating limit in Table 4 to this subpart that applies to your boiler or process heater. If you use a control device or combination of control devices not covered in Table 4 to this subpart, or you wish to establish and monitor an alternative operating limit or an alternative monitoring parameter, you must apply to the EPA Administrator for approval of alternative monitoring under §63.8(f).

(3) At all times, you must operate and maintain any affected source (as defined in §63.7490), including associated air





pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator that may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

(b) As provided in §63.6(g), EPA may approve use of an alternative to the work practice standards in this section.

(c) Limited-use boilers and process heaters must complete a tune-up every 5 years as specified in §63.7540. They are not subject to the emission limits in Tables 1 and 2 or 11 through 13 to this subpart, the annual tune-up, or the energy assessment requirements in Table 3 to this subpart, or the operating limits in Table 4 to this subpart.

(d) Boilers and process heaters with a heat input capacity of less than or equal to 5 million Btu per hour in the units designed to burn gas 2 (other) fuels subcategory or units designed to burn light liquid fuels subcategory must complete a tune-up every 5 years as specified in §63.7540.

(e) Boilers and process heaters in the units designed to burn gas 1 fuels subcategory with a heat input capacity of less than or equal to 5 million Btu per hour must complete a tune-up every 5 years as specified in §63.7540. Boilers and process heaters in the units designed to burn gas 1 fuels subcategory with a heat input capacity greater than 5 million Btu per hour and less than 10 million Btu per hour must complete a tune-up every 2 years as specified in §63.7540. Boilers and process heaters in the units designed to burn gas 1 fuels subcategory are not subject to the emission limits in Tables 1 and 2 or 11 through 13 to this subpart, or the operating limits in Table 4 to this subpart.

(f) These standards apply at all times the affected unit is operating, except during periods of startup and shutdown during which time you must comply only with items 5 and 6 of Table 3 to this subpart.

[76 FR 15664, Mar. 21, 2011, as amended at 78 FR 7163, Jan. 31, 2013; 80 FR 72807, Nov. 20, 2015]

### # 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7505]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

### What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?

(a) You must be in compliance with the emission limits, work practice standards, and operating limits in this subpart. These emission and operating limits apply to you at all times the affected unit is operating except for the periods noted in §63.7500(f).

### # 005 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7530]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

How do I demonstrate initial compliance with the emission limitations, fuel specifications and work practice standards?

(a) You must demonstrate initial compliance with each emission limit that applies to you by conducting initial performance tests and fuel analyses and establishing operating limits, as applicable, according to §63.7520, paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, and Tables 5 and 7 to this subpart. The requirement to conduct a fuel analysis is not applicable for units that burn a single type of fuel, as specified by §63.7510(a)(2). If applicable, you must also install, operate, and maintain all applicable CMS (including CEMS, COMS, and CPMS) according to §63.7525.

[76 FR 15664, Mar. 21, 2011, as amended at 78 FR 7174, Jan. 31, 2013; 80 FR 72811, Nov. 20, 2015]

### # 006 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7540]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations, fuel specifications and work practice stand

(a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with each emission limit in Tables 1 and 2 or 11 through 13 to this subpart, the work practice standards in Table 3 to this subpart, and the operating limits in Table 4 to this subpart that applies to you according to the methods specified in Table 8 to this subpart and paragraphs (a)(1) through (19) of this section.



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(10) If your boiler or process heater has a heat input capacity of 10 million Btu per hour or greater, you must conduct an annual tune-up of the boiler or process heater to demonstrate continuous compliance as specified in paragraphs (a)(10)(i) through (vi) of this section. You must conduct the tune-up while burning the type of fuel (or fuels in case of units that routinely burn a mixture) that provided the majority of the heat input to the boiler or process heater over the 12 months prior to the tune-up. This frequency does not apply to limited-use boilers and process heaters, as defined in §63.7575, or units with continuous oxygen trim systems that maintain an optimum air to fuel ratio.

(i) As applicable, inspect the burner, and clean or replace any components of the burner as necessary (you may perform the burner inspection any time prior to the tune-up or delay the burner inspection until the next scheduled unit shutdown). Units that produce electricity for sale may delay the burner inspection until the first outage, not to exceed 36 months from the previous inspection. At units where entry into a piece of process equipment or into a storage vessel is required to complete the tune-up inspections, inspections are required only during planned entries into the storage vessel or process equipment;

(ii) Inspect the flame pattern, as applicable, and adjust the burner as necessary to optimize the flame pattern. The adjustment should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available;

(iii) Inspect the system controlling the air-to-fuel ratio, as applicable, and ensure that it is correctly calibrated and functioning properly (you may delay the inspection until the next scheduled unit shutdown). Units that produce electricity for sale may delay the inspection until the first outage, not to exceed 36 months from the previous inspection;

(iv) Optimize total emissions of CO. This optimization should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available, and with any NOX requirement to which the unit is subject;

(v) Measure the concentrations in the effluent stream of CO in parts per million, by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, before and after the adjustments are made (measurements may be either on a dry or wet basis, as long as it is the same basis before and after the adjustments are made). Measurements may be taken using a portable CO analyzer; and

(vi) Maintain on-site and submit, if requested by the Administrator, a report containing the information in paragraphs (a)(10)(vi)(A) through (C) of this section,

(A) The concentrations of CO in the effluent stream in parts per million by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, measured at high fire or typical operating load, before and after the tune-up of the boiler or process heater;

(B) A description of any corrective actions taken as a part of the tune-up; and

(C) The type and amount of fuel used over the 12 months prior to the tune-up, but only if the unit was physically and legally capable of using more than one type of fuel during that period. Units sharing a fuel meter may estimate the fuel used by each unit.

(11) If your boiler or process heater has a heat input capacity of less than 10 million Btu per hour (except as specified in paragraph (a)(12) of this section), you must conduct a biennial tune-up of the boiler or process heater as specified in paragraphs (a)(10)(i) through (vi) of this section to demonstrate continuous compliance.

(12) If your boiler or process heater has a continuous oxygen trim system that maintains an optimum air to fuel ratio, or a heat input capacity of less than or equal to 5 million Btu per hour and the unit is in the units designed to burn gas 1; units designed to burn gas 2 (other); or units designed to burn light liquid subcategories, or meets the definition of limited-use boiler or process heater in §63.7575, you must conduct a tune-up of the boiler or process heater every 5 years as specified in paragraphs (a)(10)(i) through (vi) of this section to demonstrate continuous compliance. You may delay the burner inspection specified in paragraph (a)(10)(i) of this section until the next scheduled or unscheduled unit shutdown, but you must inspect each burner at least once every 72 months. If an oxygen trim system is utilized on a unit without emission standards to reduce the tune-up frequency to once every 5 years, set the oxygen level no lower than the oxygen concentration measured during the most recent tune-up.

(13) If the unit is not operating on the required date for a tune-up, the tune-up must be conducted within 30 calendar days of startup.

[78 FR 7179, Jan. 31, 2013, as amended at 80 FR 72813, Nov. 20, 2015]

### # 007 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7550]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What reports must I submit and when?

(a) You must submit each report in Table 9 to this subpart that applies to you.

(b) Unless the EPA Administrator has approved a different schedule for submission of reports under §63.10(a), you must





submit each report, according to paragraph (h) of this section, by the date in Table 9 to this subpart and according to the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section. For units that are subject only to a requirement to conduct subsequent annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up according to §63.7540(a)(10), (11), or (12), respectively, and not subject to emission limits or Table 4 operating limits, you may submit only an annual, biennial, or 5-year compliance report, as applicable, as specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section, instead of a semi-annual compliance report.

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

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### # 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7515]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

### When must I conduct subsequent performance tests or fuel analyses, or tune-ups?

(a) You must conduct all applicable performance tests according to §63.7520 on an annual basis, except as specified in paragraphs (b) through (e), (g), and (h) of this section. Annual performance tests must be completed no more than 13 months after the previous performance test, except as specified in paragraphs (b) through (e), (g), and (h) of this section.

(b) If your performance tests for a given pollutant for at least 2 consecutive years show that your emissions are at or below 75 percent of the emission limit (or, in limited instances as specified in Tables 1 and 2 or 11 through 13 to this subpart, at or below the emission limit) for the pollutant, and if there are no changes in the operation of the individual boiler or process heater or air pollution control equipment that could increase emissions, you may choose to conduct performance tests for the pollutant every third year. Each such performance test must be conducted no more than 37 months after the previous performance tests. If you elect to demonstrate compliance using emission averaging under §63.7522, you must continue to conduct performance tests annually. The requirement to test at maximum chloride input level is waived unless the stack test is conducted for HCI. The requirement to test at maximum TSM input level is waived unless the stack test is conducted for TSM.

(c) If a performance test shows emissions exceeded the emission limit or 75 percent of the emission limit (as specified in Tables 1 and 2 or 11 through 13 to this subpart) for a pollutant, you must conduct annual performance tests for that pollutant until all performance tests over a consecutive 2-year period meet the required level (at or below 75 percent of the emission limit, as specified in Tables 1 and 2 or 11 through 13 to this subpart).

(d) If you are required to meet an applicable tune-up work practice standard, you must conduct an annual, biennial, or 5-year performance tune-up according to §63.7540(a)(10), (11), or (12), respectively. Each annual tune-up specified in §63.7540(a)(10) must be no more than 13 months after the previous tune-up. Each biennial tune-up specified in §63.7540(a)(11) must be conducted no more than 25 months after the previous tune-up. Each 5-year tune-up specified in §63.7540(a)(12) must be conducted no more than 61 months after the previous tune-up. For a new or reconstructed affected source (as defined in §63.7490), the first annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up must be no later than 13 months, 25 months, or 61 months, respectively, after April 1, 2013 or the initial startup of the new or reconstructed affected source, whichever is later.

(e) If you demonstrate compliance with the mercury, HCI, or TSM based on fuel analysis, you must conduct a monthly fuel analysis according to §63.7521 for each type of fuel burned that is subject to an emission limit in Tables 1, 2, or 11 through 13 to this subpart. You may comply with this monthly requirement by completing the fuel analysis any time within the calendar month as long as the analysis is separated from the previous analysis by at least 14 calendar days. If you burn a new type of fuel, you must conduct a fuel analysis before burning the new type of fuel in your boiler or process heater. You must still meet all applicable continuous compliance requirements in §63.7540. If each of 12 consecutive monthly fuel analyses demonstrates 75 percent or less of the compliance level, you may decrease the fuel analysis frequency to quarterly for that fuel. If any quarterly sample exceeds 75 percent of the compliance level or you begin burning a new type of fuel, you must return to monthly monitoring for that fuel, until 12 months of fuel analyses are again less than 75 percent of the compliance level. If sampling is conducted on one day per month, samples should be no less than 14 days apart, but if multiple samples are taken per month, the 14-day restriction does not apply.

(f) You must report the results of performance tests and the associated fuel analyses within 60 days after the completion of the performance tests. This report must also verify that the operating limits for each boiler or process heater have not changed or provide documentation of revised operating limits established according to §63.7530 and Table 7 to this





subpart, as applicable. The reports for all subsequent performance tests must include all applicable information required in §63.7550.

(g) For affected sources (as defined in §63.7490) that have not operated since the previous compliance demonstration and more than one year has passed since the previous compliance demonstration, you must complete the subsequent compliance demonstration, if subject to the emission limits in Tables 1, 2, or 11 through 13 to this subpart, no later than 180 days after the re-start of the affected source and according to the applicable provisions in §63.7(a)(2) as cited in Table 10 to this subpart. You must complete a subsequent tune-up by following the procedures described in §63.7540(a)(10)(i) through (vi) and the schedule described in §63.7540(a)(13) for units that are not operating at the time of their scheduled tune-up.

(h) If your affected boiler or process heater is in the unit designed to burn light liquid subcategory and you combust ultra-low sulfur liquid fuel, you do not need to conduct further performance tests (stack tests or fuel analyses) if the pollutants measured during the initial compliance performance tests meet the emission limits in Tables 1 or 2 of this subpart providing you demonstrate ongoing compliance with the emissions limits by monitoring and recording the type of fuel combusted on a monthly basis. If you intend to use a fuel other than ultra-low sulfur liquid fuel, natural gas, refinery gas, or other gas 1 fuel, you must conduct new performance tests within 60 days of burning the new fuel type.

(i) If you operate a CO CEMS that meets the Performance Specifications outlined in §63.7525(a)(3) of this subpart to demonstrate compliance with the applicable alternative CO CEMS emission standard listed in Tables 1, 2, or 11 through 13 to this subpart, you are not required to conduct CO performance tests and are not subject to the oxygen concentration operating limit requirement specified in §63.7510(a).

[78 FR 7165, Jan. 31, 2013, as amended at 80 FR 72808, Nov. 20, 2015]

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 009 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7555] Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters. What records must I keep?

(a) You must keep records according to paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) A copy of each notification and report that you submitted to comply with this subpart, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status or semiannual compliance report that you submitted, according to the requirements in §63.10(b)(2)(xiv).

(2) Records of performance tests, fuel analyses, or other compliance demonstrations and performance evaluations as required in §63.10(b)(2)(viii).

[76 FR 15664, Mar. 21, 2011, as amended at 78 FR 7185, Jan. 31, 2013; 80 FR 72816, Nov. 20, 2015]

### # 010 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7560]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

### In what form and how long must I keep my records?

(a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review, according to §63.10(b)(1).

(b) As specified in §63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.

(c) You must keep each record on site, or they must be accessible from on site (for example, through a computer network), for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to §63.10(b)(1). You can keep the records off site for the remaining 3 years





### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

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# 011 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7545]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What notifications must I submit and when?

(a) You must submit to the Administrator all of the notifications in §§63.7(b) and (c), 63.8(e), (f)(4) and (6), and 63.9(b) through (h) that apply to you by the dates specified.

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

### # 012 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7485]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

### Am I subject to this subpart?

You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate an industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler or process heater as defined in §63.7575 that is located at, or is part of, a major source of HAP, except as specified in §63.7491. For purposes of this subpart, a major source of HAP is as defined in §63.2, except that for oil and natural gas production facilities, a major source of HAP is as defined in §63.7575.

[78 FR 7162, Jan. 31, 2013]

# 013 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7490] Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What is the affected source of this subpart?

(a) This subpart applies to new, reconstructed, and existing affected sources as described in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) The affected source of this subpart is the collection at a major source of all existing industrial, commercial, and institutional boilers and process heaters within a subcategory as defined in §63.7575.

(2) The affected source of this subpart is each new or reconstructed industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler or process heater, as defined in §63.7575, located at a major source.

(b) A boiler or process heater is new if you commence construction of the boiler or process heater after June 4, 2010, and you meet the applicability criteria at the time you commence construction.

(c) A boiler or process heater is reconstructed if you meet the reconstruction criteria as defined in §63.2, you commence reconstruction after June 4, 2010, and you meet the applicability criteria at the time you commence reconstruction.

(d) A boiler or process heater is existing if it is not new or reconstructed.

(e) An existing electric utility steam generating unit (EGU) that meets the applicability requirements of this subpart after the effective date of this final rule due to a change (e.g., fuel switch) is considered to be an existing source under this subpart.

[76 FR 15664, Mar. 21, 2011, as amended at 78 FR 7162, Jan. 31, 2013]

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

### # 014 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7565]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 10 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§63.1 through 63.15 apply to you.



### Group Name: GROUP 02

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Group Description: CRUSHER OPERATIONS and CAM SOURCES

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
106	PRIMARY CRUSHER SYSTEM
107	SECONDARY CRUSHER SYSTEM

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

### # 002 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.672]

# Subpart OOO - Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants Standard for particulate matter.

(a) Affected facilities must meet the stack emission limits and compliance requirements in Table 2 of this subpart within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup as required under § 60.8. The requirements in Table 2 of this subpart apply for affected facilities with capture systems used to capture and transport particulate matter to a control device.

(b) Affected facilities must meet the fugitive emission limits and compliance requirements in Table 3 of this subpart within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup as required under § 60.11. The requirements in Table 3 of this subpart apply for fugitive emissions from affected facilities without capture systems and for fugitive emissions escaping capture systems.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) Truck dumping of nonmetallic minerals into any screening operation, feed hopper, or crusher is exempt from the requirements of this section.

(e) If any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility is enclosed in a building, then each enclosed affected facility must comply with the emission limits in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, or the building enclosing the affected facility or facilities must comply with the following emission limits:

(1) Fugitive emissions from the building openings (except for vents as defined in § 60.671) must not exceed 7 percent opacity; and

(2) Vents (as defined in § 60.671) in the building must meet the applicable stack emission limits and compliance requirements in Table 2 of this subpart.

(f) Any baghouse that controls emissions from only an individual, enclosed storage bin is exempt from the applicable stack PM concentration limit (and associated performance testing) in Table 2 of this subpart but must meet the applicable stack opacity limit and compliance requirements in Table 2 of this subpart. This exemption from the stack PM concentration limit does not apply for multiple storage bins with combined stack emissions.

TABLE 2 to Subpart OOO of Part 60—Stack Emission Limits for Affected Facilities With Capture Systems

For \* \* \* Affected facilities (as defined in §§ 60.670 and 60.671) that commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after August 31, 1983 but before April 22, 2008

The owner or operator must meet a PM limit of \* \* \* \*\*\*\* 0.05 g/dscm (0.022 gr/dscf) a





And the owner or operator must meet an opacity limit of * * * *** 7 percent for dry control devices b
The owner or operator must demonstrate compliance with these limits by conducting * * * * *** An initial performance test according to § 60.8 of this part and § 60.675 of this subpart; and Monitoring of wet scrubber parameters according to § 60.674(a) and § 60.676(c), (d), and (e).
Affected facilities (as defined in §§ 60.670 and 60.671) that commence construction, modification, or reconstruction on or after April 22, 2008. The owner or operator must meet a PM limit of * * * *** 0.032 g/dscm (0.014 gr/dscf) a
And the owner or operator must meet an opacity limit of * * * *** Not applicable (except for individual enclosed storage bins) 7 percent for dry control devices on individual enclosed storage bins.
The owner or operator must demonstrate compliance with these limits by conducting $*$ $*$ $*$ *** An initial performance test according to § 60.8 of this part and § 60.675 of this subpart; and Monitoring of wet scrubber parameters according to § 60.674(a) and § 60.676(c), (d), and (e); and Monitoring of baghouses according to § 60.674(c), (d), or (e) and § 60.676(b).
a Exceptions to the PM limit apply for individual enclosed storage bins and other equipment. See § 60.672(d) through (f). b The stack opacity limit and associated opacity testing requirements do not apply for affected facilities using wet scrubbers.
TABLE 3 to Subpart OOO of Part 60—Fugitive Emission Limits
For Affected facilities (as defined in §§ 60.670 and 60.671) that commence construction, modification, or reconstruction on or after April 22, 2008 * * *
The owner or operator must meet the following fugitive emissions limit for grinding mills, screening operations, bucket elevators, transfer points on belt conveyors, bagging operations, storage bins, enclosed truck or railcar loading stations or from any other affected facility (as defined in §§ 60.670 and 60.671) *** 10 percent opacity.
<ul> <li>* * The owner or operator must meet the following fugitive emissions limit for crushers at which a capture system is not used * * *</li> <li>*** 15 percent opacity.</li> </ul>
The owner or operator must demonstrate compliance with these limits by conducting $*$ * * * * An initial performance test according to § 60.11 of this part and § 60.675 of this subpart.
Affected facilities (as defined in §§ 60.670 and 60.671) that commence construction, modification, or reconstruction on or after April 22, 2008 *** 7 percent opacity.
<ul> <li>* * The owner or operator must meet the following fugitive emissions limit for crushers at which a capture system is not used * * *</li> <li>*** 12 percent opacity.</li> </ul>
*** An initial performance test according to § 60.11 of this part and § 60.675 of this subpart; and Periodic inspections of water sprays according to § 60.674(b) and § 60.676(b); and A repeat performance test according to § 60.11 of this part and § 60.675 of this subpart within 5 years from the previous performance test for fugitive emissions from affected facilities without water sprays. Affected facilities controlled by water carryover from upstream water sprays that are inspected according to the requirements in § 60.674(b) and § 60.676(b) are exempt from this 5-year repeat testing requirement.





### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

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No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The fabric collectors (baghouses) must be equipped with a device for monitoring the pressure differential across the fabric collectors.

# 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(Authority for this condition is derived from 40 CFR Part 64 and CAM PLAN submitted to the Department).

Monitoring Approach

A. Indicator: Pressure drop

Measurement Approach: Pressure drop is measured by a differential pressure gauge which continuously displays the pressure drop.

B. Indicator Range:

Indicator Range: Range of pressure drop will be the normal range based on operational history consistent with normal and proper operation of the baghouse.

### C. Performance Criteria

(a) Data Representativeness: Pressure drop across the filter is measured at filter inlet and exhaust. Pressure drop is representative of proper baghouse operation and maintenance; any indicated reduced performance may be indicative of increased particulate emissions.

- (b) Verification of Operational Status: N/A.
- (c) QA/QC Practices and Criteria: Pressure gauge maintained according to manufacturer recommendations.
- (d) Monitoring.
  - (1) Monitoring frequency: Pressure drop is continuously displayed on the differential pressure gauge.
  - (2) Data Collection Procedure: Pressure drop is recorded once daily.
  - (3) Averaging Period.

Justification

### I. Rationale for Selection of Performance Indicators

The pressure drop through the baghouse is measured by and continuously displayed on the differential pressure gauge. The baghouse pressure drop is selected as a performance indicator since it is a good indicator of proper baghouse operation and performance. A significant increase in pressure drop can indicate that the cleaning cycle is not frequent enough, cleaning equipment is damaged, or the bags are becoming blinded. A significant decrease in pressure drop may indicate significant holes and tears or missing bags, or fan failure.

II. Rationale for Selection of Indicator Ranges

The range specified by operational history is an appropriate range to assess proper operation. Experience indicates that the baghouse pressure drop can be maintained on a routine basis with possibly some short-lived excursions.

### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Opacity shall be monitored on a monthly basis to verify compliance with 25 Pa. Code Section 123.41.

### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR 64.6 and 64.3, Compliance Assurance Monitoring].





<ul> <li>(a) The permittee shall use the approved process parameters or indicators to obtain and monitor the emission control equipment performance:</li> <li>(i) Differential pressure in inches water gauge.</li> </ul>	
(i) Differential pressure in inches water gauge.	
# 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]	
Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.	
[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR 64.6 and 64.3, Compliance Assurance Monito	ring].
<ul><li>(a) The permittee shall use the approved means or devicess to measure the applicable indicators:</li><li>(i) Differential pressure gauge.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>(b) The permittee shall use the following approved frequencies for conducting monitoring of indicators:</li> <li>(i) Differential pressure of four (4) inches of water, based on manufacturer specifications for operation at 99.9% collect efficiency and monitored continuously.</li> </ul>	ction
# 008 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]	
Operating permit terms and conditions.	
[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR 64.3 and 64.6, Compliance Assurance Monito	ring].
(a) The permittee shall adhere to the following approved range for the selected indicators so the operation within the rashall provide reasonable assurance of compliance:	inge
(i) Differential pressure of four (4) inches of water, based on manufacturer specifications for operation at 99.9% collect efficiency and monitored continuously.	
(ii) A departure from the specified indicator range over a specified averaging period shall be defined as an excursion.	
# 009 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.674]	
Subpart OOO - Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants	
Monitoring of operations.	
(a) Any permittee which uses a water spray dust suppression system to control emissions shall install, calibrate, main	itain
and operate the following monitoring device:	
(1) A water gauge pressure for the continuous measurement of the water pressure. The monitoring device must be	
calibrated on an annual basis in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.	
. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.	
# 010 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]	
Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.	
The normittee shall maintain a record of all proventative maintanance increations of the control devices. These records	
The permittee shall maintain a record of all preventative maintenance inspections of the control devices. These records shall, at a minumum, contain the dates of the inspection, any problems or defects observed during the inspection, the	i.
actions taken to correct the problem or defect, and the pressure drop across the control device.	
# 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]	
Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.	
Monitoring and related recordiceping and reporting requirements.	
Recordkeeping and reporting requirements are as follows:	
	the
(a) The company shall maintain a file containing all records and other data that are required to be collected pursuant to	
(a) The company shall maintain a file containing all records and other data that are required to be collected pursuant to various provisions of this Operating Permit. The file shall include, but not be limited to: all air pollution control system	
various provisions of this Operating Permit. The file shall include, but not be limited to: all air pollution control system performance evaluations and records of calibration checks, adjustments and maintenance performed on all equipmen	
various provisions of this Operating Permit. The file shall include, but not be limited to: all air pollution control system performance evaluations and records of calibration checks, adjustments and maintenance performed on all equipmen which is subject to this Operating Permit. All measurements, records and other data required to be maintained by the	t
various provisions of this Operating Permit. The file shall include, but not be limited to: all air pollution control system performance evaluations and records of calibration checks, adjustments and maintenance performed on all equipmen	t





# # 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements. [Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR 64.9, Compliance Assurance Monitoring]. (a) The permittee shall record all inspections, repair and maintenance performed on the monitoring equipment. (b) The permittee shall record continuously the approved indicators using the following approved data collecting devices: (i) Differential pressure gauge. (c) The permittee shall record all excursions and corrective actions taken in response to an excursion and the time elapsed until the corrective actions have been taken. (d) The permittee shall maintain records of all monitoring downtime incidents (other than downtime associated with zero, span or other daily calibration checks, if applicable). The permittee shall also record the dates, times and durations, possible causes and corrective actions taken for the incidents. # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements. [Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(ii)(B), Compliance Assurance Monitoring]. The permittee shall keep all records for a period of five (5) years and make the records available to the Department upon request. #014 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements. The permittee shall record actions taken to implement a QIP during a reporting period and all related actions including, but not limited to inspections, repairs and maintenance performed on the monitoring equipment. # 015 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements. (a) The permittee shall record results of monthly visible emissions monitoring. (b) These records shall be kept for a five (5) year period and be made available to the Department upon request. [25 Pa. Code §127.511] #016 Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements. (a) The permittee shall record pressure differential readings from the baghouse on a daily basis. (b) These records shall be kept for a five (5) year period and shall be made available to the Department upon request. V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. # 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements. [Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), Compliance Assurance Monitoring]. The permittee shall report all excursions and corrective actions taken, the dates, times, durations and possible causes, every six (6) months. # 018 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.





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In general, the QIP (Quality Improvement Plan) should be developed within 60 days and the permittee shall provide a copy of the QIP to the Department. Furthermore, the permittee shall notify the Department if the period for completing the improvements contained in the QIP exceeds 180 days from the date on which the need to implement the QIP was determined.

### # 019 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall submit an implementation plan and schedule if the approved monitoring requires the installation, testing or other necessary activities. The schedule for completing installation and beginning operation of the monitoring may not exceed 180 days after the issuance date of the permit.

### # 020 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The non-metallic mineral processing plants are subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart OOO of the Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources and shall comply with all applicable requirements of this Subpart. 40 CFR §60.4 requires submission of copies of all requests, reports, applications, submittals, and other communications to both EPA and the Department. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance Assistance (3AP20) United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

# 021 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.676] Subpart OOO - Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants

#### Reporting and recordkeeping.

(a) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with §60.670(d) shall submit to the Administrator the following information about the existing facility being replaced and the replacement piece of equipment.

- (1) For a crusher, grinding mill, bucket elevator, bagging operation, or enclosed truck or railcar loading station:
- (i) The rated capacity in megagrams or tons per hour of the existing facility being replaced and
- (ii) The rated capacity in tons per hour of the replacement equipment.

(2) For a screening operation:

- (i) The total surface area of the top screen of the existing screening operation being replaced and
- (ii) The total surface area of the top screen of the replacement screening operation.

(3) For a conveyor belt:

- (i) The width of the existing belt being replaced and
- (ii) The width of the replacement conveyor belt.

(4) For a storage bin:

- (i) The rated capacity in megagrams or tons of the existing storage bin being replaced and
- (ii) The rated capacity in megagrams or tons of replacement storage bins.

(b)(1) Owners or operators of affected facilities (as defined in §§60.670 and 60.671) for which construction, modification, or reconstruction commenced on or after April 22, 2008, must record each periodic inspection required under §60.674(b) or (c), including dates and any corrective actions taken, in a logbook (in written or electronic format). The owner or operator must keep the logbook onsite and make hard or electronic copies (whichever is requested) of the logbook available to the Administrator upon request.

(2) For each bag leak detection system installed and operated according to 60.674(d), the owner or operator must keep the records specified in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) Records of the bag leak detection system output;

(ii) Records of bag leak detection system adjustments, including the date and time of the adjustment, the initial bag leak detection system settings; and

(iii) The date and time of all bag leak detection system alarms, the time that procedures to determine the cause of the





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alarm were initiated, the cause of the alarm, an explanation of the actions taken, the date and time the cause of the alarm was alleviated, and whether the cause of the alarm was alleviated within 3 hours of the alarm.

(3) The owner or operator of each affected facility demonstrating compliance according to §60.674(e) by following the requirements for processed stone handling operations in the Lime Manufacturing NESHAP (40 CFR part 63, subpart AAAAA) must maintain records of visible emissions observations required by §63.7132(a)(3) and (b) of 40 CFR part 63, subpart AAAAA.

(c) During the initial performance test of a wet scrubber, and daily thereafter, the owner or operator shall record the measurements of both the change in pressure of the gas stream across the scrubber and the scrubbing liquid flow rate.

(d) After the initial performance test of a wet scrubber, the owner or operator shall submit semiannual reports to the Administrator of occurrences when the measurements of the scrubber pressure loss and liquid flow rate decrease by more than 30 percent from the average determined during the most recent performance test.

(e) The reports required under paragraph (d) of this section shall be postmarked within 30 days following end of the second and fourth calendar quarters.

(f) The owner or operator of any affected facility shall submit written reports of the results of all performance tests conducted to demonstrate compliance with the standards set forth in §60.672 of this subpart, including reports of opacity observations made using Method 9 (40 CFR part 60, appendix A-4) to demonstrate compliance with §60.672(b), (e) and (f).

(g) The owner or operator of any wet material processing operation that processes saturated and subsequently processes unsaturated materials, shall submit a report of this change within 30 days following such change. At the time of such change, this screening operation, bucket elevator, or belt conveyor becomes subject to the applicable opacity limit in §60.672(b) and the emission test requirements of §60.11.

(h) The subpart A requirement under §60.7(a)(1) for notification of the date construction or reconstruction commenced is waived for affected facilities under this subpart.

(i) A notification of the actual date of initial startup of each affected facility shall be submitted to the Administrator.

(1) For a combination of affected facilities in a production line that begin actual initial startup on the same day, a single notification of startup may be submitted by the owner or operator to the Administrator. The notification shall be postmarked within 15 days after such date and shall include a description of each affected facility, equipment manufacturer, and serial number of the equipment, if available.

(2) For portable aggregate processing plants, the notification of the actual date of initial startup shall include both the home office and the current address or location of the portable plant.

(j) The requirements of this section remain in force until and unless the Agency, in delegating enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Act, approves reporting requirements or an alternative means of compliance surveillance adopted by such States. In that event, affected facilities within the State will be relieved of the obligation to comply with the reporting requirements of this section, provided that they comply with requirements established by the State.

(k) Notifications and reports required under this subpart and under subpart A of this part to demonstrate compliance with this subpart need only to be sent to the EPA Region or the State which has been delegated authority according to §60.4(b).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 022 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) Water spray dust suppression systems on nonmetallic mineral processing plants shall be operated on any and all occasions that the respective plant is operated, except in those unusual instances where processed materials contain sufficient moisture such that operation of the plant without the simultaneous operation of the water spray dust suppression system can take place without creating air contaminant emissions in excess of the limitations and standards of this operating permit. If, however, the water spray dust suppression system is incapable of operation due to weather conditions or any other reason the plant may not operate at all.





(1) The company shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare nozzles in order to be able to immediately replace any nozzles.

# 023 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The pressure differential across the baghouses shall be recorded on a daily basis while the plant is operating. The permittee shall retain these records for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

(b) Dust collected in the baghouse filters shall be discharged into closed containers only.

(c) The permittee shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare baghouse bags/filters for the baghouse associated with this source in order to be able to immediately replace any bags/filters requiring replacement due to deterioration resulting from routine operation of the source and baghouse.

(d) The permittee shall maintain and operate the air pollution control equipment and sources in accordance with good engineering practice.

# 024 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.670] Subpart OOO - Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants Applicability and designation of affected facility.

§ 60.670 Applicability and designation of affected facility.

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)(2), (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the provisions of this subpart are applicable to the following affected facilities in fixed or portable nonmetallic mineral processing plants: each crusher, grinding mill, screening operation, bucket elevator, belt conveyor, bagging operation, storage bin, enclosed truck or railcar loading station. Also, crushers and grinding mills at hot mix asphalt facilities that reduce the size of nonmetallic minerals embedded in recycled asphalt pavement and subsequent affected facilities up to, but not including, the first storage silo or bin are subject to the provisions of this subpart.

(2) The provisions of this subpart do not apply to the following operations: All facilities located in underground mines; plants without crushers or grinding mills above ground; and wet material processing operations (as defined in § 60.671).

(b) An affected facility that is subject to the provisions of subparts F or I of this part or that follows in the plant process any facility subject to the provisions of subparts F or I of this part is not subject to the provisions of this subpart.

(c) Facilities at the following plants are not subject to the provisions of this subpart:

(1) Fixed sand and gravel plants and crushed stone plants with capacities, as defined in § 60.671, of 23 megagrams per hour (25 tons per hour) or less;

(2) Portable sand and gravel plants and crushed stone plants with capacities, as defined in § 60.671, of 136 megagrams per hour (150 tons per hour) or less; and

(3) Common clay plants and pumice plants with capacities, as defined in § 60.671, of 9 megagrams per hour (10 tons per hour) or less.

(d)(1) When an existing facility is replaced by a piece of equipment of equal or smaller size, as defined in § 60.671, having the same function as the existing facility, and there is no increase in the amount of emissions, the new facility is exempt from the provisions of §§ 60.672, 60.674, and 60.675 except as provided for in paragraph (d)(3) of this section.

(2) An owner or operator complying with paragraph (d)(1) of this section shall submit the information required in 60.676(a).

(3) An owner or operator replacing all existing facilities in a production line with new facilities does not qualify for the exemption described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section and must comply with the provisions of \$ 60.672, 60.674 and 60.675.

(e) An affected facility under paragraph (a) of this section that commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after August 31, 1983, is subject to the requirements of this part.





	(f) TABLE 1 of this subpart specifies the provisions of subpart A of this part 60 that do not apply to owners and operators of affected facilities subject to this subpart or that apply with certain exceptions.
	TABLE 1 to Subpart OOO of Part 60—Exceptions to Applicability of Subpart A to Subpart OOO
	Subpart A reference *** Applies to subpart OOO *** Explanation
	60.4, Address
	*** Yes *** Except in § 60.4(a) and (b) submittals need not be submitted to both the EPA Region and delegated State authority (§ 60.676(k)).
	60.7, Notification and recordkeeping *** Yes
	*** Except in (a)(1) notification of the date construction or reconstruction commenced (§ 60.676(h)).
	*** *** Also, except in (a)(6) performance tests involving only Method 9 (40 CFR part 60, Appendix A-4) require a 7-day advance notification instead of 30 days (§ 60.675(g)).
	60.8, Performance tests
	*** Yes *** Except in (d) performance tests involving only Method 9 (40 CFR part 60, Appendix A-4) require a 7-day advance notification instead of 30 days (§ 60.675(g)).
	60.11, Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements *** Yes
	*** Except in (b) under certain conditions (§§ 60.675(c)), Method 9 (40 CFR part 60, Appendix A-4) observation is reduced from 3 hours to 30 minutes for fugitive emissions.
	60.18, General control device *** No Flares will not be used to comply with the emission limits.
VII.	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
	# 025 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.
-	Implementation of a QIP, shall not excuse the owner or operator of a source from compliance with any existing emission limitation or standard or any existing monitoring, testing, reporting or record keeping requirements that may apply under any federal, state, or local laws or any other applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act.
	# 026 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.
	In accordance with Section 64.8, the QIP shall include procedures for evaluating the control performance problems. Based on the results of the evaluation procedures, the permittee shall modify the QIP, and provide a copy to the Department, to include procedures for conducting more frequent or improved monitoring in conjunction with one or more of the following:
	(a) Improved preventative maintenance practices
	<ul> <li>(b) Process operation changes</li> <li>(c) Appropriate improvements to control methods</li> <li>(d) Other store oppropriate to correct performance</li> </ul>
ł	(d) Other steps appropriate to correct performance. # 027 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]
	Operating permit terms and conditions.
	[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR Section 64.3].





The permittee shall utilize approved QA/QC practices that are adequate to ensure continuing validity of data and proper performance of the devices.

#### # 028 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

If requested by the Department, the permittee shall implement a QIP (Quality Improvement Plan) for the fabric collector in accordance with the Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) requirements of 40 CFR 64.4, 64.8 and 64.9.

### # 029 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR Section 64.4, 64.8, 64.9, Compliance Assurance Monitoring].

The permittee shall submit implement a quality improvement plan (QIP) as expeditiously as possible if any of the following occurs:

(a) For properly and accurately collected data, accumulated excursions exceed five percent (5%) of the data for particulates.(b) Six excursions occur in a six-month period.

(c) The Department determines after review of all reported information that the permittee has not responded acceptably to an excursion.

## # 030 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Following implementation of a QIP, the Department will require reasonable revisions to the QIP if the plan has failed to either:

(a) Address the cause of the control device performance problem.

(b) Provide adequate procedures for correcting control device performance problems as expeditiously as possible in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.



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## SECTION E. Source Group Restrictions.

Group Name: GROUP 03

Group Description: NO. 1 and NO. 3 CEMENT KILNS

Sources included in this group

#### ID Name 102 NO. 1 CEMENT KILN SYSTEM/SNCR

122 NO. 3 PREHEATER PRECALCINER & CEMENT KILN SYSTEM/SNCR

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The following allowable emission limits are established for the operation of the No. 3 preheater cement kiln, including the No. 1 cement kiln, in the NORMAL MODE (roller mill on) and both kilns not being fired by TDF:

(1) Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 39.33 lbs/hour.

(2) Sulfur oxide emissions shall not exceed 500 ppm (1-hour block average), on a dry basis.

(3) Nitrogen oxide emissions shall not exceed 492.0 lbs/hour (30-day rolling average).

(4) Visible air contaminants shall not be emitted in such a manner that the opacity of the emissions is equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any hour; or equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Quality Assurance Requirements:

Continuous Emission Monitoring Systems (CEMS) and components must be operated and maintained in accordance with the requirements established in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources) and the "Quality Assurance" requirements in the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, Revision No. 8, 274-0300-001.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revision to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with this permit condition.

## # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The following allowable emission limits are established for the operation of the No. 3 preheater cement kiln, including the No. 1 preheater cement kiln, in the BYPASS MODE (roller mill off) and both kilns not being fired by TDF:

(1) Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 28.0 lbs/hour.

(2) Sulfur oxide emissions shall not exceed 500 ppm (1-hour block average), on a dry basis.

(3) Nitrogen oxide emissions shall not exceed 492.0 lbs/hour (30-day rolling average).

(4) Visible air contaminants shall not be emitted in such a manner that the opacity of the emissions is equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any hour; or equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

#### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Upon commencement of TDF firing on either Source, the total facility emission limit for nitrogen oxides is 1798.0 tons per year (12-month rolling sum). The facility shall begin compliance with this annual emission limit following the twelfth month after TDF is first introduced on either Source. For the purpose of defining the first month in the initial 12-month period, the





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first month is that month in which TDF is first introduced to either Source, regardless of TDF quantity first fired and the day in the month first introduction occurs.

#### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Unless noted otherwise, the operation of the Nos. 1 and 3 preheater cement kilns in either the NORMAL MODE (roller mill on) or in the BYPASS MODE (roller mill off), when fired by TDF, shall at no time result in the emission of the following contaminants at rates exceeding the identified limits and verified by annual stack testing or quarterly CEM reporting.

Arsenic -	0.0107 lbs/hour
Cadmium -	0.00625 lbs/hour
Hexavalent Chromiu	m - 0.00553 lbs/hour
Lead -	0.181 lbs/hour
Mercury -	0.00648 lbs/hour
Nickel -	0.0175 lbs/hour
Zinc -	0.403 lbs/hour
Hydrogen Fluoride -	2.296 lbs/hour
Hydrogen Chloride -	14.56 lbs/hour
Chlorine -	0.837 lbs/hour
Hydrogen Cyanide -	0.0189 lbs/hour
Total VOCs -	19.0 lbs/hour
SO2 -	500 ppm (1-hr block average)
NOx-	492.0 lbs/hour (30-day rolling average)
Particulates -	39.33 lbs/hour (roller mill on)
Particulates-	28.0 lbs/hr (roller mill off)

#### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The TDF feed rate to the No. 1 preheater cement kiln shall not exceed 2.2 tons per hour, based on an hourly average.

(b) The TDF feed rate to the No. 3 preheater cement kiln shall not exceed 3.0 tons per hour, based on an hourly average.

#### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §145.143.]

#### Standard requirements.

(a) By October 31, 2005, and each year thereafter, the owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln shall calculate the difference between the actual emissions from the unit during the period from May 1 through September 30 and the allowable emissions for that period.

(b) The owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln may not operate a Portland cement kiln in a manner that results in NOx emissions in excess of its allowable emissions, except as otherwise specified in this section.

(1) Beginning May 1 through September 30, 2005, and each year thereafter, the owner or operator shall determine allowable emissions by multiplying the tons of clinker produced by the Portland cement kiln for the period by 6 pounds per ton of clinker produced.

(2) Beginning May 1 through September 30, 2011, and each year thereafter, the owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln shall determine allowable emissions of NOx by multiplying the tons of clinker produced by the Portland cement kiln for the period by:

- (i) 3.88 pounds of NOx per ton of clinker produced for long wet-process cement kilns.
- (ii) 3.44 pounds of NOx per ton of clinker produced for long dry-process cement kilns.
- (iii) 2.36 pounds of NOx per ton of clinker produced for:
- (A) Preheater cement kilns.
- (B) Precalciner cement kilns.

(c) The owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln subject to subsection (b)(1) shall install and operate a CEMS, and shall





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report CEMS emissions data, in accordance with the CEMS requirements of either Chapter 139 or 145 (relating to sampling and testing; and interstate pollution transport reduction) and calculate actual emissions using the CEMS data reported to the Department. Any data invalidated under Chapter 139 shall be substituted with data calculated using the potential emission rate for the unit or, if approved by the Department in writing, an alternative amount of emissions that is more representative of actual emissions that occurred during the period of invalid data.

(d) The owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln subject to this section shall surrender to the Department one CAIR NOx allowance and one CAIR NOx Ozone Season allowance, as defined in 40 CFR 96.102 and 96.302 (relating to definitions), for each ton of NOx by which the combined actual emissions exceed the allowable emissions of the Portland cement kilns subject to this section at a facility from May 1 through September 30. The surrendered allowances shall be of current year vintage. For the purposes of determining the amount of allowances to surrender, any remaining fraction of a ton equal to or greater than 0.50 ton is deemed to equal 1 ton and any fraction of a ton less than 0.50 ton is deemed to equal 2ero tons.

(e) If the combined allowable emissions from Portland cement kilns at a facility from May 1 through September 30 exceed the combined actual emissions from Portland cement kilns subject to this section at the facility during the same period, the owner or operator may deduct the difference or any portion of the difference from the amount of actual emissions from Portland cement kilns subject to this Section at the facility during the same period, the owner or operator may deduct the difference or any portion of the difference from the amount of actual emissions from Portland cement kilns at the owner or operator's other facilities located in this Commonwealth for that period.

(f) By November 1, 2005, and each year thereafter, an owner or operator subject to this subchapter shall surrender the required NOx allowances to the Department's designated NOx allowance tracking system account, as defined in § 121.1 (relating to definitions), and shall provide in writing to the Department, the following:

- (1) The serial number of each NOx allowance surrendered.
- (2) The calculations used to determine the quantity of NOx allowances required to be surrendered.

(g) If an owner or operator fails to comply with subsection (f), the owner or operator shall by December 31 surrender three NOx allowances of the current or later year vintage for each NOx allowance that was required to be surrendered by November 1.

(h) The surrender of NOx allowances under subsection (g) does not affect the liability of the owner or operator of the Portland cement kiln for any fine, penalty or assessment, or an obligation to comply with any other remedy for the same violation, under the CAA or the act.

(1) For purposes of determining the number of days of violation, if a facility has excess emissions for the period May 1 through September 30, each day in that period (153 days) constitutes a day in violation unless the owner or operator of the Portland cement kiln demonstrates that a lesser number of days should be considered.

(2) Each ton of excess emissions is a separate violation.

### # 009 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1343]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### What standards apply to my kilns, clinker coolers, raw material dryers, and open clinker piles?

(a) General. The provisions in this section apply to each kiln and any alkali bypass associated with that kiln, clinker cooler, raw material dryer, and open clinker storage pile. All D/F, HCl, and total hydrocarbon (THC) emissions limit are on a dry basis. The D/F, HCl, and THC limits for kilns are corrected to 7 percent oxygen. All THC emissions limits are measured as propane. Standards for mercury and THC are based on a rolling 30-day average. If using a CEMS to determine compliance with the HCl standard, this standard is based on a rolling 30-day average. You must ensure appropriate corrections for moisture are made when measuring flow rates used to calculate mercury emissions. The 30-day period means all operating hours within 30 consecutive kiln operating days excluding periods of startup and shutdown. All emissions limits for kilns, clinker coolers, and raw material dryers currently in effect that are superseded by the limits below continue to apply until the compliance date of the limits below, or until the source certifies compliance with the limits below, whichever is earlier.

(b) Kilns, clinker coolers, raw material dryers, raw mills, and finish mills. (1) The emissions limits for these sources are shown in Table 1.

Table 1-Emissions Limits for Kilns, Clinker Coolers, Raw Material Dryers, Raw and Finish Mills





(1) If your source is a (an): Existing H	Kiln, And the operating mode is: Normal Operation, And if is located at a: Major Source,	
Your emissions limits are:	The oxygen correction factor is:	
PM[1] 0.07, lb/ton clinker	NA.	
D/F[2] 0.2, ng/ds	7%	
Mercury 55, (TEQ)	NA.	
THC[3][4] 24, Ib/MM tons clinker ppm		
	vu 170	
(2) If your source is a (an): Existing h	Kiln, And the operating mode is: Normal Operation, And if is located at a: Major Source,	
Your emissions limits are:		
HCI 3, ppmvd	7%	
(3) If your source is a (an): Existing k Source,	Kiln, And the operating mode is: Startup and shutdown, And if is located at a: Major	
Your emission limits are:		
Work practices (63.1346(g)), NA.	NA.	
<ul><li>[2] If the average temperature at the ir performance test is 400 °F or less this</li><li>[3] Measured as propane.</li></ul>	rformance tests are performed using Method 5 or 5I and consist of three test runs. hlet to the first PM control device (fabric filter or electrostatic precipitator) during the D/F s limit is changed to 0.40 ng/dscm (TEQ).	
[4] Any source subject to the 24 ppm	rd THC limit may elect to meet an alternative limit of 12 ppmvd for total organic HAP.	
(2) When there is an alkali bypass and/or an inline coal mill with a separate stack associated with a kiln, the combined PM emissions from the kiln and the alkali bypass stack and/or the inline coal mill stack are subject to the PM emissions limit. Existing kilns that combine the clinker cooler exhaust and/or alkali bypass and/or coal mill exhaust with the kiln exhaust and send the combined exhaust to the PM control device as a single stream may meet an alternative PM emissions limit. This limit is calculated using Equation 1 of this section:		
Where:		
PMalt = Alternative PM emission limit for 0.006 = The PM exhaust concentration gas are not combined. 1.65 = The conversion factor of ton fee Qk = The exhaust flow of the kiln (dscf/ Qc = The exhaust flow of the clinker co Qab = The exhaust flow of the alkali by Qcm = The exhaust flow of the coal mi 7000 = The conversion factor for grains	a (gr/dscf) equivalent to 0.070 lb per ton clinker where clinker cooler and kiln exhaust d per ton clinker. /ton feed). poler (dscf/ton feed). /pass (dscf/ton feed). Il (dscf/ton feed).	
For new kilns that combine kiln exhaus using Equation 2 of this section:	st, clinker cooler gas and/or coal mill and alkali bypass exhaust, the limit is calculated	
Where:		
PMalt = Alternative PM emission limit fr 0.002 = The PM exhaust concentration gas are not combined. 1.65 = The conversion factor of ton fee Qk = The exhaust flow of the kiln (dscf/ Qc = The exhaust flow of the clinker co Qab = The exhaust flow of the alkali by Qcm = The exhaust flow of the coal mi 7000 = The conversion factor for gr per	a (gr/dscf) equivalent to 0.020 lb per ton clinker where clinker cooler and kiln exhaust d per ton clinker. /ton feed). /poler (dscf/ton feed). /pass (dscf/ton feed). Il (dscf/ton feed).	





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(c) Open clinker storage pile. The owner or operator of an open clinker storage pile must prepare, and operate in accordance with, the fugitive dust emissions control measures, described in their operation and maintenance plan (see §63.1347 of this subpart), that is appropriate for the site conditions as specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section. The operation and maintenance plan must also describe the measures that will be used to minimize fugitive dust emissions from piles of clinker, such as accidental spillage, that are not part of open clinker storage piles.

(1) The operation and maintenance plan must identify and describe the location of each current or future open clinker storage pile and the fugitive dust emissions control measures the owner or operator will use to minimize fugitive dust emissions from each open clinker storage pile.

(2) For open clinker storage piles, the operations and maintenance plan must specify that one or more of the following control measures will be used to minimize to the greatest extent practicable fugitive dust from open clinker storage piles: Locating the source inside a partial enclosure, installing and operating a water spray or fogging system, applying appropriate chemical dust suppression agents, use of a wind barrier, compaction, use of tarpaulin or other equally effective cover or use of a vegetative cover. You must select, for inclusion in the operations and maintenance plan, the fugitive dust control measure or measures listed in this paragraph that are most appropriate for site conditions. The plan must also explain how the measure or measures selected are applicable and appropriate for site conditions. In addition, the plan must be revised as needed to reflect any changing conditions at the source.

(3) Temporary piles of clinker that result from accidental spillage or clinker storage cleaning operations must be cleaned up within 3 days.

[78 FR 10037, Feb. 12, 2013, as amended at 80 FR 44779, July 27, 2015; 83 FR 35132, July 25, 2018]

### **Throughput Restriction(s).**

# 010 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Total annual clinker production is limited to a rate of 1,076,750 tons per year.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(1)a. The permittee may be required to conduct source tests at any time or frequency as may be prescribed by the Department. At a minimum, source tests for arsenic, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, lead, mercury, nickel, zinc, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen chloride, chlorine, hydrogen cyanide, total VOCs, CO and particulates shall be conducted on a yearly basis. The annual stack testing of the aforementioned contaminants is required if TDF is burned in quantities greater than 1%, on a heat replacement basis, in any calendar quarter. If the first firing of TDF occurs in the last quarter of the calendar year, the permittee will have 120 days after the end of the last quarter to conduct the annual testing.

b. Within 180 days after the commencement of utilizing TDF in the cement kilns a stack test will be conducted that includes EPA Method 26A, or other testing method acceptable to the Department, to verify that the emission rates for hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen chloride, chlorine and hydrogen cyanide are below the estimated emissions rates submitted in the risk assessment portion of the plan approval application. The following emissions rates for these compounds for the Nos. 1 and 3 preheater cement kilns both operating at maximum capacity with TDF shall be below the identified limits.

2.296 lbs/hour
14.56 lbs/hour
0.837 lbs/hour
0.0189 lbs/hour

(2) For the stack tests specified above, the tests shall be conducted in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 as per the Departments source testing procedures described in the latest Source Testing Manual of source testing procedures approved by the Department prior to testing.

(3) At least sixty (60) days prior to the test, test procedures and sketches with dimensions indicating the location of sampling ports and other data to ensure the collection of representative samples shall be submitted to the Department for approval.





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(4) At least two (2) weeks prior to the tests, the Department shall be informed of the date and time of the tests.

(5) Within sixty (60) days for all pollutants identified in Condition (1), two (2) copies of the complete test report, including all operating conditions, shall be submitted to the Department for approval.

(6) Within sixty (60) days of receiving approval from the Department on the acceptability of the method 26A stack test results, the permittee shall re-perform the risk assessment using the emission rates for hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen chloride, chlorine and hydrogen cyanide obtained during the testing required by Condition #009(1)(b). This risk assessment will include each of the other compounds and their respective emission rates used in the original risk assessment. This re-performed risk assessment shall be submitted to the Department for approval. The emission rates for fluoride, hydrogen chloride, chlorine and hydrogen cyanide will be subject to change based upon the results of the method 26A stack testing required by Condition #009(1)(b) and the revised risk assessment.

#### # 012 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1349]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Performance testing requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 63.1349 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Continuous Emission Monitoring Requirements:

The following continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS) must be installed, approved by the Department, operated, and maintained for both kilns in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources), and the "Submittal and Approval", "Record Keeping and Reporting", and "Quality Assurance" requirements of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001.

(1) CEMS for sulfur oxides, nitrgen oxides, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxygen, stack flow, and opacity.

- (a) Source Combination to be Monitored: Cement Kilns No.1 and No.3.
- (b) Parameter to be Reported: SO2, NO2, CO, Opacity.
- (c) Units of Measurement to be Reported: lbs/hr, Btu/hr, ppm, %.
- (d) Moisture Basis of Measurement to be Reported: NA
- (e) Correction basis of Measurements to be Reported: None
- (f) Data Substitution Required: No

(g) Emission Standards: Emission Restrictions listed in Condion #002 with Averaging Period Description, Emission Standard Value.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revisions to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with the regulations.

### # 014 [25 Pa. Code §145.146.]

### Recordkeeping.

(a) The owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln shall maintain an operating log for each Portland cement kiln. The operating log must include the following on a monthly basis:

- (1) The total hours of operation.
- (2) The type and quantity of fuel used.
- (3) The quantity of clinker produced.

(b) The records maintained by the owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln must include the following:

- (1) Source tests and operating parameters established during the initial source test and subsequent testing.
- (2) The date, time and duration of any start-up, shutdown or malfunction of a Portland cement kiln or emissions





#### monitoring system.

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(3) The date and type of maintenance, repairs or replacements performed on the kilns, control devices and emission monitoring systems.

(c) The owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln shall maintain the records required under this section onsite for 5 years. The records shall be made available to the Department upon request.

Authority

The provisions of this § 145.146 issued under section 5(a)(1) of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P. S. § 4005(a)(1)).

Source

The provisions of this § 145.146 adopted June 18, 2010, effective June 19, 2010, 40 Pa.B. 3346.

# 015 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1350]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Monitoring requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 63.1350 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

# 016 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1357]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Temporary, conditioned exemption from particulate matter and opacity standards.

(a) Subject to the limitations of Paragraphs (b) through (f) of this section, an owner or operator conducting PM CEMS correlation tests (that is, correlation with manual stack methods) is exempt from:

(1) Any particulate matter and opacity standards of Part 60 or Part 63 of this chapter that are applicable to cement kilns and in-line kiln/raw mills.

(2) Any permit or other emissions or operating parameter or other limitation on workplace practices that are applicable to cement kilns and in-line kiln raw mills to ensure compliance with any particulate matter and opacity standards of this part or Part 60 of this chapter.

(b) The owner or operator must develop a PM CEMS correlation test plan. The plan must be submitted to the Administrator for approval at least 90 days before the correlation test is scheduled to be conducted. The plan must include:

(1) The number of test conditions and the number of runs for each test condition;

(2) The target particulate matter emission level for each test condition;

(3) How the operation of the affected source will be modified to attain the desired particulate matter emission rate; and

(4) The anticipated normal particulate matter emission level.

(c) The Administrator will review and approve or disapprove the correlation test plan in accordance with Section 63.7(c)(3)(i) and (iii). If the Administrator fails to approve or disapprove the correlation test plan within the time period specified in Section 63.7(c)(3)(ii), the plan shall be considered approved, unless the Administrator has requested additional information.

(d) The stack sampling team must be on-site and prepared to perform correlation testing no later than 24 hours after operations are modified to attain the desired particulate matter emissions concentrations, unless the correlation test plan documents that a longer period is appropriate.

(e) The PM and opacity standards and associated operating limits and conditions will not be waived for more than 96 hours, in the aggregate, for the purposes of conducting tests to correlate PM CEMS with manual method test results, including all runs and conditions, except as described in this paragraph. Where additional time is required to correlate a PM CEMS device, a source may petition the Administrator for an extension of the 96-hour aggregate waiver of compliance with the PM and opacity standards. An extension of the 96-hour aggregate waiver is renewable at the discretion of the Administrator.





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(f) The owner or operator must return the affected source to operating conditions indicative of compliance with the applicable particulate matter and opacity standards as soon as possible after correlation testing is completed.

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The company shall maintain records in accordance with the record keeping requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 129.95 as follows:

(1) The permittee shall maintain a file containing all records and other data that required to be collected pursuant to the various provisions of this Title V Permit. This file shall include, but not be limited to: all air pollution control systems performance evaluations and records of calibration checks, adjustments and maintenance performed on all equipment which is subject to this Title V Permit. All measurements, records, and other data required to be maintained by the permittee shall be retained for at least two (2) years following the date on which such measurements, records or other data are recorded.

(2) All CEM reports shall be submitted to the Department within thirty-(30) days after each quarter but no later than the time frame established in the Department's latest Continuous Source Monitoring Manual. The Department reserves the right to require the report submissions in floppy disks with a format acceptable to the Department.

#### # 018 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Compliance with this streamlined permit condition assures compliance with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355.

Recordkeeping Requirements:

Additional authority for this permit condition is derived from 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355 and 25 Pa. Code Sections 139.101(1)(iv), 139.101(10) and 139.101(12) and 139.103.

The permittee shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements established in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources), (and) the "Record Keeping and Reporting" requirements as established in the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, Revision No. 8, 274-0300-001 and the recordkeeping requirements established in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355.

Records shall be retained for at least five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revision to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with this permit condition.

### # 019 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The permittee shall record and maintain the following feed rates for each preheater cement kiln:

- (1) Drysolids
- (2) Bituminous Coal
- (3) Coke
- (4) Culm
- (5) TDF

This information shall be submitted to the Bethlehem District Office by March 1 of the following year.

# 020 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The company shall record process raw material used, fuel used, clinker produced and operating hours to show compliance with the Emission Limits established in this SECTION E - GROUP 03 and Condition #10.





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The actual records shall be kept on site and made available to the Department upon request. A summary of these records shall be compiled and submitted in the AIMS report by March 1 of the following year.

### # 021 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1355]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Recordkeeping requirements.

(a) The owner or operator shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by this section recorded in a form suitable and readily available for inspection and review as required by §63.10(b)(1). The files shall be retained for at least five years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent two years of data shall be retained on site. The remaining three years of data may be retained off site. The files may be maintained on microfilm, on a computer, on floppy disks, on magnetic tape, or on microfiche.

(b) The owner or operator shall maintain records for each affected source as required by §63.10(b)(2) and (b)(3) of this part; and

(1) All documentation supporting initial notifications and notifications of compliance status under §63.9;

(2) All records of applicability determination, including supporting analyses; and

(3) If the owner or operator has been granted a waiver under §63.8(f)(6), any information demonstrating whether a source is meeting the requirements for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements.

(c) In addition to the recordkeeping requirements in paragraph (b) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source equipped with a continuous monitoring system shall maintain all records required by §63.10(c).

(d) [Reserved]

(e) You must keep records of the daily clinker production rates according to the clinker production monitoring requirements in §63.1350(d).

(f) You must keep records of the date, time and duration of each startup or shutdown period for any affected source that is subject to a standard during startup or shutdown that differs from the standard applicable at other times, and the quantity of feed and fuel used during the startup or shutdown period.

(g)(1) You must keep records of the date, time and duration of each malfunction that causes an affected source to fail to meet an applicable standard; if there was also a monitoring malfunction, the date, time and duration of the monitoring malfunction; the record must list the affected source or equipment, an estimate of the volume of each regulated pollutant emitted over the standard for which the source failed to meet a standard, and a description of the method used to estimate the emissions.

(2) You must keep records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with §63.1348(d) including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation.

(h) For each exceedance from an emissions standard or established operating parameter limit, you must keep records of the date, duration and description of each exceedance and the specific actions taken for each exceedance including inspections, corrective actions and repeat performance tests and the results of those actions.

[64 FR 31925, June 14, 1999, as amended at 71 FR 76552, Dec. 20, 2006; 75 FR 55064, Sept. 9, 2010; 78 FR 10053, Feb. 12, 2013; 80 FR 44791, July 27, 2015; 81 FR 48362, July 25, 2016; 83 FR 35135, July 25, 2018]

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

# 022 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Compliance with this streamlined permit condition assures compliance with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355.





### Recordkeeping Requirements:

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Additional authority for this permit condition is derived from 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355 and 25 Pa. Code Sections 139.101(1)(iv), 139.101(10) and 139.101(12) and 139.103.

The permittee shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements established in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources), (and) the "Record Keeping and Reporting" requirements as established in the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, Revision No. 8, 274-0300-001 and the recordkeeping requirements established in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355.

Records shall be retained for at least five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revision to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with this permit condition.

#### # 023 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The company, within one (1) hour of occurrence, shall notify the Department, at (610) 861-2070, of any malfunction, recordkeeping and reporting errors, or other possible non-compliance issues, which result in, or may possibly be resulting in, the emission of air contaminants in excess of the limitations specified in, or established pursuant to, any applicable rule or regulations contained in Article III of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection.

(b) A written report shall be submitted to the Department within five (5) working days following the incident describing the malfunction, recordkeeping and reporting error or other non-compliance issue and the corrective actions being taken. The Department may take enforcement action for any violations of the applicable standards.

### # 024 [25 Pa. Code §145.145.]

#### Compliance demonstration and reporting requirements.

(a) By October 31, 2011, and each year thereafter, the owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln subject to § 145.143(b)(2) (relating to standard requirements) shall submit a written report to the Department, in a format approved by the Department, which includes the following:

(1) The difference between the actual NOx emissions from the kiln during the interval from May 1 through September 30 and the allowable emissions for that period.

(2) The calculations used to determine the difference in emissions, including the CEMS data and clinker production data used to show compliance with the allowable emission limits in § 145.143(b)(2). The clinker production data must consist of the quantity of clinker, in tons, produced per day for each kiln.

(b) The owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln shall demonstrate compliance with the standard requirements in § 145.143(b)(2) on one of the following:

- (1) A kiln-by-kiln basis.
- (2) A facility-wide basis.
- (3) A system-wide basis.

#### Authority

The provisions of this § 145.145 issued under section 5(a)(1) of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P. S. § 4005(a)(1)).

Source

The provisions of this § 145.145 adopted June 18, 2010, effective June 19, 2010, 40 Pa.B. 3346.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 025 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Work Practice Standards:





(a) Continuous emission monitoring shall meet the following minimum data availability requirements:

(1) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Section 139.101(12), required monitoring shall, at a minimum, meet one of the following data availability requirements unless otherwise stipulated in this permit, a plan approval, Title 25 or an order issued under Section 4 of the Air Pollution Control Act:

(i) In each calendar month, at least 90% of the time periods for which [an emission standard or an operational parameter] applies, shall be valid as set forth in the Quality Assurance section of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001.

or,

(ii) In each calendar quarter, at least 95% of the hours shall be valid as set forth in the Quality Assurance section of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revisions to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with the regulations.

(2) As required under 25 Pa. Code Section 139.103(2) opacity monitoring systems shall meet at least one of the following data availability requirements, unless otherwise stipulated in this permit, a plan approval, Title 25 or an order issued under Section 4 of the Air Pollution Control Act:

(i) At least 90% of the hours in each calendar month shall be valid hours as set forth in the Quality Assurance section of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001. or,

(ii) At least 95% of the hours in each calendar quarter shall be valid hours as set forth in the Quality Assurance section of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revisions to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with the regulations.

## # 026 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Under no circumstances shall TDF be utilized on a kiln system experiencing operations other than a normal operating condition (i.e. start-up or malfunction).

## # 027 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

Within 30 days of the submittal of each annual compliance test report, the permittee shall compare the average emissions rates (lb/hr) of the compliance test for arsenic, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, lead, mercury, nickel, zinc, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen chloride, chlorine, and hydrogen cyanide with their respective limits listed in this SECTION E - GROUP 03 for Source ID 102 and Source ID 122.

If the average emission rate (lb/hr) measured during the compliance test for a particular chemical or chemical compound exceeds its respective emission limit, the permittee shall revise the risk assessment to reflect the measured emission rate of that particular chemical or chemical compound. This revised risk assessment shall be submitted, for Department approval, within 60 days of the submittal of the annual compliance test report for that year. When performing the revised risk assessment, the permittee should use the most recent five (5) year rolling average emission rates for each chemical tested along with the emissions rates for all other chemicals that are part of the original risk assessment.

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

# 028 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1344]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Affirmative defense for exceedance of emission limit during malfunction.

(a) The owner or operator of a kiln subject to a D/F emission limitation under Section 63.1343 must operate the kiln such that the temperature of the gas at the inlet to the kiln particulate matter control device (PMCD) and alkali bypass PMCD, if applicable, does not exceed the applicable temperature limit specified in Paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) The temperature limit for affected sources meeting the limits of Paragraph (a) of this section or Paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this section is determined in accordance with Section 63.1349(b)(3)(iv)[SEE SECTION C].





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(c) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to a D/F emission limitation under Section 63.1343 that employs carbon injection as an emission control technique must operate the carbon injection system in accordance with Paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section.

(1) The three-hour rolling average activated carbon injection rate shall be equal to or greater than the activated carbon injection rate determined in accordance with Section 63.1349(b)(3)(vi)[SEE SECTION C].

(2) The owner or operator shall either:

(i) Maintain the minimum activated carbon injection carrier gas flow rate, as a three-hour rolling average, based on the manufacturer's specifications. These specifications must be documented in the test plan developed in accordance with Section 63.7(c), or

(ii) Maintain the minimum activated carbon injection carrier gas pressure drop, as a three-hour rolling average, based on the manufacturer's specifications. These specifications must be documented in the test plan developed in accordance with Section 63.7(c).

(d) Except as provided in Paragraph (e) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to a D/F emission limitation under Section 63.1343 that employs carbon injection as an emission control technique must specify and use the brand and type of activated carbon used during the performance test until a subsequent performance test is conducted, unless the site-specific performance test plan contains documentation of key parameters that affect adsorption and the owner or operator establishes limits based on those parameters, and the limits on these parameters are maintained.

(e) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to a D/F emission limitation under Section 63.1343 that employs carbon injection as an emission control technique may substitute, at any time, a different brand or type of activated carbon provided that the replacement has equivalent or improved properties compared to the activated carbon specified in the site-specific performance test plan and used in the performance test. The owner or operator must maintain documentation that the substitute activated carbon will provide the same or better level of control as the original activated carbon.



Group Name: GROUP 04

48-00005

Group Description: NO. 1 and NO. 3 CLINKER COOLERS

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
113	NO. 1 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM
125	NO. 3 CLINKER COOLER SYSTEM

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

No. 1 clinker cooler rated capacity limit is 62.0 tons per hour of clinker and No. 3 clinker cooler rated capacity limit is 98.0 tons per hour of clinker.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The following allowable emission limits are established for the operation of the No. 3 Clinker Cooler, including the No. 1 Clinker Cooler:

(1) Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 11.43 lbs/hour.

(2) Visible air contaminants shall not be emitted in such a manner that the opacity of the emissions is equal to or greater than 10% based on a 6-minute rolling average.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The operation of the sources contained in GROUP 04 shall not at any time result in the emission of fugitive air contaminants in excess of the limitations specified in SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS - Condition #001.

### # 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1343]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### What standards apply to my kilns, clinker coolers, raw material dryers, and open clinker piles?

(a) General. The provisions in this section apply to each kiln and any alkali bypass associated with that kiln, clinker cooler, raw material dryer, and open clinker storage pile. All D/F, HCl, and total hydrocarbon (THC) emissions limit are on a dry basis. The D/F, HCl, and THC limits for kilns are corrected to 7 percent oxygen. All THC emissions limits are measured as propane. Standards for mercury and THC are based on a rolling 30-day average. If using a CEMS to determine compliance with the HCl standard, this standard is based on a rolling 30-day average. You must ensure appropriate corrections for moisture are made when measuring flow rates used to calculate mercury emissions. The 30-day period means all operating hours within 30 consecutive kiln operating days excluding periods of startup and shutdown. All emissions limits for kilns, clinker coolers, and raw material dryers currently in effect that are superseded by the limits below continue to apply until the compliance date of the limits below, or until the source certifies compliance with the limits below, whichever is earlier.

(b) Kilns, clinker coolers, raw material dryers, raw mills, and finish mills. (1) The emissions limits for these sources are shown in Table 1.

[From Table 1]

(7) If your source is a (an): Clinker Cooler, And the operating mode is: Normal Operation, And if is located at a: Major Source,

Your emission limits are:	The oxygen correction factor is:
PM 0.07, lb/ton clinker	NA.





(8) If your source is a (an): Clinker Cooler, And the operating mode is: Startup and shutdown, And if is located at a: Major Source,

Your emission limits are: Work practices (63.1348(b)(9)), NA

NA.

### # 005 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1345]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Emissions limits for affected sources other than kilns; in-line kiln/raw mills; clinker coolers; new and reconstructed raw

(a) No owner or operator of a new or existing clinker cooler at a facility which is a major source subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the clinker cooler any gases which:

The owner or operator of each new or existing raw material, clinker, or finished product storage bin; conveying system transfer point; bagging system; bulk loading or unloading system; raw and finish mills; and each existing raw material dryer, at a facility which is a major source subject to the provisions of this subpart must not cause to be discharged any gases from these affected sources which exhibit opacity in excess of 10 percent.

#### [78 FR 10039, Feb. 12, 2013]

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 006 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1349]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### Performance testing requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable performance testing requirements of 40 CFR 63.1349 - SEE SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Continuous monitoring requirements are as follows:

#### (a) Continuous Emission Monitoring Requirements

The following continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS) must be installed, approved by the Department, operated and maintained in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources), and the "Submittal and Approval", "Record Keeping and Reporting", and "Quality Assurance" requirements of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001.

(1) CEMS for PM to monitor opacity.

(a) Source Combination to be Monitored: Source ID No. 113 & 125 Clinker cooler system.

- (b) Parameter to be Reported: PM for Opacity.
- (c) Units of Measurement to be Reported: ppm, %.
- (d) Moisture Basis of Measurement to be Reported: NA
- (e) Correction basis of Measurements to be Reported: None
- (f) Data Substitution Required: No
- (g) Emission Standards: Emission Restrictions listed in Condion #002 with Averaging Period

Description, Emission Standard Value.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revisions to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute





compliance with the regulations.

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# 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1350] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Monitoring requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 63.1350 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 009 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Compliance with this streamlined permit condition assures compliance with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355.

Recordkeeping Requirements:

Additional authority for this permit condition is derived from 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355 and 25 Pa. Code Sections 139.101(1)(iv), 139.101(10) and 139.101(12) and 139.103.

The permittee shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements established in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources), (and) the "Record Keeping and Reporting" requirements as established in the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, Revision No. 8, 274-0300-001 and the recordkeeping requirements established in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1355.

Records shall be retained for at least 5 years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revision to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with this permit condition.

# 010 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1355] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### Recordkeeping requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Recordkeeping Requirements of 40 CFR 63.1355 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.511] Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Reporting Requirements:

Additional authority for this permit condition is derived from 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1354 and 25 Pa. Code Sections 139.101(1)(iv), 139.101(10) and 139.101(12) and 139.103.

The permittee shall submit quarterly reports of continuous emission monitoring to the Department in accordance with the requirements established in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources), (and) the "Record Keeping and Reporting" requirements as established in the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, Revision No. 8, 274-0300-001 and the reporting requirements established in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1354.

The permittee shall report emissions for all periods of unit operation, including startup, shutdown and malfunction.





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Initial quarterly reports following system certification shall be submitted to the Department within 35 days following the date upon which the Department notifies the owner or operator, in writing, of the approval of the continuous source monitoring system for use in determining compliance with applicable emission standards.

Subsequent quarterly reports shall be submitted to the Department within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter.

Failure to submit required reports of continuous emission monitoring within the time periods specified in this Condition, shall constitute violations of this Permit, unless approved in advance by the Department in writing.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revision to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with this permit condition.

Compliance with this streamlined permit condition assures compliance with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart LLL 63.1354.

# 012 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1353]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Notification requirements.

(a) The notification provisions of 40 CFR part 63, Subpart A that apply and those that do not apply to owners and operators of affected sources subject to this subpart are listed in Table 1 of this subpart. If any State requires a notice that contains all of the information required in a notification listed in this section, the owner or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the notice sent to the State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that notification.

(b) Each owner or operator subject to the requirements of this subpart shall comply with the notification requirements in §63.9 as follows:

(1) Initial notifications as required by §63.9(b) through (d). For the purposes of this subpart, a Title V or 40 CFR part 70 permit application may be used in lieu of the initial notification required under §63.9(b), provided the same information is contained in the permit application as required by §63.9(b), and the State to which the permit application has been submitted has an approved operating permit program under part 70 of this chapter and has received delegation of authority from the EPA. Permit applications shall be submitted by the same due dates as those specified for the initial notification.

(2) Notification of performance tests, as required by  $\S$  63.7 and 63.9(e).

(3) Notification of opacity and visible emission observations required by §63.1349 in accordance with §§63.6(h)(5) and 63.9(f).

(4) Notification, as required by §63.9(g), of the date that the continuous emission monitor performance evaluation required by §63.8(e) is scheduled to begin.

(5) Notification of compliance status, as required by §63.9(h).

(6) Within 48 hours of an exceedance that triggers retesting to establish compliance and new operating limits, notify the appropriate permitting agency of the planned performance tests. The notification requirements of §§63.7(b) and 63.9(e) do not apply to retesting required for exceedances under this subpart.

[64 FR 31925, June 14, 1999, as amended at 78 FR 10053, Feb. 12, 2013]

# 013 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1354]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Reporting requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Reporting Requirements of 40 CFR 63.1354 See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 014 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The permittee shall perform a weekly preventative maintenance inspection of the control devices.

(b) The permittee shall maintain a manometer or similar device to measure the pressure drop across the control device.





(c) The permittee shall operate the control devices at all times these sources are in operation.

(d) The permittee shall maintain and operate these sources and control devices in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

#### # 015 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

#### Work Practice Standards

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(a) Continuous emission monitoring shall meet the following minimum data availability requirements:

(1) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Section 139.101(12), required monitoring shall, at a minimum, meet one of the following data availability requirements unless otherwise stipulated in this permit, a plan approval, Title 25 or an order issued under Section 4 of the Air Pollution Control Act:

(i) In each calendar month, at least 90% of the time periods for which [an emission standard or an operational parameter] applies, shall be valid as set forth in the Quality Assurance section of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001.

or,

(ii) In each calendar quarter, at least 95% of the hours shall be valid as set forth in the Quality Assurance section of Revision No. 8 of the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, 274-0300-001.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revisions to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with the regulations.

## # 016 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The company shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare fabric collector bags for the fabric collectors associated with the sources contained in GROUP 04 in order to be able to immediately replace or isolate any bags requiring replacement due to deterioration resulting from routine operation of the sources and fabric collectors.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

### # 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Quality Assurance Requirements:

Continuous Emission Monitoring Systems and components must be operated and maintained in accordance with the requirements established in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources) and the "Quality Assurance" requirements in the Department's Continuous Source Monitoring Manual, Revision No. 8, 274-0300-001.

Compliance with any subsequently issued revision to the Continuous Source Monitoring Manual will constitute compliance with this permit condition.

# 018 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1356]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Sources with multiple emission limits or monitoring requirements.

If you have an affected source subject to this subpart with a different emissions limit or requirement for the same pollutant under another regulation in title 40 of this chapter, once you are in compliance with the most stringent emissions limit or requirement, you are not subject to the less stringent requirement. Until you are in compliance with the more stringent limit, the less stringent limit continues to apply.

[80 FR 44791, July 27, 2015]









### Group Name: GROUP 05

48-00005

Group Description: FINISH MILL SYSTEMS NESHAP REQUIREMENTS

### Sources included in this group

ID	Name
103	NO. 1 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
104	NO. 5 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
123	NO. 2 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
124	NO. 3 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
127	NO. 6 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
128	NO. 7 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
129	NO. 4 FINISH MILL SYSTEM

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

#### Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from any process listed in GROUP 05 in such a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds the following:

(1) .04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

(ii) The rate determined by the formula:

A = 6000/E

where:

A = Allowable emissions in grains per dry standard cubic foot, and

E = Effluent gas volume in dry standard cubic feet per minute, when E is equal to or greater than 150,000 but less than 300,000.

(iii) .02 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is greater than 300,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

(2) Allowable emissions. Allowable emissions under this subsection are graphically indicated in Appendix C.

#### # 002 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1343]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### What standards apply to my kilns, clinker coolers, raw material dryers, and open clinker piles?

(a) General. The provisions in this section apply to each kiln and any alkali bypass associated with that kiln, clinker cooler, raw material dryer, and open clinker storage pile. All D/F, HCl, and total hydrocarbon (THC) emissions limit are on a dry basis. The D/F, HCl, and THC limits for kilns are corrected to 7 percent oxygen. All THC emissions limits are measured as propane. Standards for mercury and THC are based on a rolling 30-day average. If using a CEMS to determine compliance with the HCl standard, this standard is based on a rolling 30-day average. You must ensure appropriate corrections for moisture are made when measuring flow rates used to calculate mercury emissions. The 30-day period means all operating hours within 30 consecutive kiln operating days excluding periods of startup and shutdown. All emissions limits for kilns, clinker coolers, and raw material dryers currently in effect that are superseded by the limits below continue to apply until the compliance date of the limits below, or until the source certifies compliance with the limits below, whichever is earlier.

(b) Kilns, clinker coolers, raw material dryers, raw mills, and finish mills. (1) The emissions limits for these sources are shown in Table 1.

[From Table 1]

(13) If your source is a (an): Existing or new Raw or Finish Mill, And the operating mode is: All Operating Modes, And if is located at a: Major Source,





Your emission limits are: Opacity 10 percent The oxygen correction factor is: NA.

### # 003 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1347]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Operation and maintenance plan requirements.

(a) You must prepare, for each affected source subject to the provisions of this subpart, a written operations and maintenance plan. The plan must be submitted to the Administrator for review and approval as part of the application for a part 70 permit and must include the following information:

(1) Procedures for proper operation and maintenance of the affected source and air pollution control devices in order to meet the emissions limits and operating limits, including fugitive dust control measures for open clinker piles, of §§63.1343 through 63.1348. Your operations and maintenance plan must address periods of startup and shutdown;

(2) Corrective actions to be taken when required by paragraph (3.1350(f)(3));

(3) Procedures to be used during an inspection of the components of the combustion system of each kiln and each in-line kiln raw mill located at the facility at least once per year.

(b) Failure to comply with any provision of the operations and maintenance plan developed in accordance with this section is a violation of the standard.

[75 FR 55054, Sept. 9, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 10040, Feb. 12, 2013]

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

# 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1349] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### Performance testing requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable performance testing requirements of 40 CFR 63.1349 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1350] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### Monitoring requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Monitoring Requirements of 40 CFR 63.1350 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The pressure differential across the baghouses shall be recorded on a weekly basis while the plant is operating. The permittee shall retain these records for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

# 007 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1355] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry Recordkeeping requirements.





The permittee shall comply with the applicable Recordkeeping Requirements of 40 CFR 63.1355 See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

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### # 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1353]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Notification requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Notification Requirements of 40 CFR 63.1353 See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 009 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1354]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

#### Reporting requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting requirements of 40 CFR 63.1354 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

### # 010 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The fabric collectors (baghouses) associated with each source contained in GROUP 05 must be equipped with a device for monitoring the pressure differential across the collectors.

(b) The company shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare fabric collector bags for the fabric collectors associated with the sources contained in GROUP 05 in order to be able to immediately replace any bags requiring replacement due to deterioration resulting from routine operation of the sources and fabric collectors.

### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) Dust collected in the baghouse filters shall be discharged into closed containers only.

(b) The permittee shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare baghouse bags/filters for the baghouse associated with this source in order to be able to immediately replace any bags/filters requiring replacement due to deterioration resulting from routine operation of the source and baghouse.

(c) The permittee shall maintain and operate the air pollution control equipment and sources in accordance with good engineering practice.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





Group Name: GROUP 06

48-00005

Group Description: OTHER NESHAP AFFECTED SOURCES

Sources included in this group

	Nemo
105	Name PACKING MACHINE NO. 1
	SILO 2 STOCKHOUSE FILLING
	SOUTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR
_	NORTH FINISH PROPORTIONING ELEVATOR
	BLENDING BINS AND SILOS SYSTEM
	RAIL LOADOUT
	#1 PREHEATER RAW FEED AIRSLIDES
118	EAST RAW FEED SILO
119	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING
120	SILO 4 STOCKHOUSE FILLING
121	SILO 3 STOCKHOUSE FILLING
126	WEST RAW FEED SILO
130	PACKING MACHINE 2
131	PACKING MACHINE 3
132	PACKING MACHINE 4
133	PACKING MACHINE 5
136	QUAD BIN TOP; FED BY #3 & #4 SILOS & RAIL
137	SILO 2 QUAD BIN TRUCK LD
139	SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT A
140	SILO 1 TRUCK LOADOUT B
141	SILO 1 STOCKHOUSE FILLING
	HORIZONTAL CLINKER BELT
143	SOUTH FINISH DRAG CONVEYOR
146	MAGALDI CLINKER CONVEYOR BOTTOM
147	MAGALDI TOP
	SILO 1 LOADOUT SOUTH
	HEGA/FRINGE BIN
	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #1 SYSTEM
	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #2 SYSTEM
	SOLID FOSSIL FUEL MILL #3 SYSTEM
	NORTH FINISH PROPORTIONING TUNNEL
	NO. 4 MILL PROPORTIONING TUNNEL
	SOUTH CLINKER PROPORTIONING TUNNEL
162	PACKHOUSE FEED SYSTEM

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from any process listed in GROUP 06 in such a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds the following:

(1) .04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per





minute.

(ii) The rate determined by the formula:

A = 6000/E

where:

A = Allowable emissions in grains per dry standard cubic foot, and

E = Effluent gas volume in dry standard cubic feet per minute, when E is equal to or greater than 150,000 but less than 300,000.

(iii) .02 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is greater than 300,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

(2) Allowable emissions. Allowable emissions under this subsection are graphically indicated in Appendix C.

### # 002 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1348]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Compliance requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Compliance requirements of 40 CFR 63.1348 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 003 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1349] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Performance testing requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable performance testing requirements of 40 CFR 63.1349 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1350] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Monitoring requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 63.1350 (See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1355] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

Recordkeeping requirements.

The permittee shall comply with the applicable recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 63.1355 - SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

# 006 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1353] Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry Notification requirements.





The permittee shall comply with the applicable Notification requirements of 40 CFR 63.1353 - See SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 007 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1354]

Subpart LLL -- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry

### Reporting requirements.

48-00005

The permittee shall comply with the applicable Reporting requirements of 40 CFR 63.1354- SECTION C - SITE LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The fabric collectors associated with each source contained in GROUP 06 must be equipped with a device for monitoring the pressure differential across the collectors.

(b) The company shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare fabric collector bags for the fabric collectors associated with the sources contained in GROUP 06 in order to be able to immediately replace any bags requiring replacement due to deterioration resulting from routine operation of the sources and fabric collectors.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).



Group Name: GROUP 07

Group Description: NO. 1 and NO. 2 RAW FEED SILOS

Sources included in this group

48-00005

ID	Name
118	EAST RAW FEED SILO
126	WEST RAW FEED SILO

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Throughput Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

This Title V Operating Permit includes the following increases:

(a) An increase in the rated capacity of each raw feed silo from 190 TPH of kiln raw feed to 275 TPH of kiln raw feed.

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).



#### Group Name: GROUP 08

Group Description: FINISH MILLS W/FURNANCES OPERATING

Sources included in this group

IE	)	Name
10	3	NO. 1 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
12	3	NO. 2 FINISH MILL SYSTEM
12	4	NO. 3 FINISH MILL SYSTEM

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001	[25 Pa. Code	§123.21]
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#### General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from any source in GROUP 08 in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.512] Operating permit terms and conditions.

NOx RACT for the three furnaces shall be installation, maintenance and operation of the sources according to manufacturer's specifications in accordance with presumptive RACT emissions limitations as found in 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 129.93(c)(1).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





Group Name: GROUP 09

48-00005

Group Description: RACT II

Sources included in this group

ID Name

10	Humo			
102	NO. 1 CEMENT KILN SYSTEM/SNCR			

122 NO. 3 PREHEATER PRECALCINER & CEMENT KILN SYSTEM/SNCR

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.97]

### Presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule.

On April 23, 2016, PADEP finalized rulemaking amending 25 Pa. Code Chapter 129 regulation for control of major sources of NOx and VOC (referred to as "RACT II"). As an existing major source of NOX and VOC, the Stockertown Plant is subject to the new RACT II regulation which allows facilities to comply with the rule by either meeting a presumptive RACT limit, developing a facility or system-wide averaging plan, or submitting a case-by case RACT proposal. Hercules is proposing to demonstrate compliance with RACT II for the subject emission units at the Stockertown Plant as follows:

The kiln systems, Source ID 102, is subject to an emission limit of 3.44 lb. NOX/ ton clinker produced per 25 Pa. Code 129.97(h)(2) and Source ID 122 is subject to an emission limit of 2.36 lb. NOX/ ton clinker produced per 25 Pa. Code 129.97(h)(3). Compliance will be demonstrated in accordance with 25 Pa. Code 129.100(a)(2) through monitoring of clinker production rates in accordance with 40 CFR 63.1350(d) and NOX CEMS data on a 30-day rolling basis in accordance with 25 Pa. Code 129.100(a)(1). Hercules maintains a daily operating log for the kiln systems as required under 25 Pa. Code 129.100(h).

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §129.100]

### Compliance demonstration and recordkeeping requirements.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the owner and operator of an air contamination source subject to a NOx requirement or RACT emission limitation or VOC requirement or RACT emission limitation, or both, listed in § 129.97 (relating to presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule) shall demonstrate compliance with the applicable RACT requirement or RACT emission limitation by performing the following monitoring or testing procedures:

(1) For an air contamination source with a CEMS, monitoring and testing in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 139, Subchapter C (relating to requirements for source monitoring for stationary sources) using a 30-day rolling average, except municipal waste combustors.

(i) A 30-day rolling average emission rate for an air contamination source that is a combustion unit shall be expressed in pounds per million Btu and calculated in accordance with the following procedure:

(A) Sum the total pounds of pollutant emitted from the combustion unit for the current operating day and the previous 29 operating days.

(B) Sum the total heat input to the combustion unit in million Btu for the current operating day and the previous 29 operating days.

(C) Divide the total number of pounds of pollutant emitted by the combustion unit for the 30 operating days by the total heat input to the combustion unit for the 30 operating days.

(ii) A 30-day rolling average emission rate for each applicable RACT emission limitation shall be calculated for an affected air contamination source for each consecutive operating day.





(iii) Each 30-day rolling average emission rate for an affected air contamination source must include the emissions that occur during the entire operating day, including emissions from start-ups, shutdowns and malfunctions.

(2) For a Portland cement kiln with a CEMS, monitoring of clinker production rates in accordance with 40 CFR 63.1350(d) (relating to monitoring requirements).

(3) NA.

(4) For an air contamination source without a CEMS, monitoring and testing in accordance with a Department-approved emissions source test that meets the requirements of Chapter 139, Subchapter A (relating to sampling and testing methods and procedures). The source test shall be conducted one time in each 5-year calendar period.

(b) Except as provided in § 129.97(k) and § 129.99(i) (relating to alternative RACT proposal and petition for alternative compliance schedule), the owner and operator of an air contamination source subject to subsection (a) shall demonstrate compliance with the applicable RACT requirement or RACT emission limitation in accordance with the procedures in subsection (a) not later than:

(1) January 1, 2017, for a source subject to § 129.96(a) (relating to applicability).

(2) January 1, 2017, or 1 year after the date that the source meets the definition of a major NOx emitting facility or major VOC emitting facility, whichever is later, for a source subject to § 129.96(b).

(c) NA.

(d) The owner and operator of an air contamination source subject to this section and §§ 129.96—129.99 shall keep records to demonstrate compliance with §§ 129.96—129.99 in the following manner:

(1) The records must include sufficient data and calculations to demonstrate that the requirements of § § 129.96—129.99 are met.

(2) Data or information required to determine compliance shall be recorded and maintained in a time frame consistent with the averaging period of the requirement.

(e) Beginning with the compliance date specified in § 129.97(a), the owner or operator of an air contamination source claiming that the air contamination source is exempt from the applicable NOx emission rate threshold specified in § 129.99(b) and the requirements of § 129.97 based on the air contamination source's potential to emit shall maintain records that demonstrate to the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency that the air contamination source is not subject to the specified emission rate threshold.

(f) Beginning with the compliance date specified in § 129.97(a), the owner or operator of an air contamination source claiming that the air contamination source is exempt from the applicable VOC emission rate threshold specified in § 129.99(c) and the requirements of § 129.97 based on the air contamination source's potential to emit shall maintain records that demonstrate to the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency that the air contamination source is not subject to the specified emission rate threshold.

(g) The owner or operator of a combustion unit subject to § 129.97(b) shall record each adjustment conducted under the procedures in § 129.97(b). This record must contain, at a minimum:

- (1) The date of the tuning procedure.
- (2) The name of the service company and the technician performing the procedure.
- (3) The final operating rate or load.
- (4) The final NOx and CO emission rates.
- (5) The final excess oxygen rate.
- (6) Other information required by the applicable operating permit.

(h) The owner or operator of a Portland cement kiln subject to § 129.97(h) shall maintain a daily operating log for each Portland cement kiln. The record for each kiln must include:

- (1) The total hours of operation.
- (2) The type and quantity of fuel used.
- (3) The quantity of clinker produced.

(4) The date, time and duration of a start-up, shutdown or malfunction of a Portland cement kiln or emissions monitoring system.

(i) The records shall be retained by the owner or operator for 5 years and made available to the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency upon receipt of a written request from the Department or appropriate approved





local air pollution control agency.

Authority

The provisions of this § 129.100 issued under section 5(a)(1) and (8) of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4005(a)(1) and (8)).

Source

The provisions of this § 129.100 adopted April 22, 2016, effective April 23, 2016, 46 Pa.B. 2036.

**Cross References** 

The section cited in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1 (relating to definitions); 25 Pa. Code § 129.96 (relating to applicability); 25 Pa. Code § 129.97 (relating to presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule); 25 Pa. Code § 129.98 (relating to facility-wide or system-wide NOx emissions averaging plan general requirements); and 25 Pa. Code § 129.99 (relating to alternative RACT proposal and petition for alternative compliance schedule).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





# SECTION F. Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this Title V facility.





## SECTION G. Emission Restriction Summary.

Source Id	Source Description				
102	NO. 1 CEMENT KILN SYSTEM/SNCR				
<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant		
492.000	Lbs/Hr	30 day rolling average	NOX		
122	NO. 3 PREHE				
<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant		
492.000	Lbs/Hr	30 day rolling average	NOX		

### **Site Emission Restriction Summary**

**Emission Limit** 

Pollutant





## SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

48-00005

(a) The Department received the operating permit application for this facility on 12/22/2011.

(b) This permit is a renewal of Operating Permit No. TV 48-00005 and incorporates conditions from Plan Approval No.48-309-123 issued 09/20/2004, Plan Approval No.48-309-129 issued 07/27/2010, Plan Approval No.48-309-130 issued 07/28/2008, Plan Approval No.48-309-136 issued 10/31/2012, Plan Approval No.48-00005B issued 08/31/2017 and minor operating permit application received 01/16/2018.

(c) This is a Titile V Operating Permit facility.

(d) The following is a list of sources that have been determined by the Department to be of minor significance under 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 127, Section 127.14(a)(8) and are not regulated in this TV Operating Permit. However, this determination does not exempt the sources from compliance with all applicable air quality regulations specified in 25 Pa. Code Chapters 121-143:

The following RFD's have been approved at this facility:

48 - 0501, 48 - 0516, 48 - 0538, 48 - 0655, 48 - 0663, 48 - 0698, 48 - 0711, 48 - 0717, 48 - 0739, 48 - 0746, 48 - 0792, 48 - 0862, 48 - 0872.

(e) The following sources have no applicable emission limitations, monitoring, testing, record keeping, reporting, work practice standards, or other requirements other than any applicable standards listed under Section C:

- 1. "C" Clink. Stacking Tower
- 2. Calcium Hydroxide (SO2 Reduction) System
- 3. Dome Stone Storage
- 4. Materials Stock Piles
- 5. Inplant Roads

(f) The following are considered insignificant sources at the Hercules Cement Plant:

#1 Kiln Hood
#3 Kiln Hood
Metal Diversion Gate (Raw Mill)
Kiln 1 Transition Piece Spillage
Kiln 3 Transition Piece Spillage
Grinding Aid Tank
Fuel Oil Tanks
Kerosene Tanks
Unleaded Gasoline Tanks
Degreasers (2)
Solid Fuel Feed Pumps
Kiln Feed Seal Eductor Bypass to Grade
K3 Tertiary Air Tuct Clean Out Double Gates to Grade.

(1) Emergency Generator - shall comply with applicable requirements of 40 CFR Subpart ZZZZ.

The following restrictions apply to the maintenance shop generators:

(1) Change oil and filter every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first.

(2) Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.

(3) Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.

(4) The Generators shall be equipped with a non-resettable meter for hours of operation prior to startup and the meter shall be operated at all times the source is in operation.

(5) The permittee shall keep records of the number of hours that the generators operate on a monthly basis to assure compliance with emission imitations and hours restriction.

(6) PM emissions shall not exceed 0.04 gr/dscf.

This Title V Permit includes RACT II requirements.





\*\*\*\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*\*\*\*